



University of Pittsburgh

UCR-AOI2: Engineering Metal Oxide Nanomaterials for Fiber Optical Sensor Platforms

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Date: April 12, 2018

Collaborators

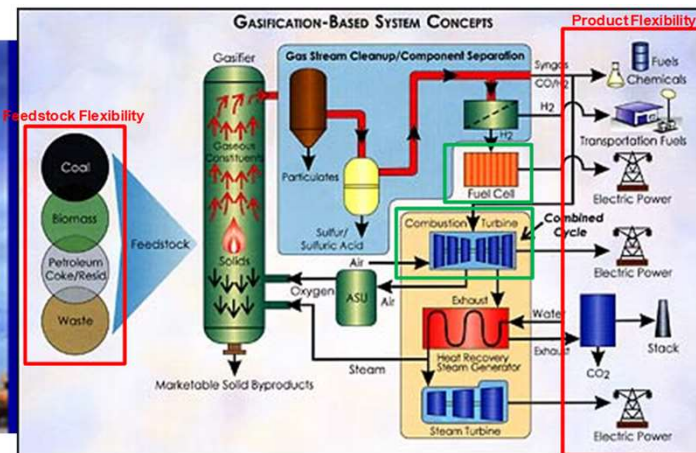
- **NETL scientists**
- **INL scientists**
- **Corning**
- **Westinghouse**
- **Watts fuel Cells**
- **and many mores**





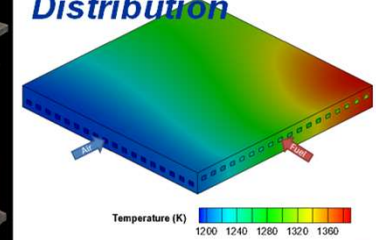
Objective/Vision: Probing High-T Chemistry in SOFC Operation

Develop an integrated sensor solution to perform direct and simultaneous measurements of physical and chemical parameters with 5-mm spatial resolution.



<http://www.fossil.energy.gov/programs/powersystems/gasification/howgasificationworks.html>

Example : Solid Oxide Fuel Cells Internal Gas and Temperature Distribution



Pakalapati, S. R., 'A New Reduced Order Model for Solid Oxide Fuel Cells,' Ph.D Thesis, Department of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering, West Virginia University, Morgantown, WV

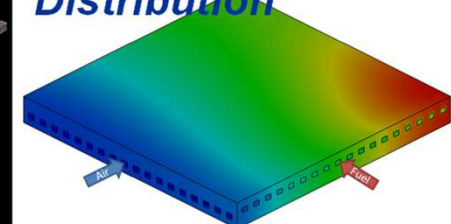
Using data gathered by sensor to optimize design, operation, and control of energy system.



Outlines: A Complicate but Interesting Story

- **Develop high-T stable silica fiber platform**
 - Ultrafast laser direct writing
 - Nano-fabrication of on-fiber nanostructures for high-T
- **Sensor Materials Development and integration**
 - Metal oxide nanostructures
 - Noble and rare-earth metal doping
 - 3D direct microstructuring
- **Sensor Deployment and Measurement**
 - What do we learn?
- **Energy system optimization**
- **Cross-cutting nature of this work**

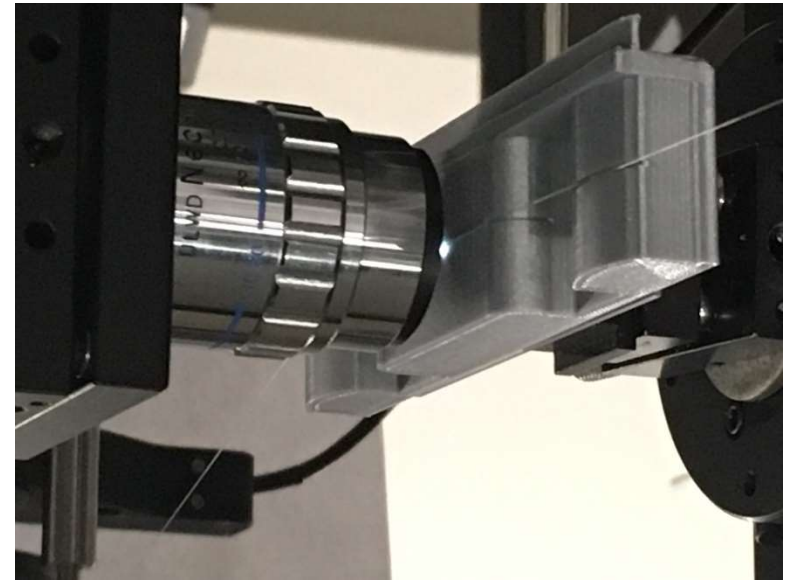
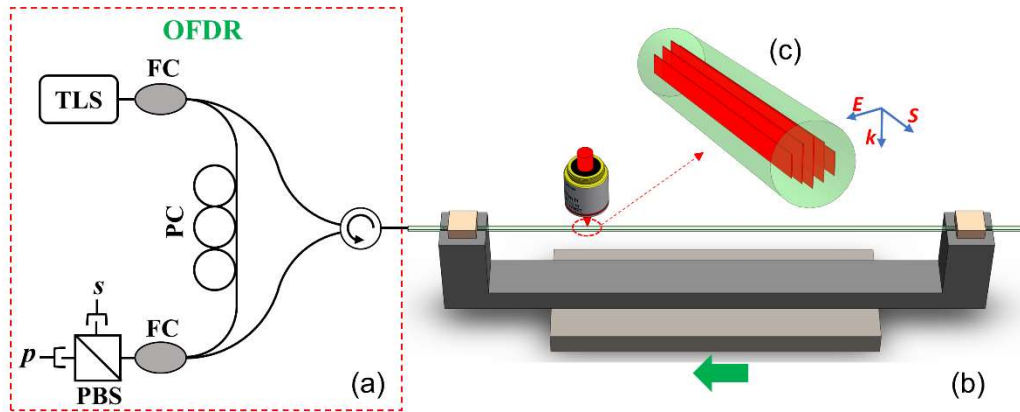
*Example : Solid Oxide Fuel Cells
Internal Gas and Temperature
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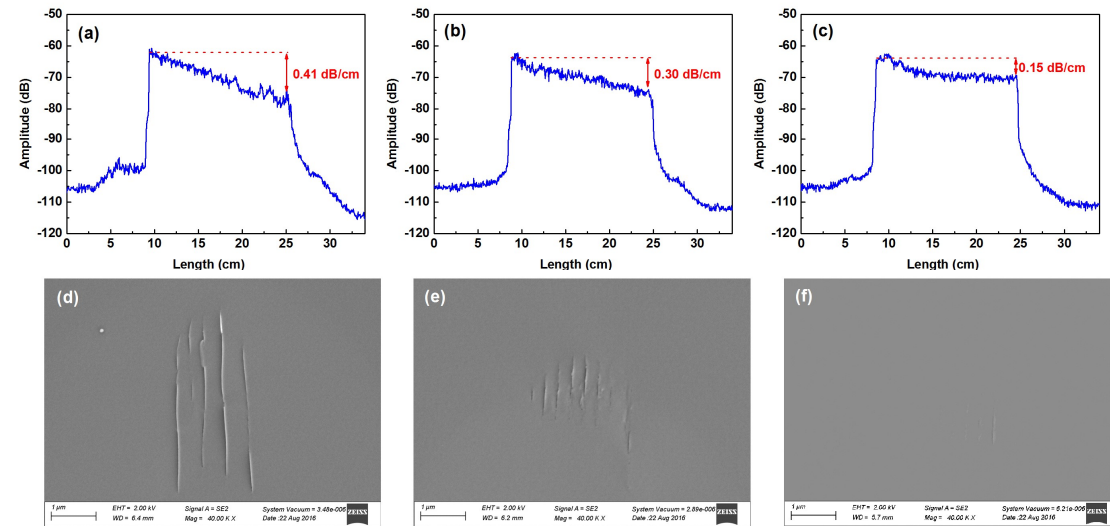
Temperature (K) 1200 1240 1280 1320 1360

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Ultrafast laser irradiation to enhance T/radiation resilience and measurement accuracy



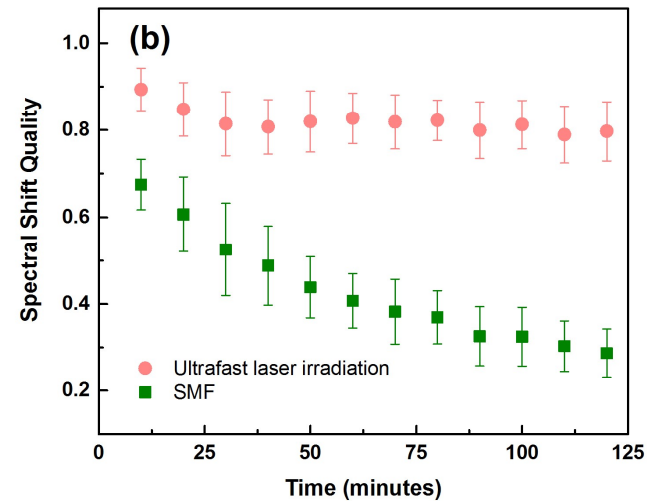
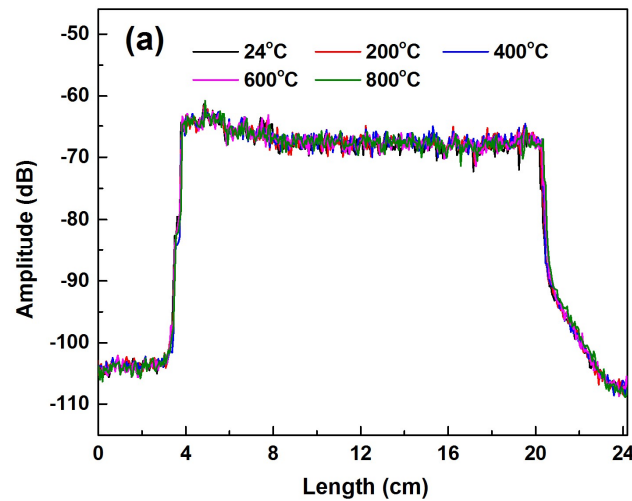
- Temperature measurements can now be performed at 800C with H₂ atmosphere
- Stability verified at 800C



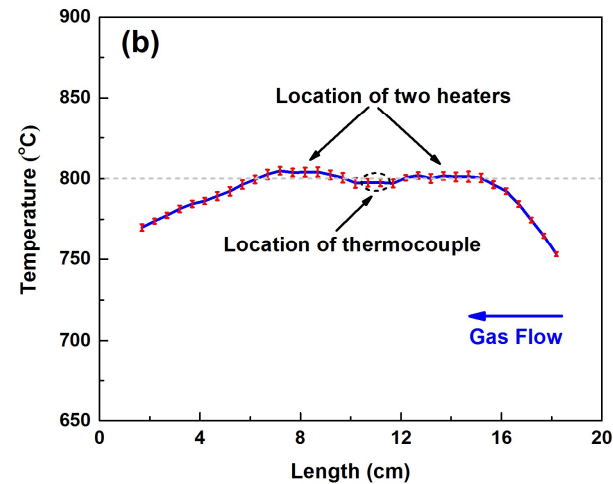
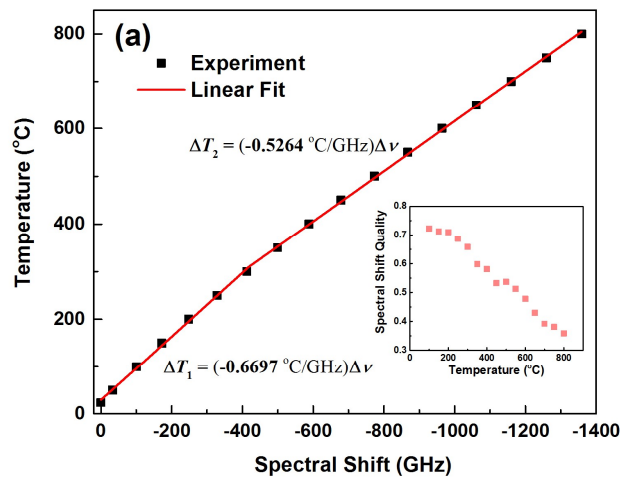
Distributed Sensors for Energy Applications



