NATIONAL ENERGY TECHNOLOGY LABORATORY





Industrial CO₂ Storage in Mt. Simon Sandstone Saline Reservoir - A Large-Scale Demonstration Project in Illinois

Sai Gollakota and Scott McDonald*

National Energy Technology Laboratory
*Archer Daniels Midland Company

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Outline

- DOE-FE ICCS Program, Area 1 Large-scale projects
 - ADM, Decatur, Illinois (Saline storage) [Illinois ICCS project]
 - Air Products and Chemicals, Port Arthur, Texas (EOR)
 - Leucadia, Lake Charles, Louisiana (EOR)
- Two DOE-Sponsored CCS Projects in Decatur, Illinois
 - Illinois ICCS Project (lead ADM) under construction←
 - Illinois Basin Decatur Project (lead ISGS) operating
- Illinois ICCS Project
 - Objectives & team members
 - Schedule & flow diagram
 - Monitoring of stored CO₂
 - Community outreach-National Sequestration Education Center
 - Expected benefits

Industrial CCS Program Objectives and Targets

Large-scale CCS from Industrial Sources (Area 1)
American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009

Objectives

- Demonstrate advanced CCS technologies
- Integration with Monitoring, Verification & Accounting (MVA)
- Scope: FEED, Detailed Design, Construction, and Demonstration of Storage Operations

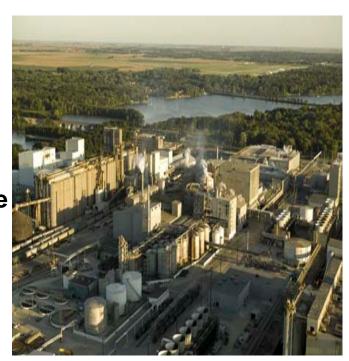
Target

- Industrial sources
 - Produce heat/fuels/chemicals/hydrogen
- One million tons/yr of CO₂ from each plant for CCS

Archer Daniels Midland Company ICCS Area 1

CO₂ Capture from Biofuels Plant

- Decatur, Illinois
- CO₂ is a by-product in the production of fuel grade ethanol via anaerobic fermentation
- Up to 90% CO₂ capture dehydration (via tri-ethylene glycol) and compression (1,000,000 tons CO₂/year)
- CO₂ storage in Mt. Simon Sandstone saline reservoir (Start: July 2013)
- Total Project: \$208 Million
 DOE Share: \$141 Million
- Status
 - Under construction



Air Products and Chemicals, Inc. ICCS Area 1 Steam Methane Reforming with CO₂ Capture

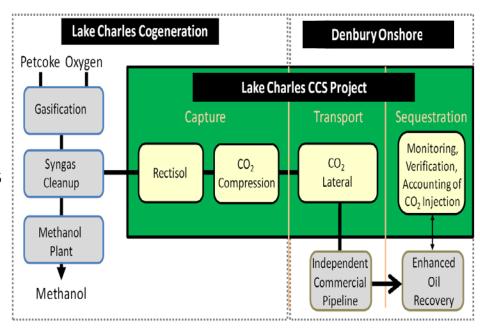
- Port Arthur, Texas (Hydrogen plant located in Valero Refinery)
- 90% CO₂ capture (Vacuum Swing Adsorption) from 2 steam-methane reformers (SMRs) yielding >1,000,000 tons CO₂/year
- Installation of ~28 MWe cogeneration unit to supply ~110,000 lb/hr makeup steam to SMRs and operate VSA and Compression Equipment
- EOR in West Hastings oil field (Start: 2012)
- Total Project: \$431 Million
 DOE Share: \$284 Million
- Status:
 - Under construction



Leucadia Energy, LLC ICCS Area 1

Lake Charles CCS Project

- Lake Charles, Louisiana
- GE Energy Gasification (5 gasifiers: 4 hot / 1 spare)
- 730 Million gallons / year methanol
- 90% CO₂ capture (Rectisol[®] process) 4,000,000 tons CO₂/year
- EOR in Texas at the West Hastings oil field
- Total Project: \$436 Million
 DOE Share: \$261 Million
- Status
 - FEED in progress
 - NEPA in progress

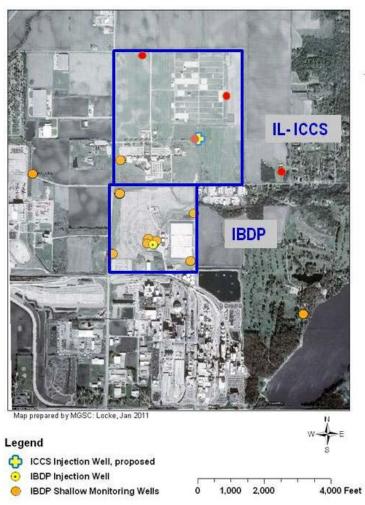


Two DOE-Sponsored CCS Projects in Decatur, Illinois

First CCS Project

Illinois Basin-Decatur Project (IBDP) led by Illinois State Geological Survey

- Under Midwest Geological
 Sequestration Consortium (MGSC)
 - Cost share from DOE Regional Carbon Sequestration Partnerships
- ADM ethanol plant, Decatur, IL
- 1,000 metric TPD CO₂ capacity
- 1 million metric tons CO₂ in three years
- CO₂ injection into the Mt. Simon Sandstone began in November 2011
- IBDP is breaking ground for anthropogenic CO₂ storage in a saline reservoir using cutting-edge sequestration technology
- IBDP knowledge base:
 - Site geological characterization
 - Risk assessment & reservoir modeling
 - Engineering design & MVA development



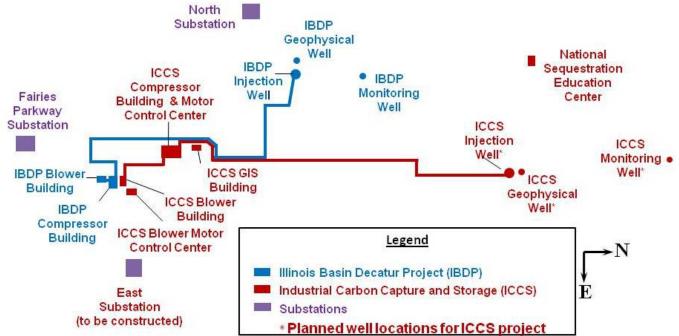
Site map - Courtesy of Illinois State Geological Survey

Two DOE-Sponsored CCS Projects in Decatur, Illinois (contd.)

<u>Second CCS Project – Recovery Act cost share (One million tons per year capacity)</u>

 Illinois ICCS project, led by ADM, adapts approaches of the IBDP and triples the injection rate to represent the operating capacity necessary for commercial power generating facilities.

Unique opportunity - Study interaction between the CO₂ plumes and pressure fronts emanating from two injection wells in the same saline formation.



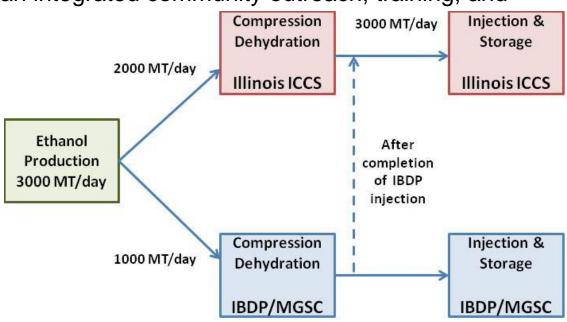
Illinois ICCS Project Objectives

- Design, construct, and operate a new CO₂ collection, compression, and dehydration facility capable of delivering up to 2,000 metric tons of CO₂ per day to the injection site.
- Integrate the new facility with an existing 1,000 metric tons of CO₂ per day compression and dehydration facility to achieve a total CO₂ injection capacity of 3,000 metric tons per day or one million tons annually.
- Implement deep subsurface and near-surface MVA of the stored CO₂.

Develop and conduct an integrated community outreach, training, and

education initiative.

Upon completion of IBDP injection operations, the IBDP compression & dehydration facilities will be integrated with the new ICCS facilities.



Illinois ICCS Team Members

Archer Daniels Midland Company

- Overall project implementation
- Host site for capture and storage
- Design, construction, and operation of compression and dehydration facilities and substation
- UIC permit holder

Illinois State Geological Survey

- Site characterization
- USDW and near-surface monitoring
- Subsurface MVA of stored CO₂
- Outreach and communication