Temperature Resilience from the RT to 800C



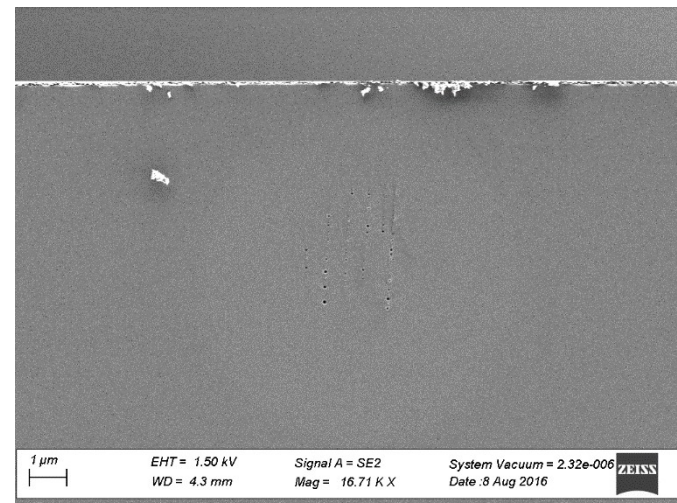
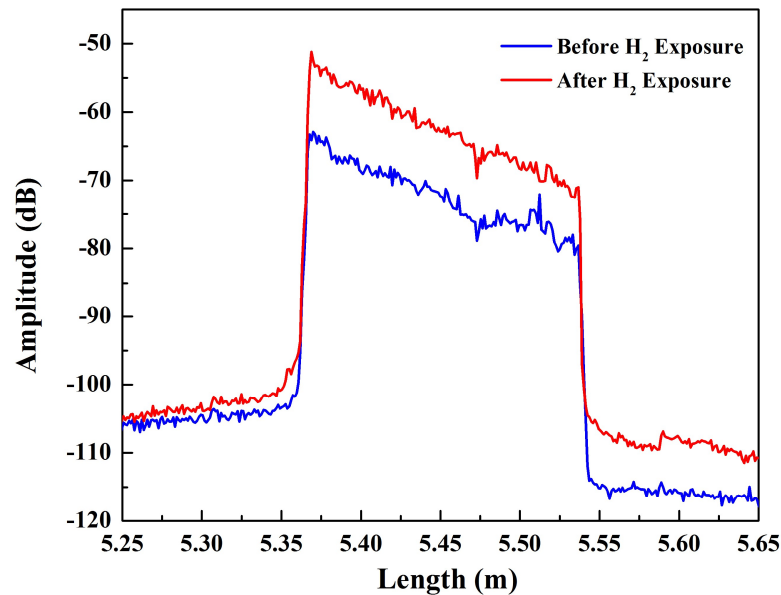
Measurement Repeatability better than 4C from the RT to 800C



Increasing Rayleigh scattering stability



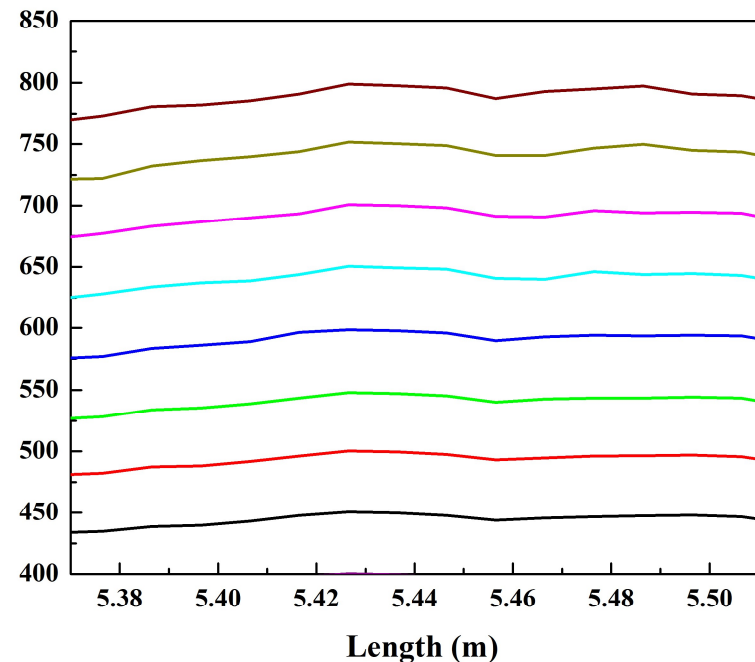
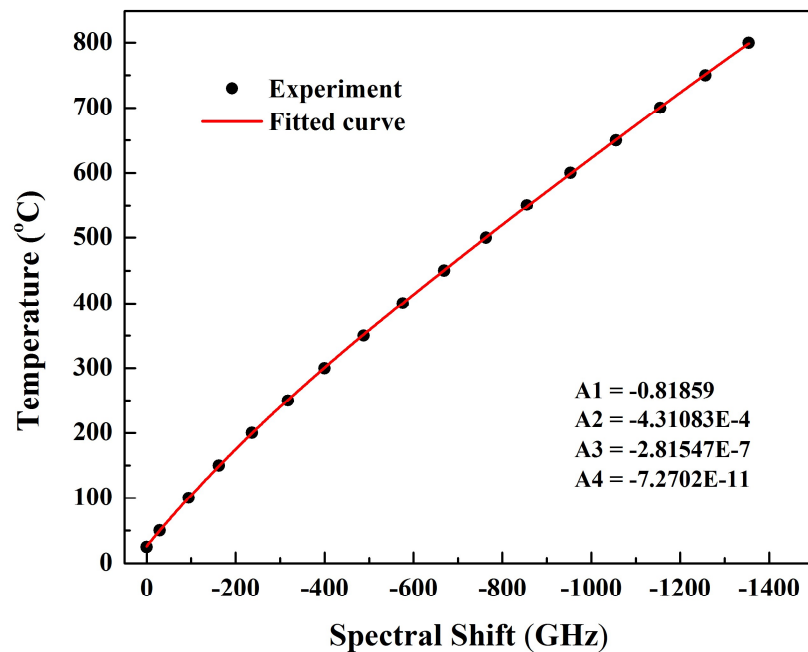
- Hydrogen exposure still increases loss and scattering
- H₂ induced scattering is now less than irradiation-induced scattering
- Cross-correlation is more effective with increased scattering features that do not change with temperature



Temperature coefficients determined to 800C

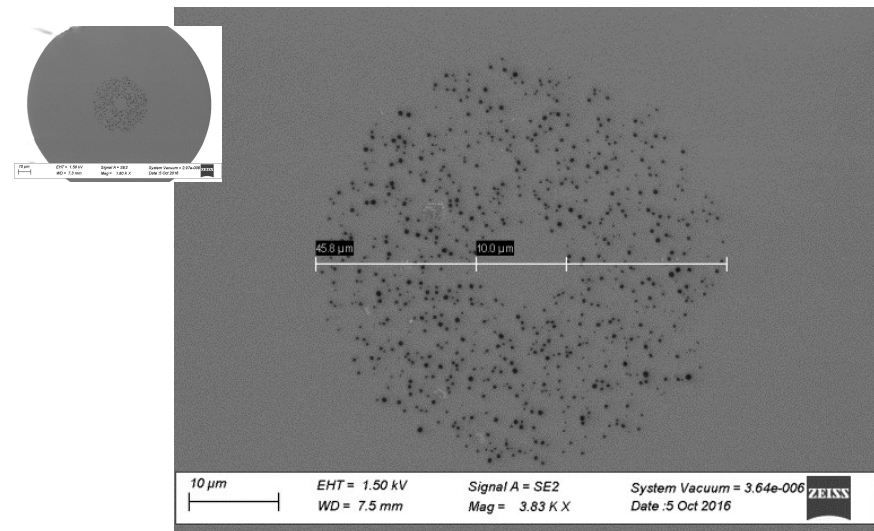
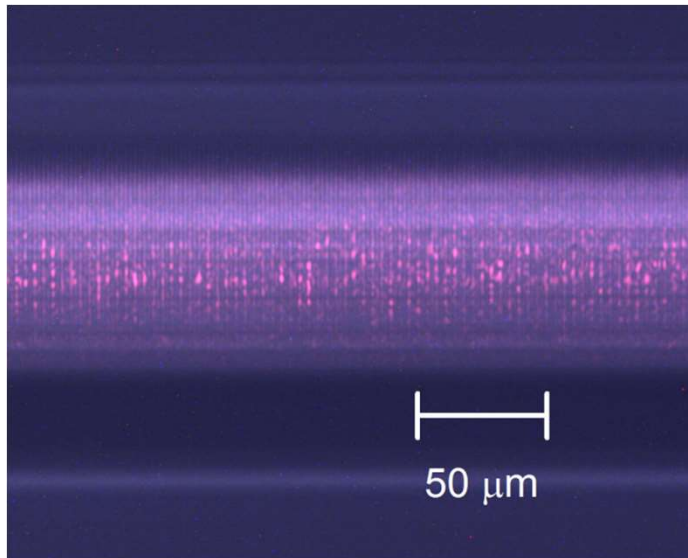
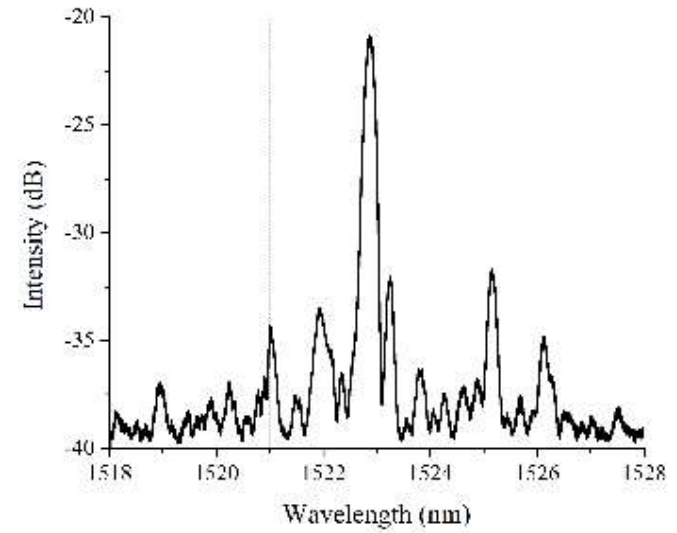
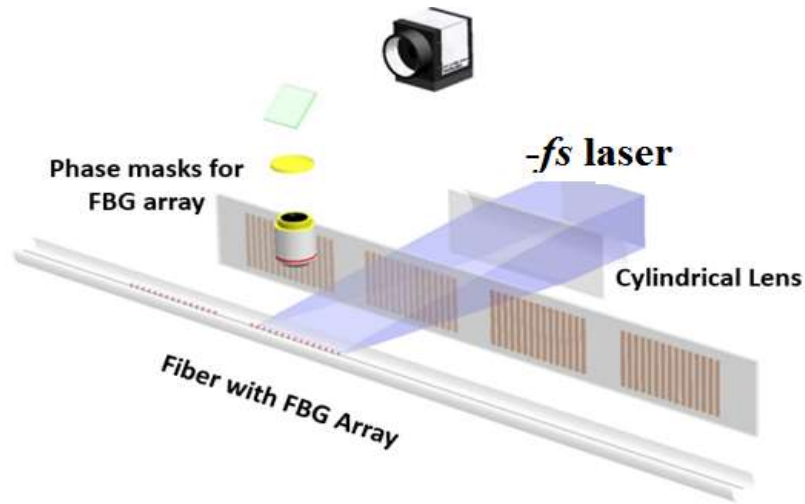


- Temperature can now be measured at 800C with H2 atmosphere
- Stability verified for ~19 hours at 800C
- 4C accuracy with heat/reheat



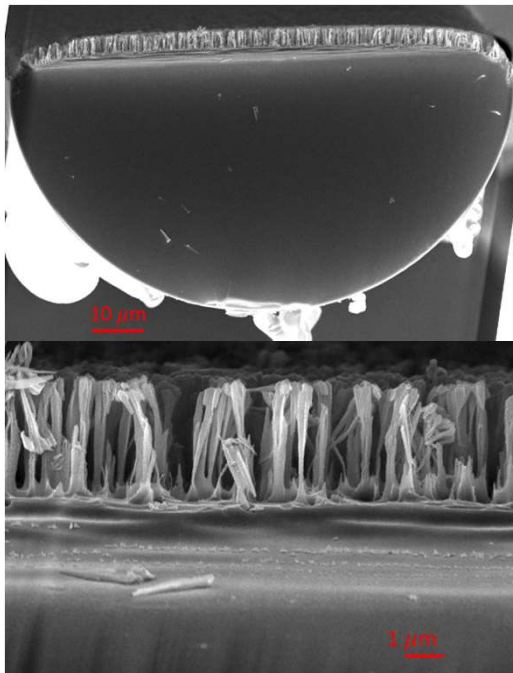


Development of Stable Fiber Bragg Grating Sensors Using Ultrafast Laser

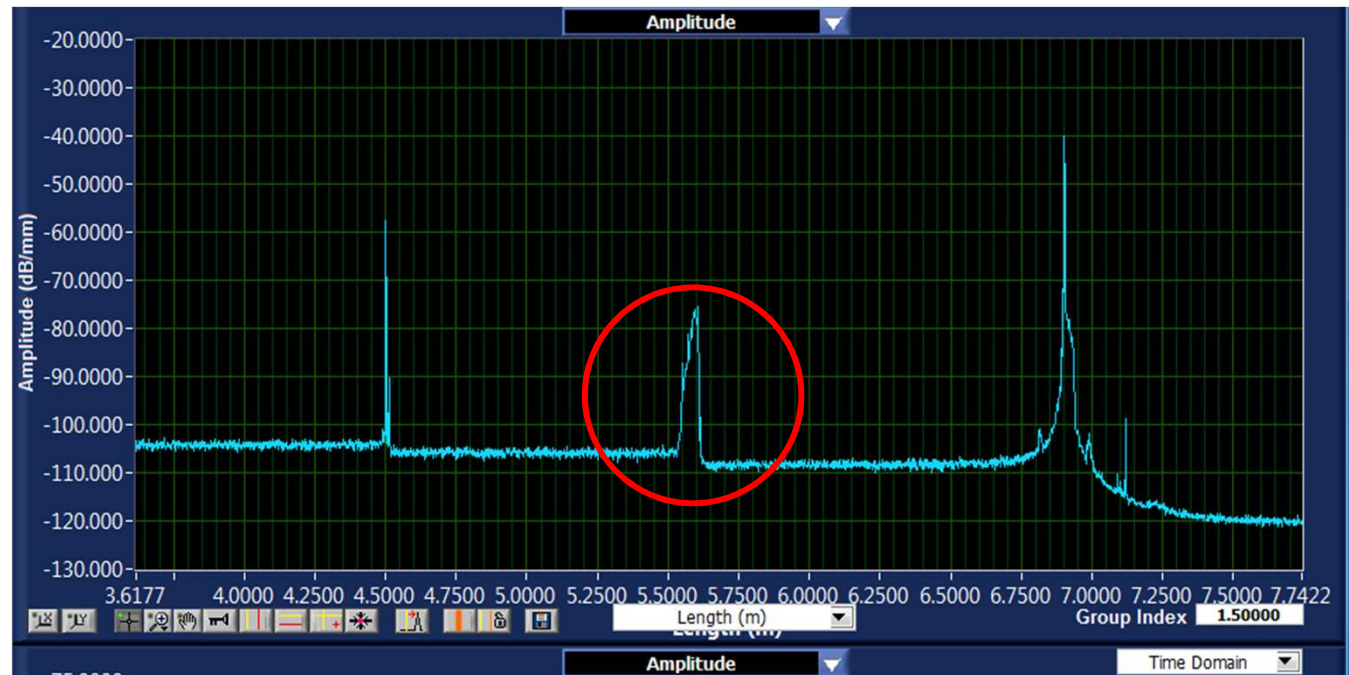


- **Equipment:** The Trion Phantom III LT RIE (Reactive Ion Etching)
- **Gas:** CHF_3 and O_2
- **Power** 100-300 W

Nano-grass (height: $4.7 \mu\text{m}$)



D-fiber with nano-grass Rayleigh scattering



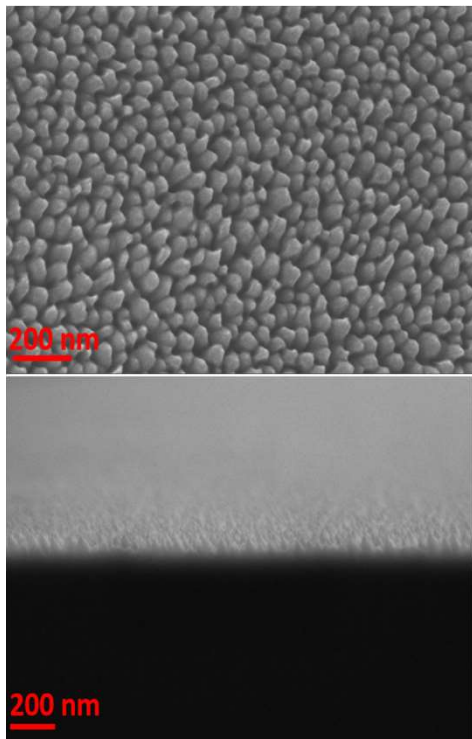


RIE on D-shaped fiber, Coating, Rayleigh

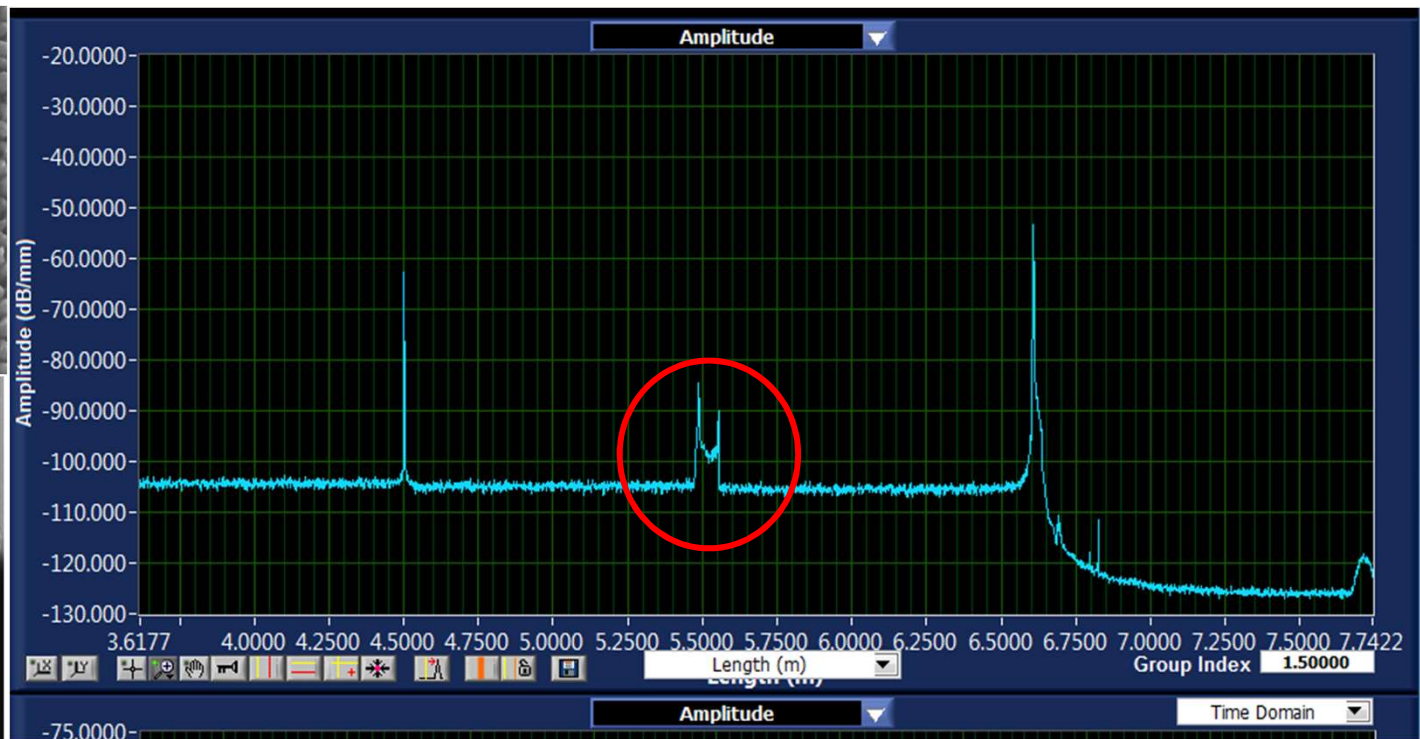


- **Equipment:** The Trion Phantom III LT RIE (Reactive Ion Etching)
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Nano-grass (height: 0.1 μm)



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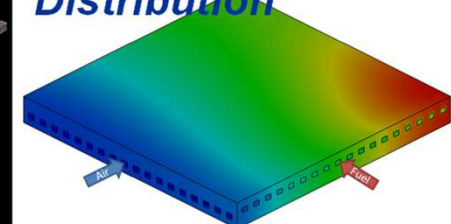




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Objective- Sensing Materials: Tailoring the Refractive Indices and Chemical Responsivity

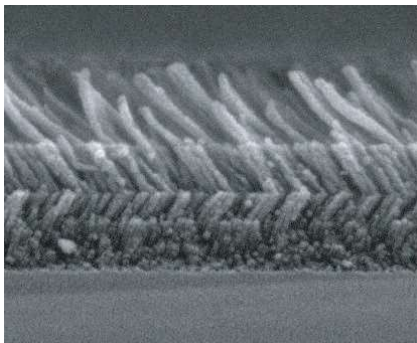
Requirement:

- 3D Geometry (Reduces unwanted anisotropy)
- $\Lambda \ll \lambda$ (reduce optical scattering loss)
- Processing on Arbitrary Shapes (fiber...)
- **Wide tenability of refractive indices ($\Delta n > 1.5$)**
- **Reactive to a wide array of gas species**
- **Low cost**
- **High Temperature stable**

Options

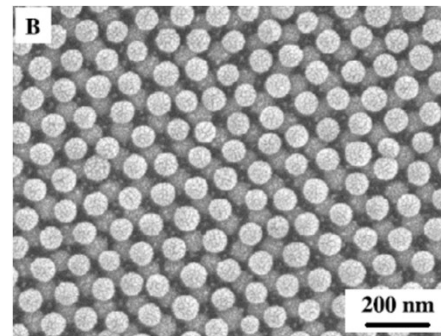
Semiconductor Processing?

- ❖ Doping, sputtering
- ❖ Cost, not flexible



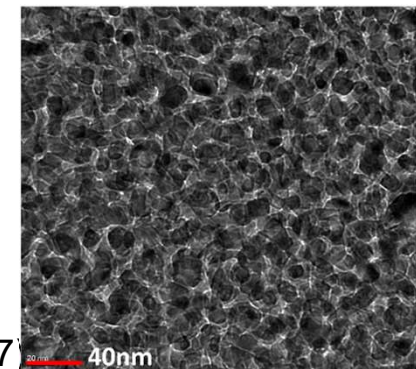
Colloidal Templating?

- < 50 -nm
- Structure limited
- Limit tuning of porosity



Block Copolymer Templating?

- ✓ alcohol soluble
- ✓ 5nm to 100nm
- ✓ Flexible structures
- ✓ Wide tuning of porosity



Xi (2007, Prof. Schubert's group at RWTH Aachen), Min, Nanotechnol. 19, 475604 (2007)

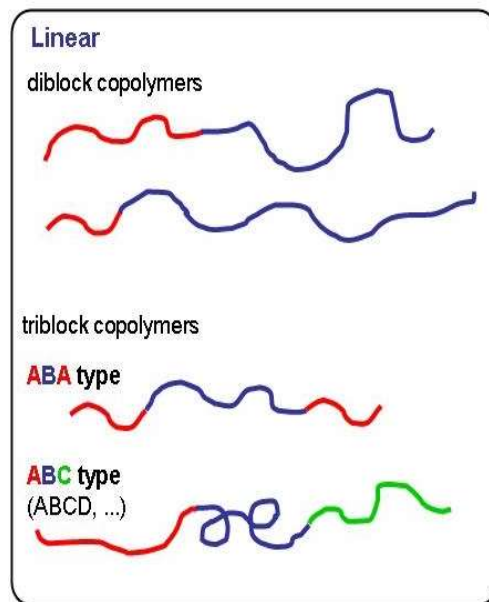


Sensing Materials: Co-Polymer Templating by F-127

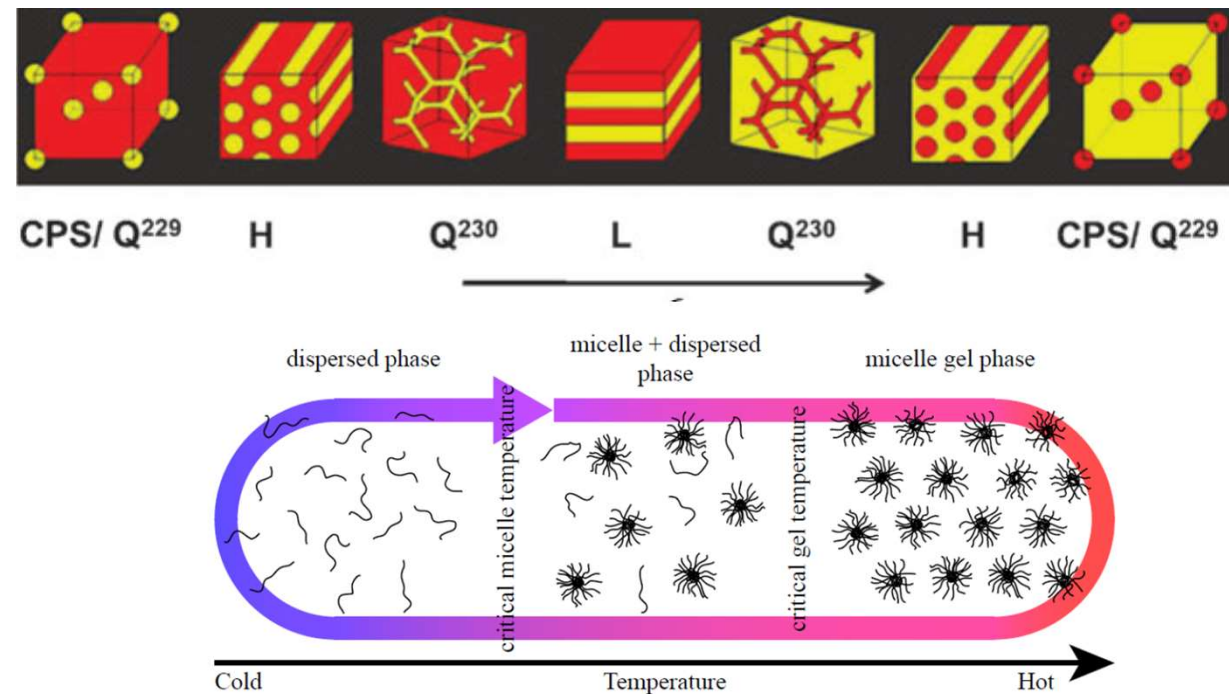


F127 Pluronic

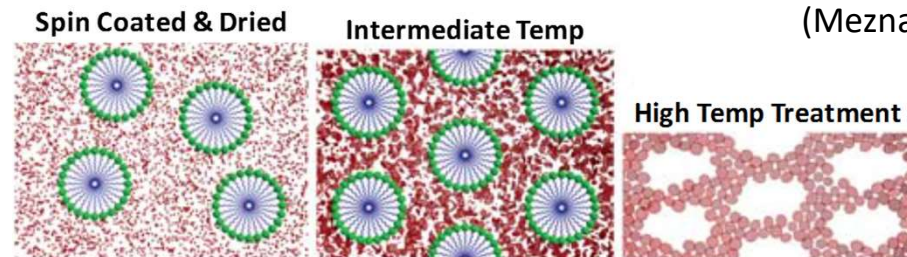
- A triblock copolymer
- Highly Compatible with the Preferred Solvents (Alcohol)
- Has better higher temperature stability