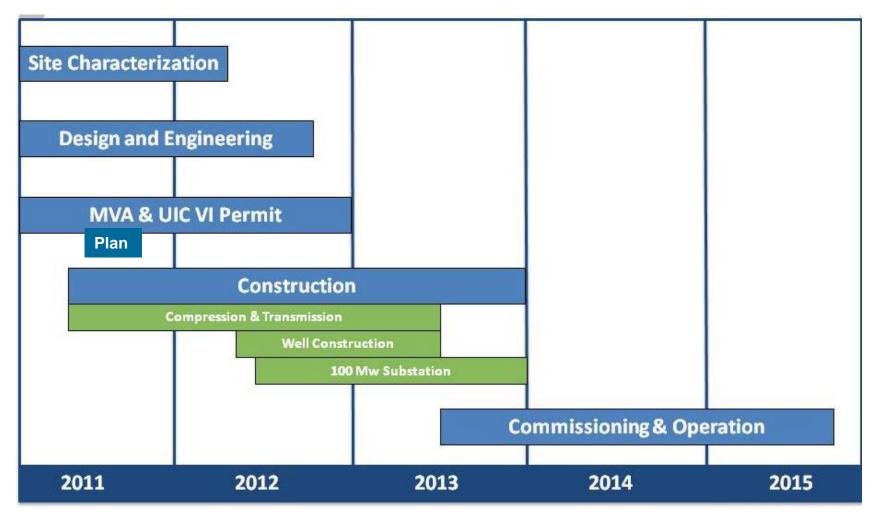
Schlumberger Carbon Services

- Site characterization
- Reservoir modeling
- Design, construction, and operation of the CO₂ injection and monitoring wells
- Subsurface MVA of stored CO₂

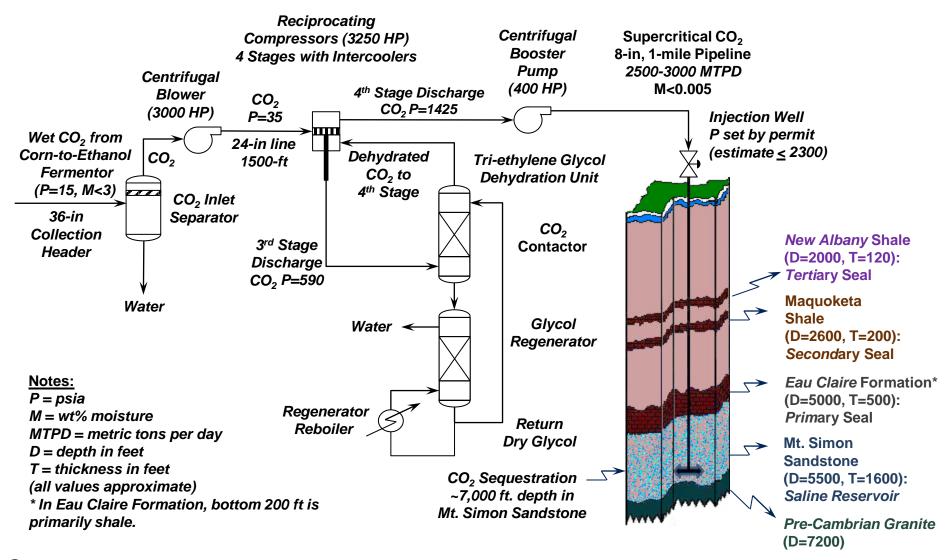
Richland Community College

- National Sequestration
 Education Center
- Community outreach & CCUS training
- New Associate degree programs in CCUS

Illinois ICCS Project Schedule (DOE Scope)



Illinois ICCS – Simplified Flow Diagram



Illinois ICCS Project - Monitoring, Verification, and Accounting (MVA)

To demonstrate:

- CCS is safe, effective, and acceptable for GHG control
- CO₂ is safely and permanently stored
- Underground Sources of Drinking Water are protected

Activities will include:

- Measuring CO₂ injection rates
- Measuring soil gas, groundwater, and atmospheric CO₂ concentrations
- Operating monitoring and geophone wells
 - Establishing baseline conditions
 - Modeling reservoir conditions
 - Collecting reservoir pressures & geochemical samples
 - Conducting time lapse seismic surveys
 - Monitoring CO₂ plume and pressure fronts in the subsurface

IL-ICCS Environmental Monitoring Conceptual Framework

Near Surface

Deep Subsurface

Soil and vadose zone

Soil CO₂ flux**
Soil gas**

Shallow groundwater

Geochemical sampling*

P/T monitoring*

Above seal

Injection zone

* Field activity initiated

**Activity in planning

Aerial imagery*

(color near-infrared)