(Orilall, 2011)

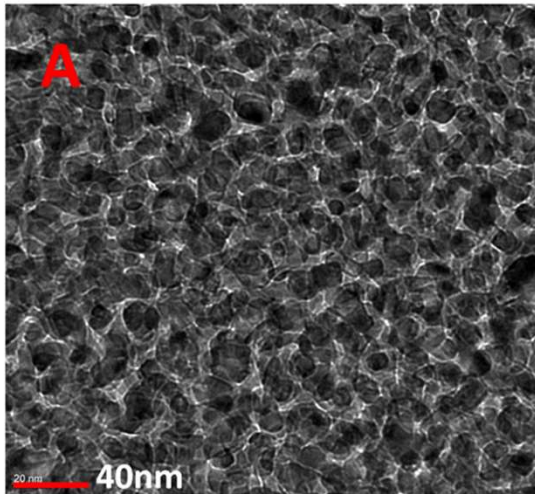


(Mezmarich, 2012, p. 107)

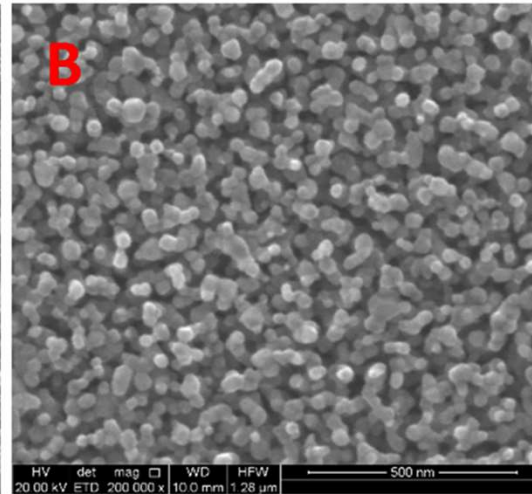


(Shao, 2010)

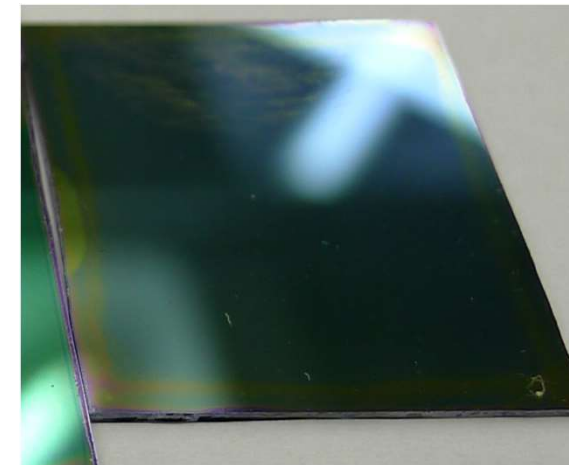
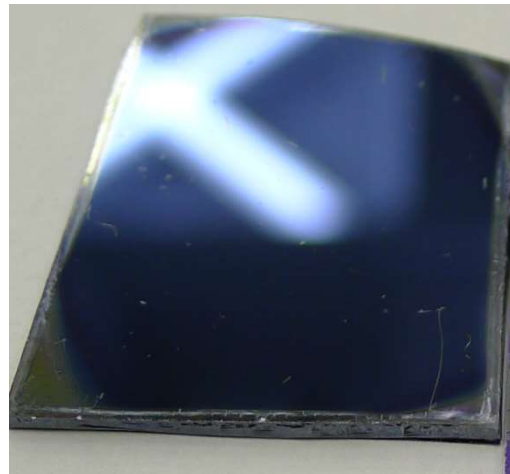
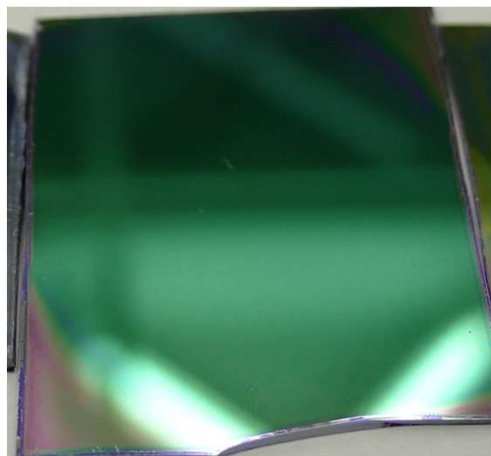
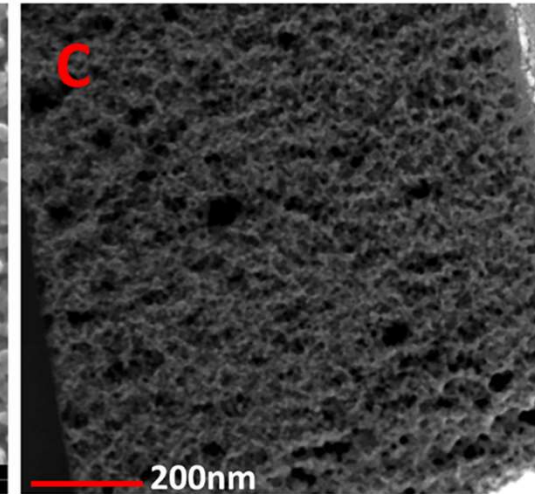
TEM of TiO₂



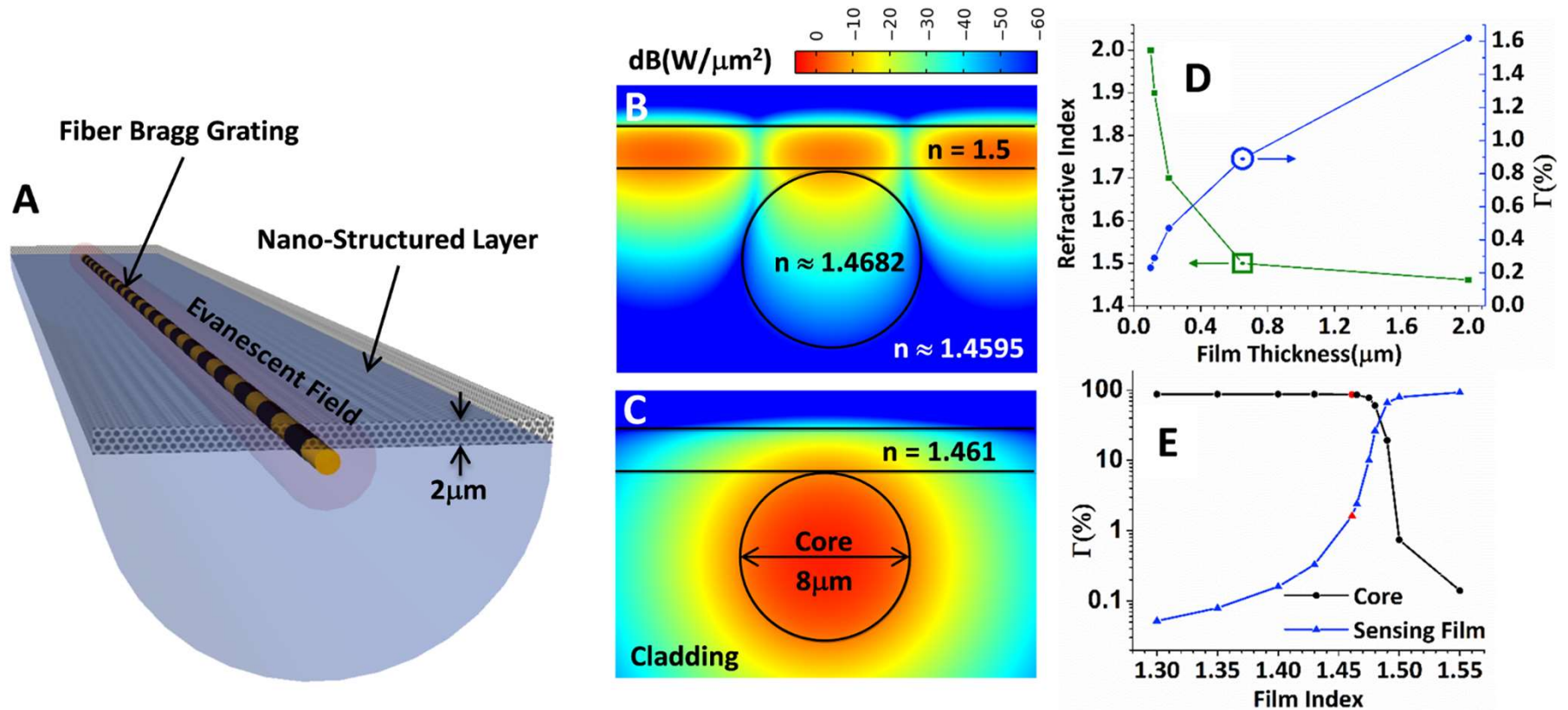
SEM of ZnO



SEM of SnO₂



In the evanescent wave configuration
Refractive Index Matching is Critical



Finite Element Simulation of the Power Distribution of the Fundamental Mode



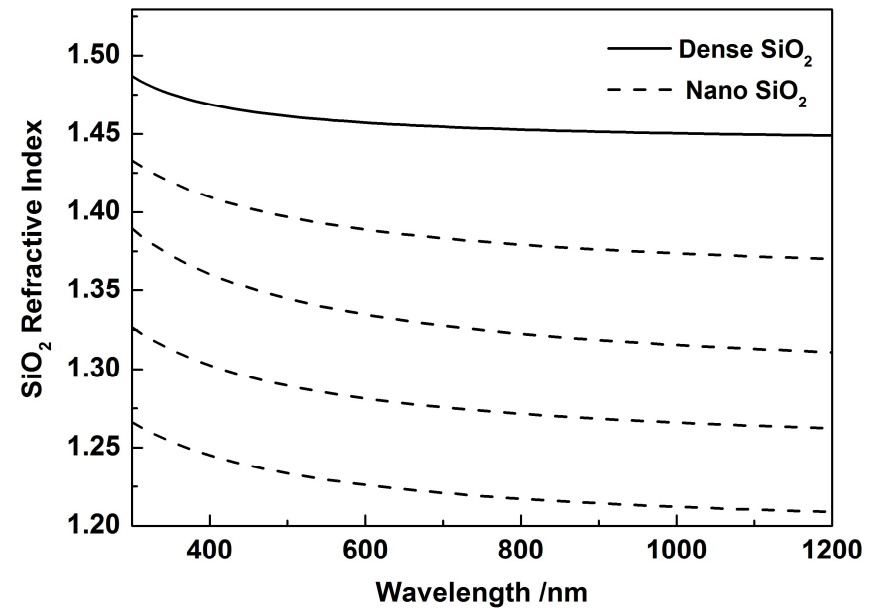
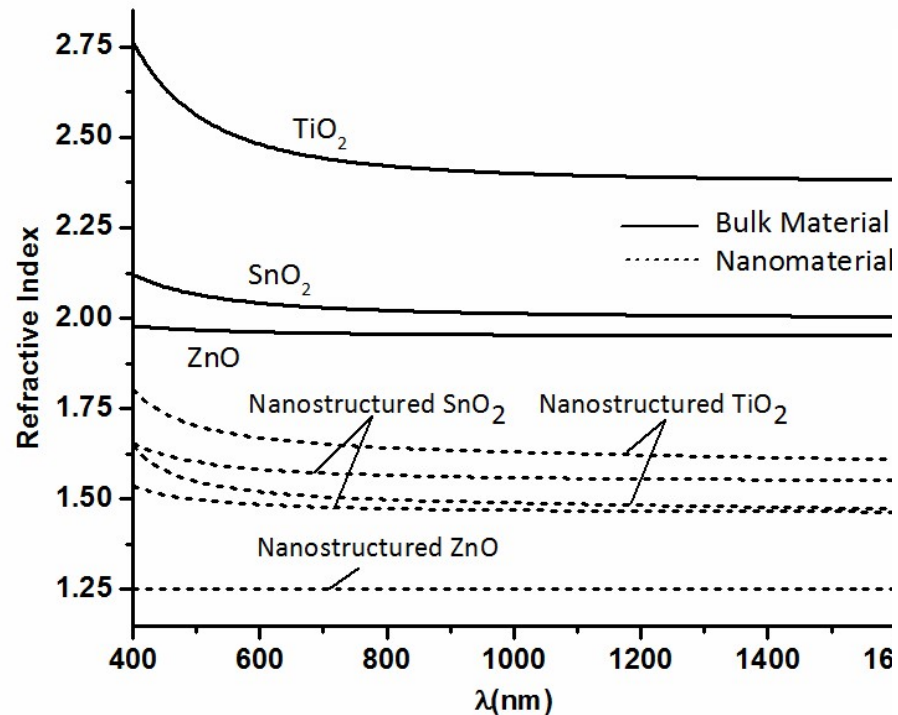
Metal Oxides and Their Dopant Variants



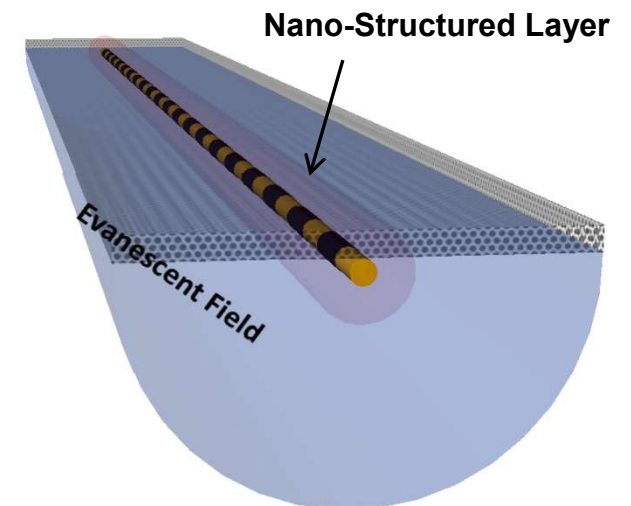
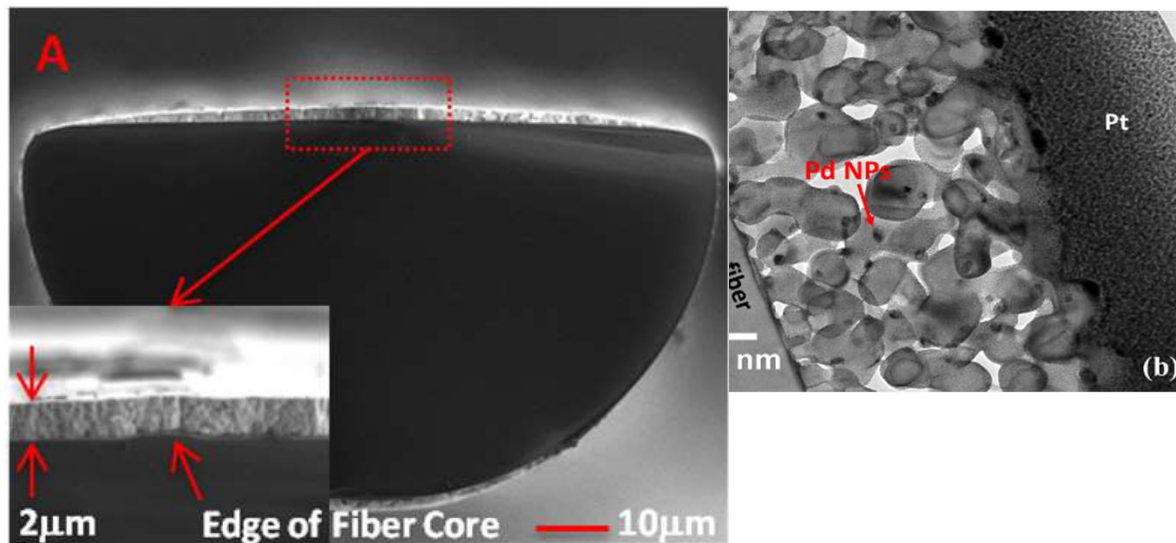
- Metal Source: SnCl_4 , TiCl_4 , and $\text{Zn}(\text{O}_2\text{CCH}_3)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2$
- Si Source: Tetraethyl Orthosilicate
- Solvent: Ethanol
- Block Copolymer: Pluronic F-127
- Stabilizer: HCl for most, NH_4OH for Zn

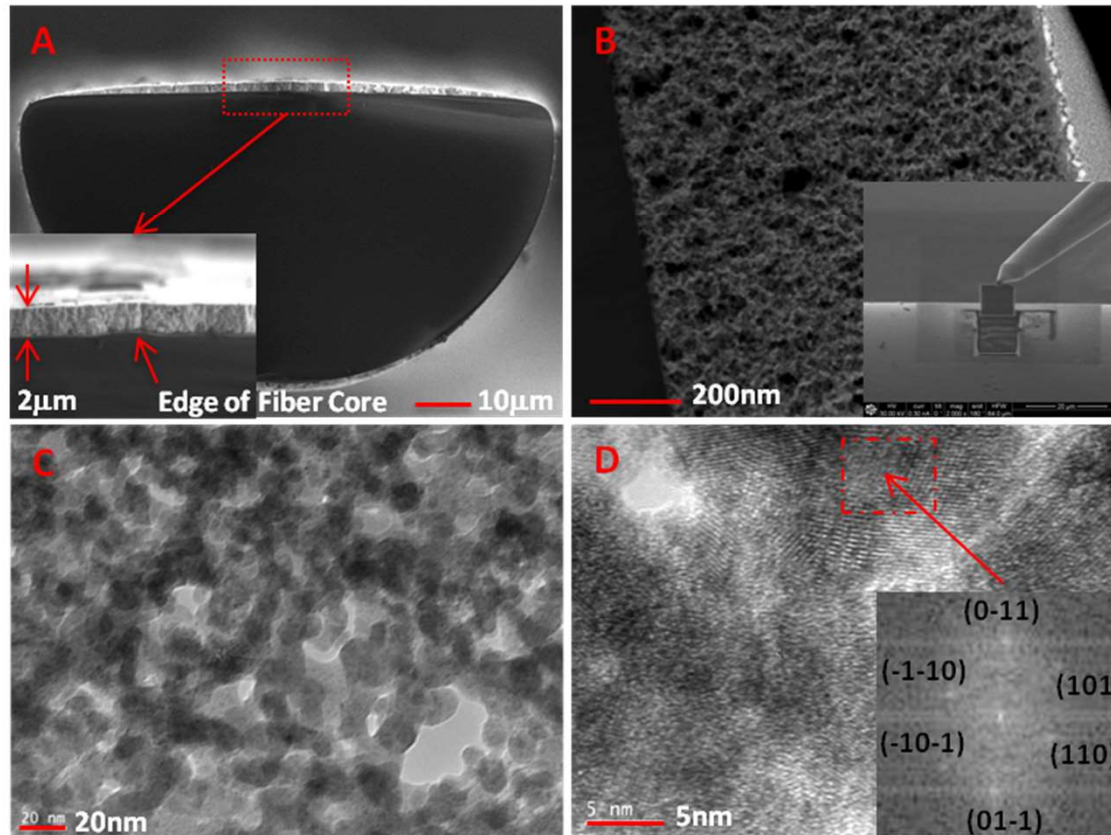
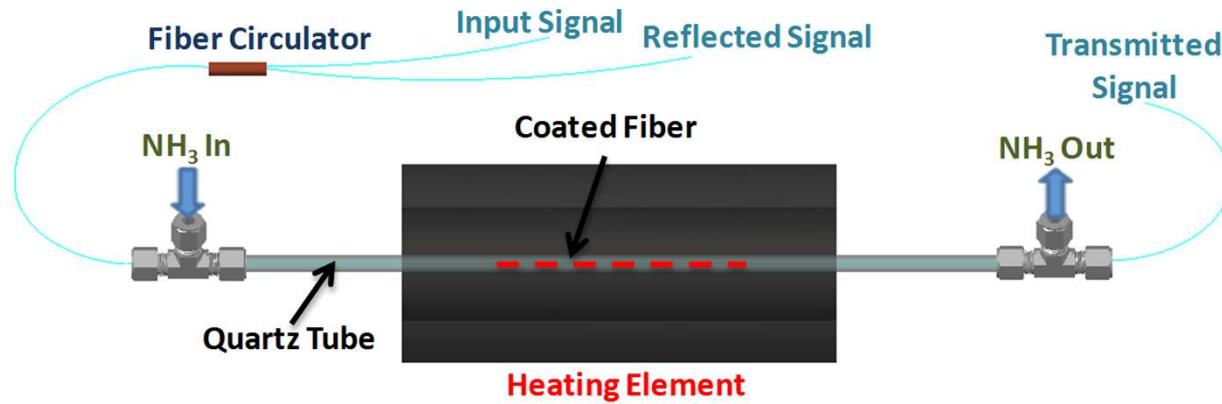
Controlling Refractive Index

- TiO_2 : $\Delta n \sim 1.4$ to 2.5
- SnO_2 : $\Delta n \sim 1.4$ to 2.1
- ZnO : $\Delta n \sim 1.25$ to 2.0
- SiO_2 : $\Delta n \sim 1.2$ to 1.45



- **Nano-Engineered metal oxide sensory film**
 - **Porosity control for refractive index matching**
 - **Rare-earth or noble metal dopants for specificity**
 - **Pd-TiO₂**
- **Sensor can operate >700C**
- **No electrical components in target environment**



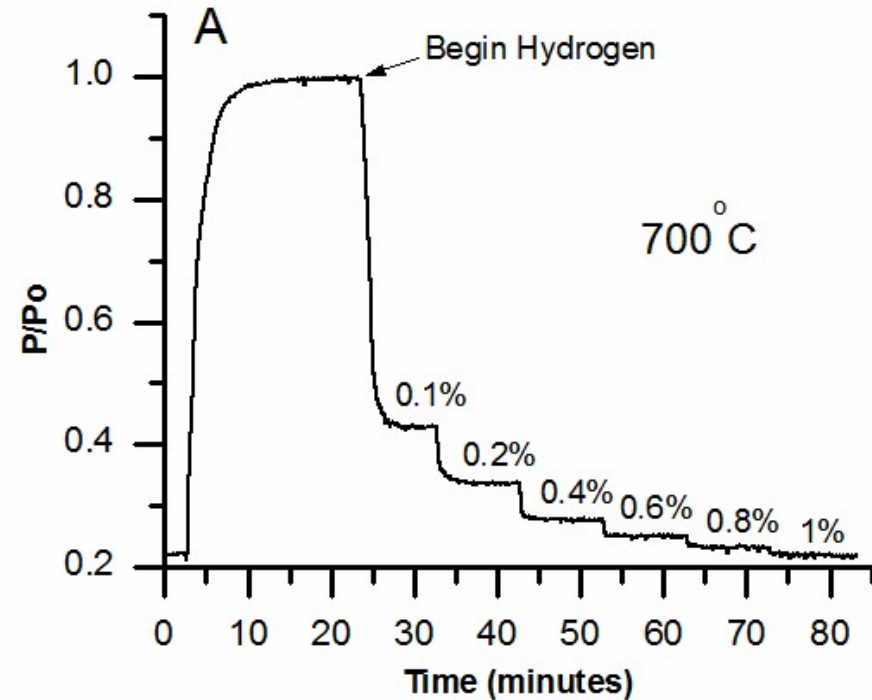
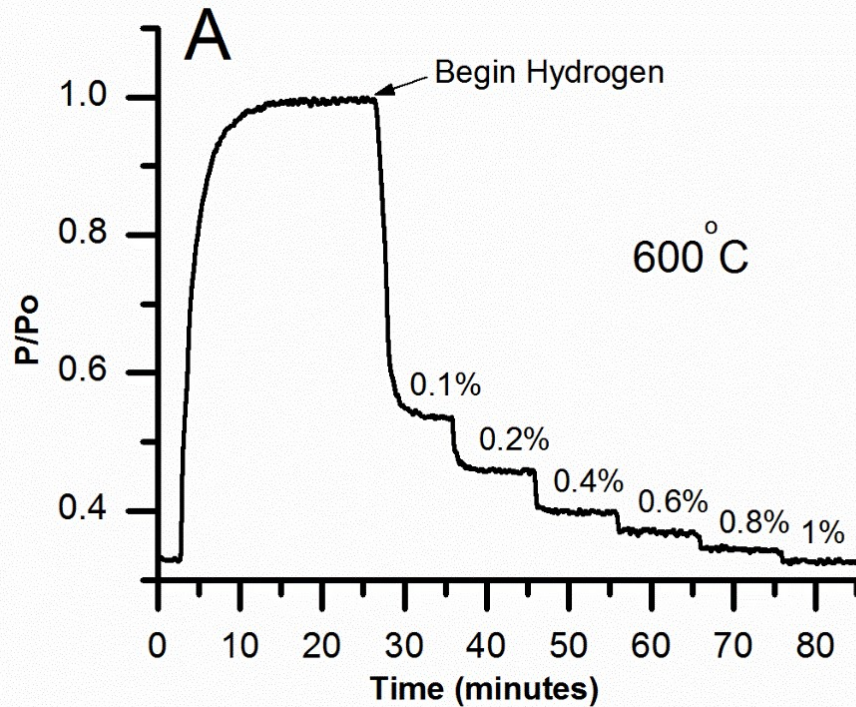