Geophysical surveys*

Passive seismic

monitoring**

Geochemical sampling**

P/T monitoring**

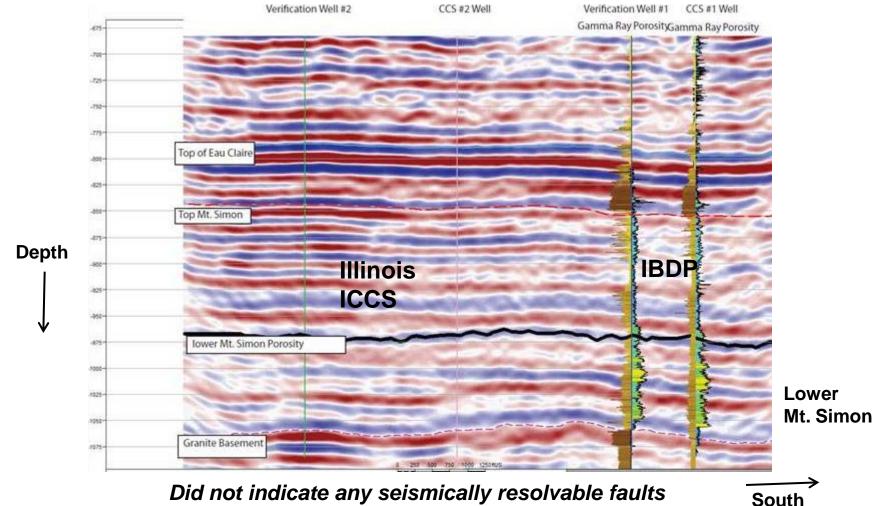
Geochemical sampling**
P/T monitoring**

Geophysical surveys*

Figure -Courtesy of Illinois State Geological Survey

Interpretation of the Illinois ICCS Site 3-D Seismic Data

(Courtesy of ISGS and Schlumberger Carbon Services)



in the saline reservoir or in the cap rock seal (CO₂ will be stratigraphically trapped; plus solubility & residual trapping)

Community/CCUS Outreach National Sequestration Education Center

- Conducting an integrated communication, outreach, training, and education initiative to engage local communities to understand CCUS, Illinois ICCS project, and related environmental benefits.
- National Sequestration Education Center (NSEC) -Richland Community College – A new education and training facility:
 - 15,000 sq. ft. center classrooms, training and laboratory facilities
 - Richland received additional funding from other sources to add renewable energy features, i.e., wind turbine, solar, geothermal, aerobic digestion, and biomass technology to NSEC.
 - Sustainability-oriented design
 - Serve as student laboratories & offset NSEC energy costs
 - Construction to be completed in summer 2012

CCUS Degree ProgramsRichland Community College

- Richland is developing two new degree programs with an emphasis on CCUS:
 - Associate of Applied Science Engineering Technology-Sequestration Specialty (Starts in fall 2012)
 - Associate of Science -Sequestration Concentration
- Several universities in Illinois have already reviewed and accepted Richland CCUS courses as electives in their degree program(s)
 - This recognition allows the students obtaining their 2-year degree from Richland to receive credits for the CCUS courses when they transfer to a 4-year degree program at these universities.

Illinois ICCS Project – Expected Benefits

- DOE cost share public benefits
 - Recovery Act funding creating jobs for economic recovery
 - Mitigating risks for the industry to demonstrate the largest integrated, saline storage project in the U.S.
 - Community outreach-CCUS technologies and related environmental benefits
- Because all of the collected CO₂ is produced from biologic fermentation, a significant feature of the Illinois ICCS project is its "negative carbon footprint."
- Validate the Mt. Simon Sandstone saline reservoir site for commercialscale, long-term geologic storage of CO₂.
 - Collect crucial scientific and engineering data in advance of carbon capture requirements
- Successful implementation of this project:
 - Demonstrates cost advantages/economic viability of CCS at ethanol plants
 - Facilitates exploration of long-term CO₂ utilization options- EOR Illinois Basin
 - Develops a market for utilization of U.S. geologic saline storage capacity
 - Ranges from 1,700 to 20,000 billion metric tons (2010 Carbon Sequestration Atlas, NETL)

Illinois ICCS Project Construction Photos

(Courtesy of ADM, ISGS, and RCC)

Compressor Building



Groundwater Monitoring Well



Switchgear Building



National Sequestration Education
 Center - Richland Community College



Thank You!

Industrial Carbon Capture and Storage project:

- U.S. Department of Energy Award No. DE-FE-0001547
- Administered by the DOE's Office of Fossil Energy
- Managed by the National Energy Technology Laboratory
- DOE cost share from American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009

Cost share agreements:

- Archer Daniels Midland Company
- University of Illinois through the Illinois State Geological Survey
- Schlumberger Carbon Services
- Richland Community College

Project team members include:

- Dr. Robert Finley, Dr. Hannes Leetaru, Sallie Greenberg, Randall Locke, and Pius Weibel (ISGS)
- Eric Berlin, Scott Marsteller, Ozgur Senel, and Dr. Alan Brown (Schlumberger Carbon Services)
- Dr. Douglas Brauer and Dr. David Larrick (RCC)
- Dean Frommelt, Tom Stone, Steve Ryan and Andrea Blank (ADM)

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For Additional Information





Office of Fossil Energy www.fe.doe.gov

NETL
www.netl.doe.gov

NETL Factsheet - Archer Daniels Midland Company:

CO₂ Capture from Biofuels Production and Storage into the Mt. Simon Sandstone

http://www.netl.doe.gov/publications/factsheets/project/ARRA1547.pdf