Fiber Optic Hydrogen Sensor at 700C



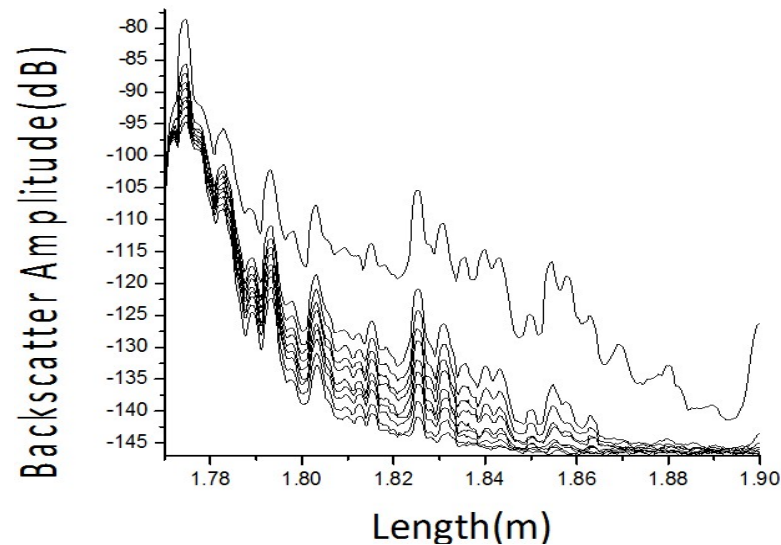
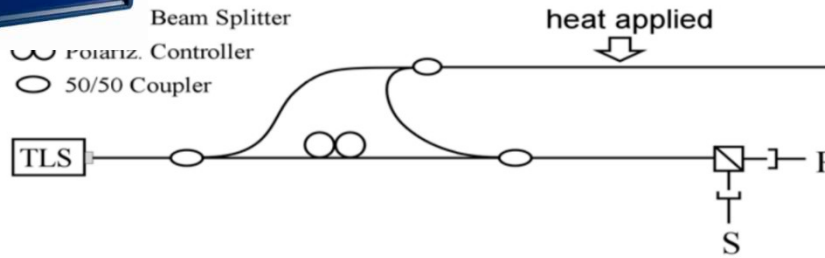
Optical Transmission vs. Hydrogen Concentrations



Exposed to various concentrations of hydrogen in nitrogen, recovered with nitrogen
Ideal for hydrogen driven energy conversion systems



Distributed H₂ Measurements (Distributed Loss)

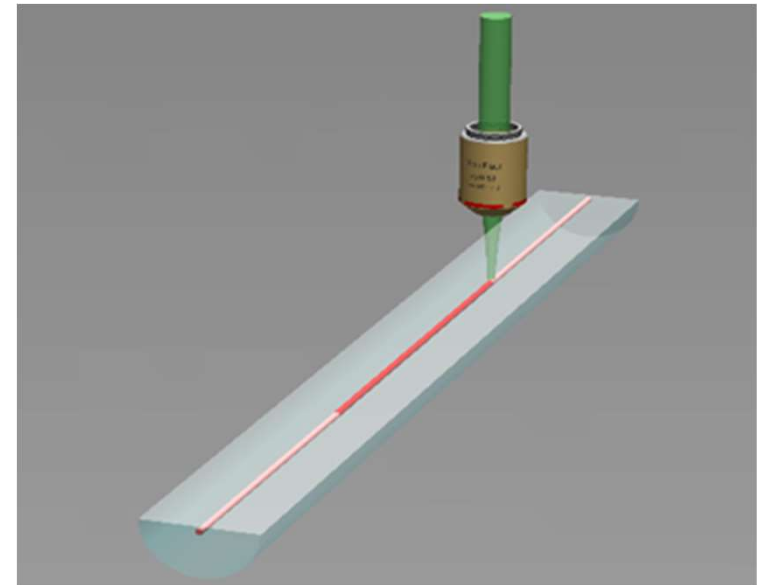
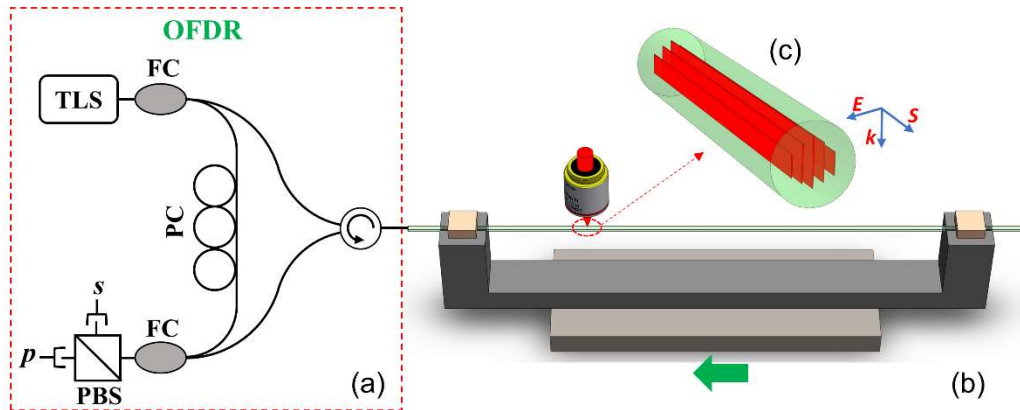


Our fiber is too “good” for sensing applications...

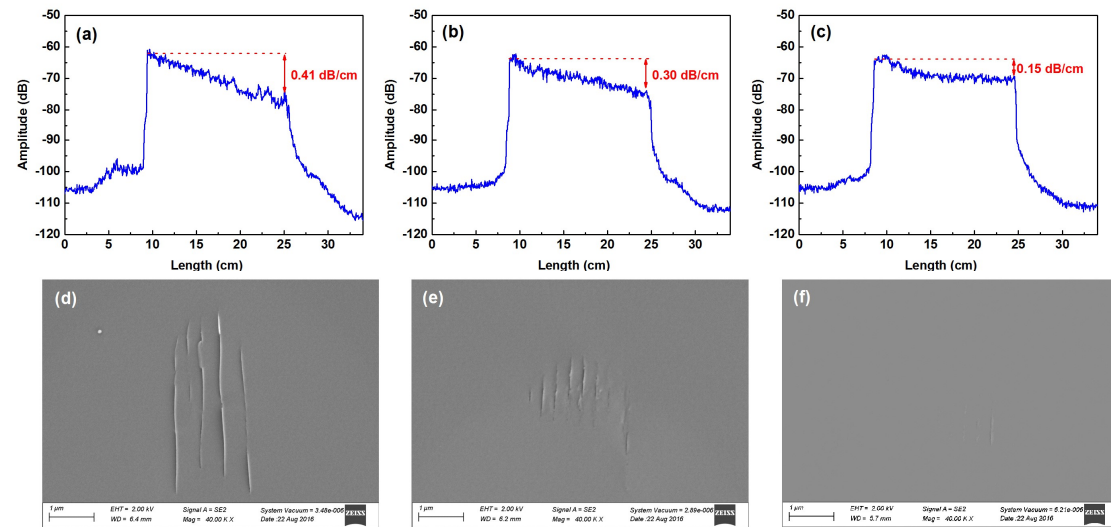
Rayleigh scattering profile is too weak (like weak type I FBG)

Technical Solutions... Enhanced Background Rayleigh Scattering ...

Ultrafast laser irradiation to enhance T/radiation resilience and measurement accuracy



- Temperature measurements can now be performed at 800C with H₂ atmosphere
- Stability verified at 800C

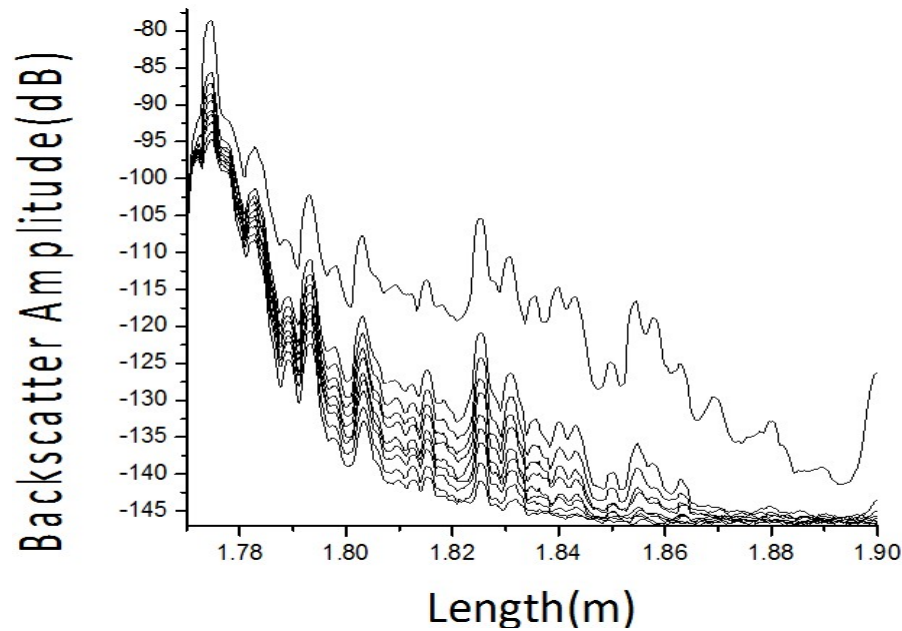




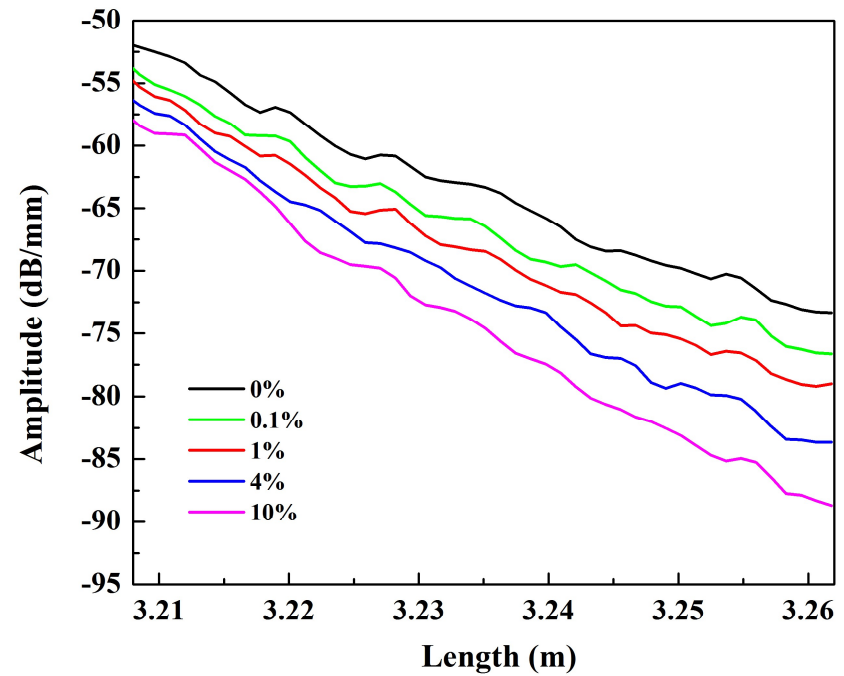
Now... Distributed H₂ Measurement Again...



Before... (700C)

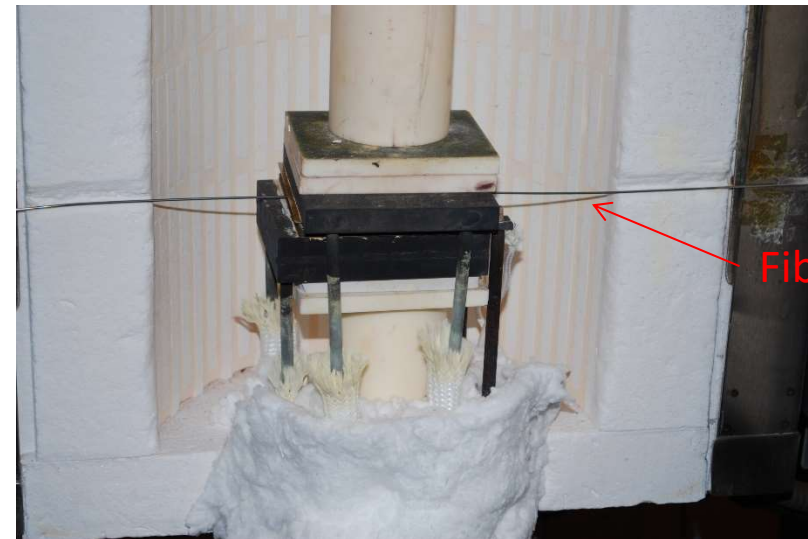
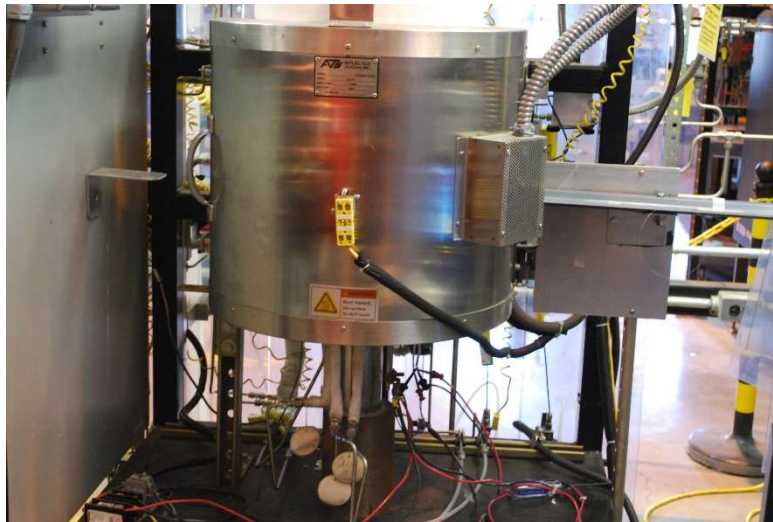


After... (750C)





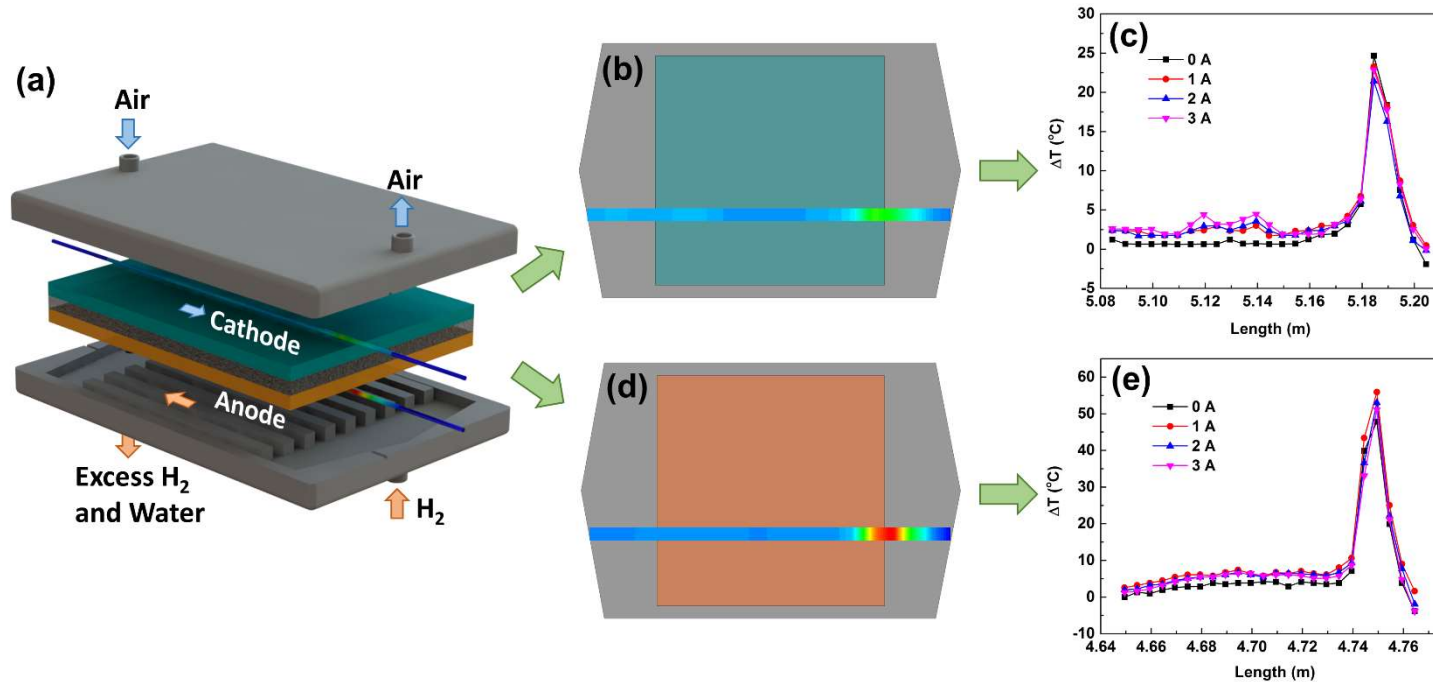
Fuel Cell Tests



- It is possible that distributed T and Chemical sensing can be achieved with 4-mm and 1-mm spatial resolution using a single fiber.
- This sensing scheme can be used to probe other fuel cell chemistry and other energy chemistry at high temperature ($<700\text{C}$)



Distributed T measurement in SOFC



Temperature in cathode and anode were measured respectively

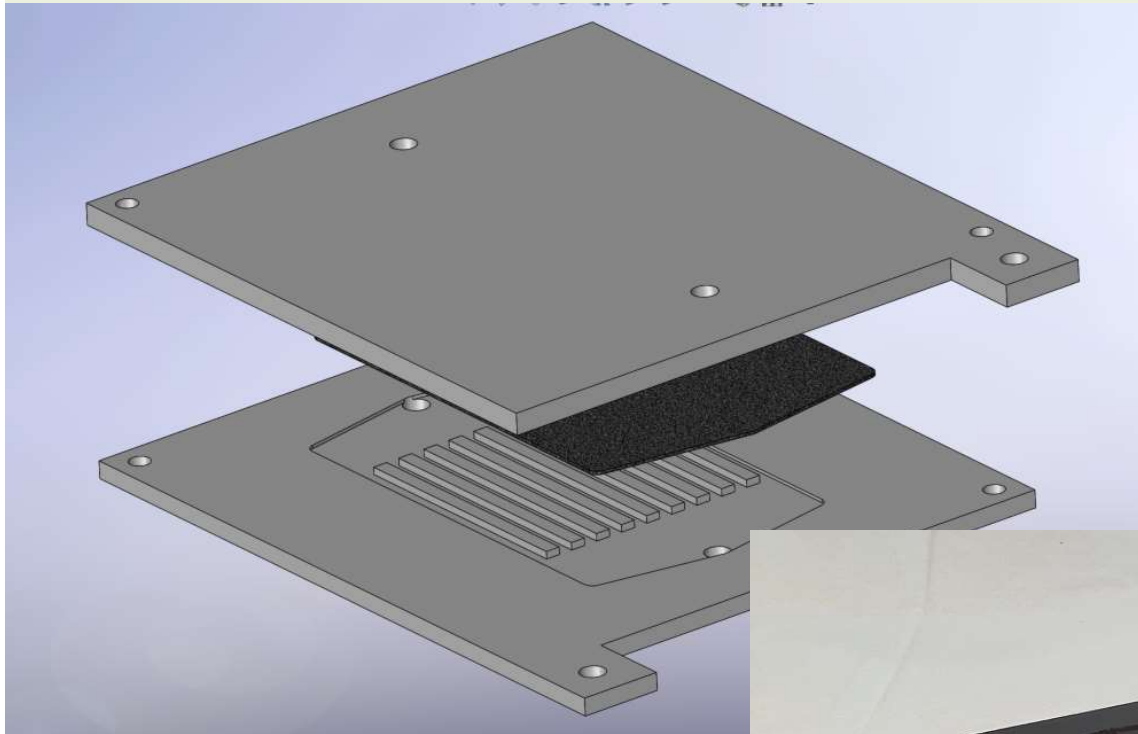
- 100% hydrogen fuel, current load 0 ~ 3 A.
- Temperature increase when fuel gas turned on
Anode : ~55 °C, Cathode: ~ 25°C
- Temperature change with different current loads < 5°C



Sensor-Enabled Design Optimization



- **Current Fuel Cell Plates: only consider electrical properties**

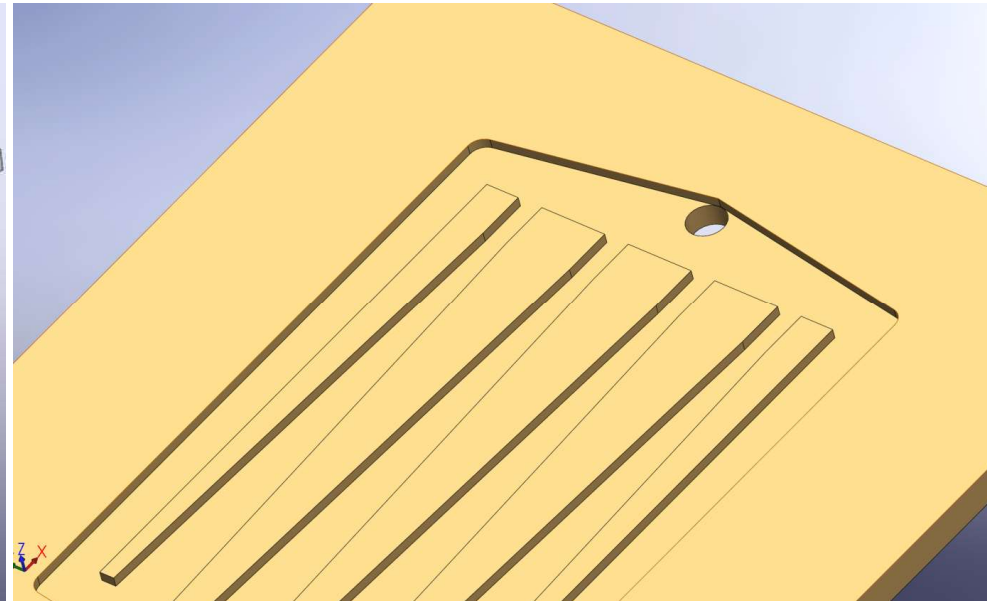
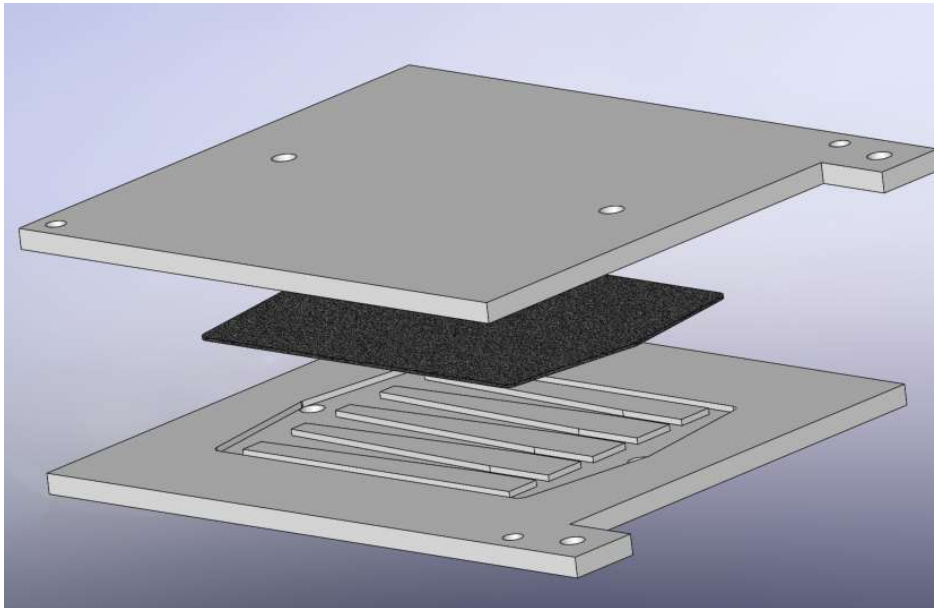




Sensor-Enabled Design Optimization



- Configuration optimization to improve gas fuel (then chemical reaction) to improve the T/Chemical reactor profile in fuel cell.

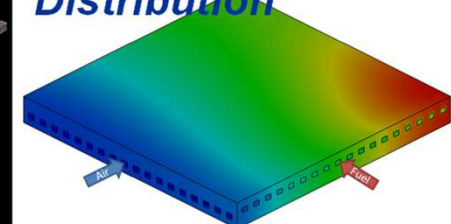




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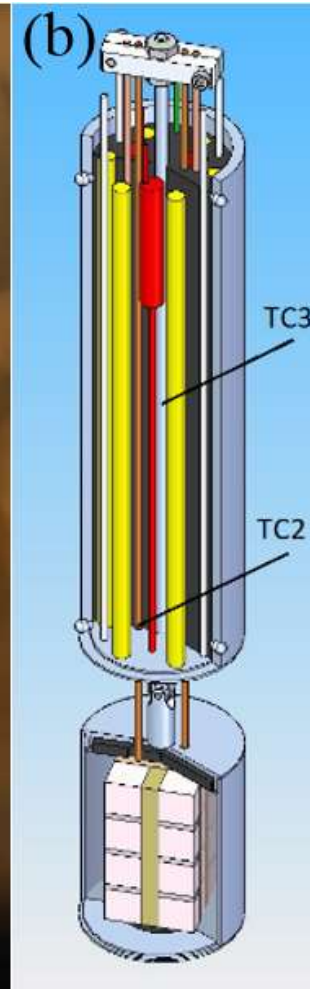
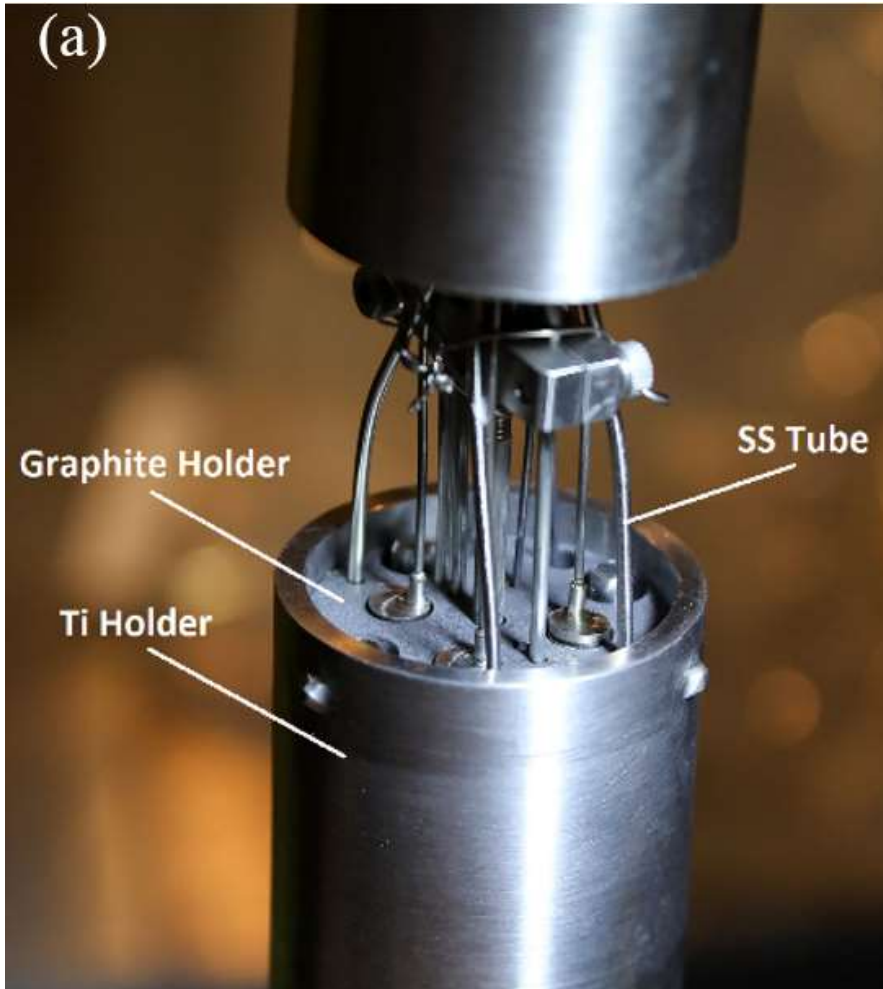


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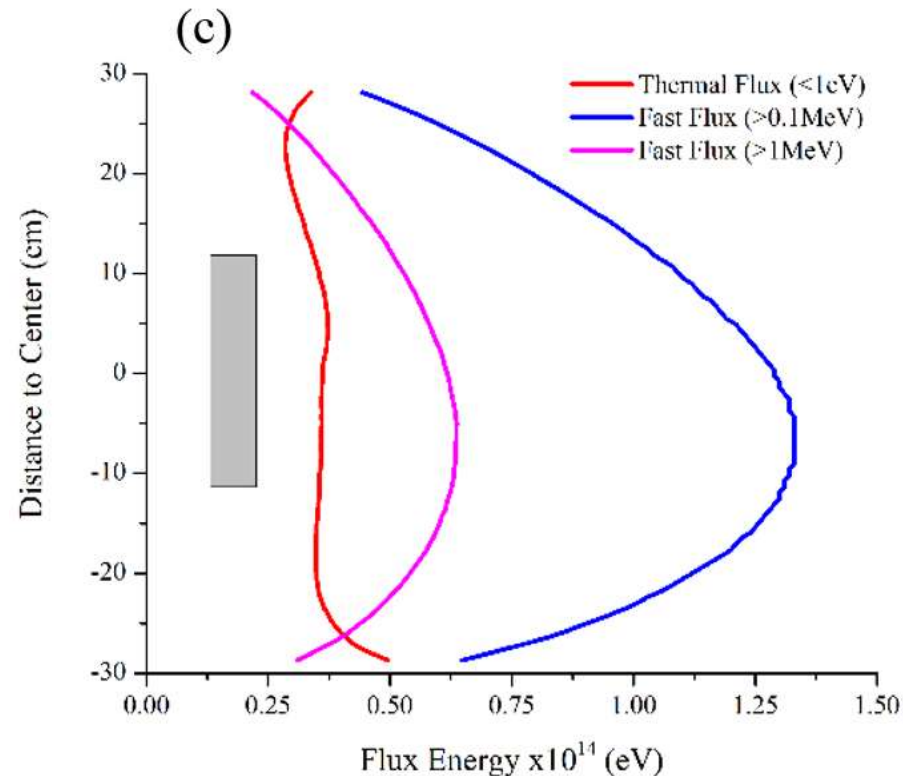
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Cross-Cutting: Sensor developed for fossil fuel now used in nuclear energy

MITR In-Core Testing of Fiber Sensors

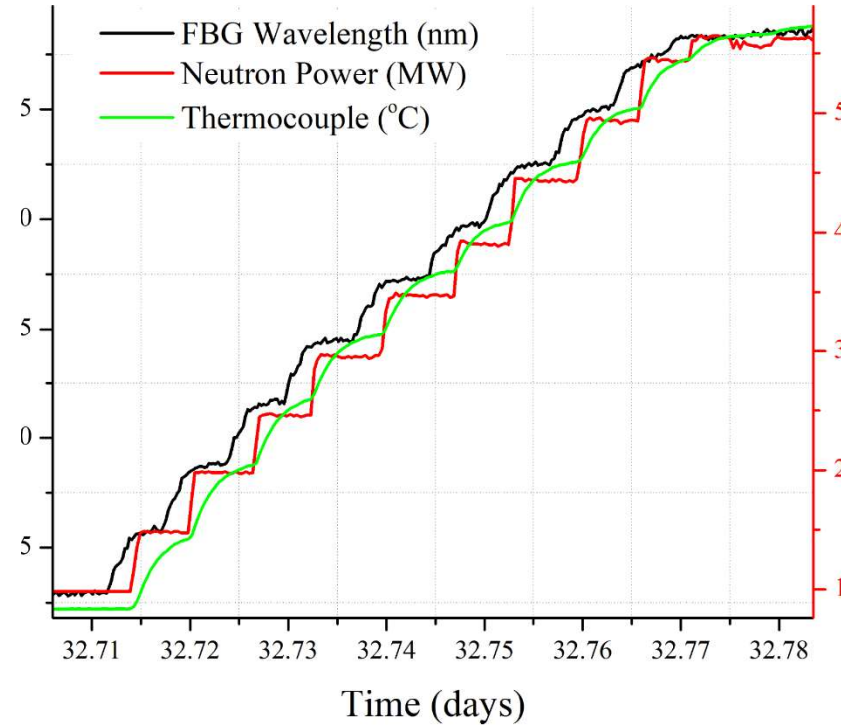
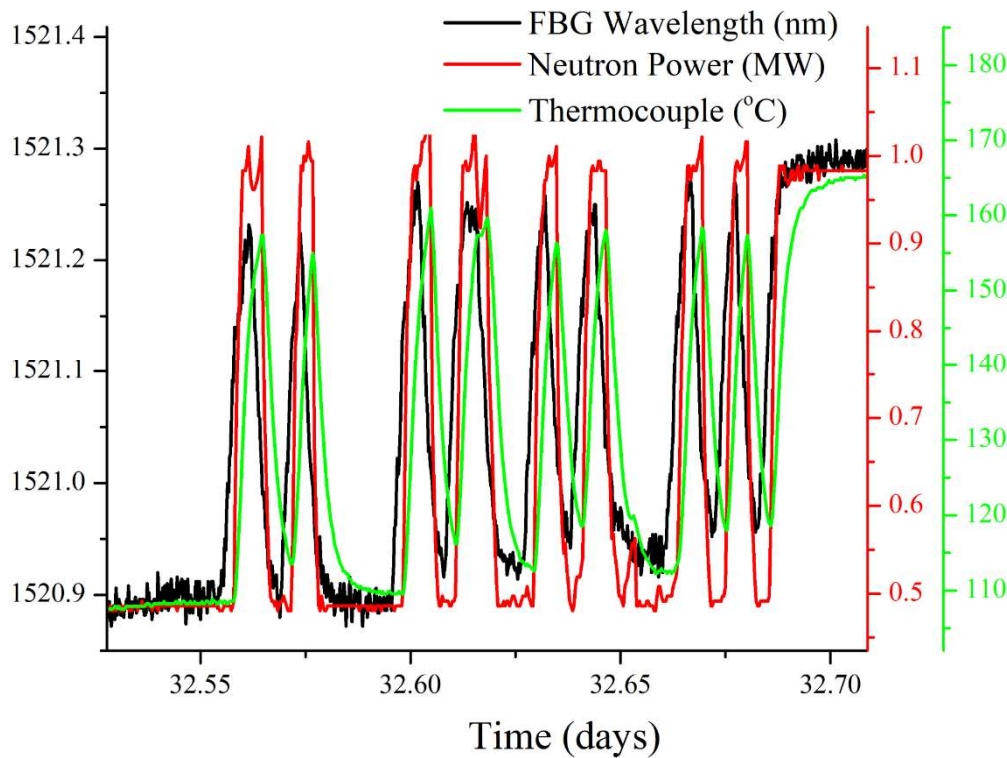


Cross-Cutting: Fiber Sensors in Reactor Cores

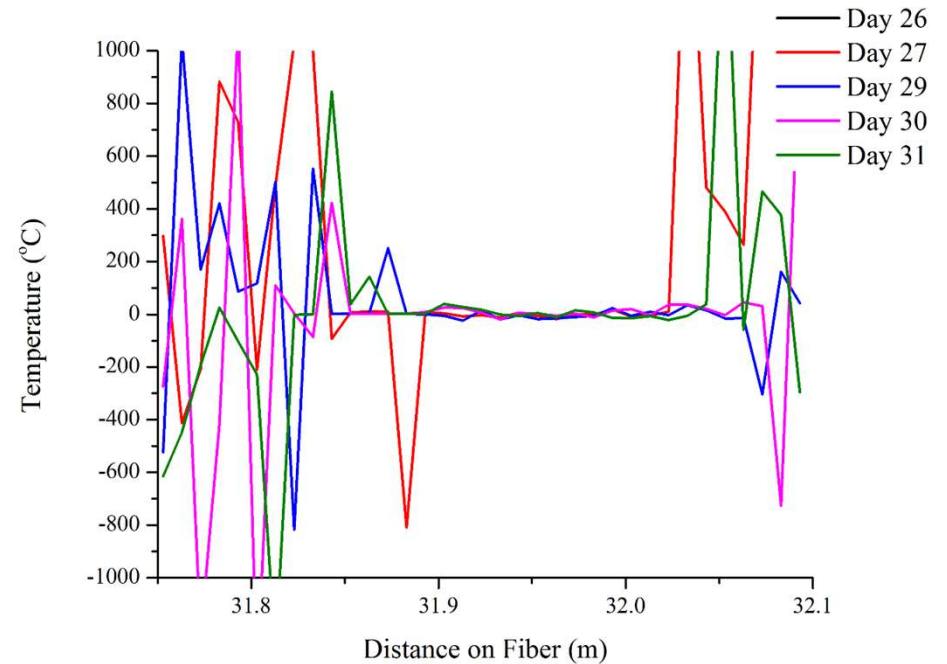
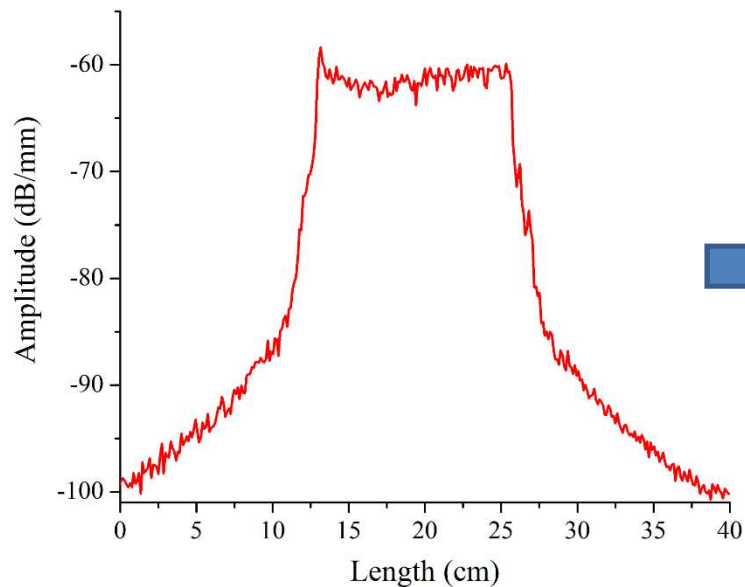


- Radiation started on May 5, 2017, scheduled for 1 year, so far >100 days
- Target temperature 650C
- Fast neutron flux $>1.5 \times 10^{14}$ n/s*cm²
- Real-time monitoring (remote access) – every 20 seconds for a period of 150 days so far

Can we monitor this reactor “anomaly”? --- YES



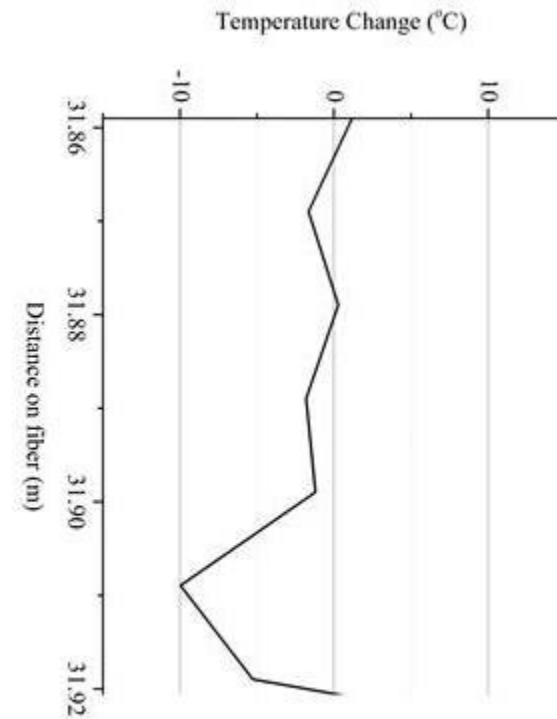
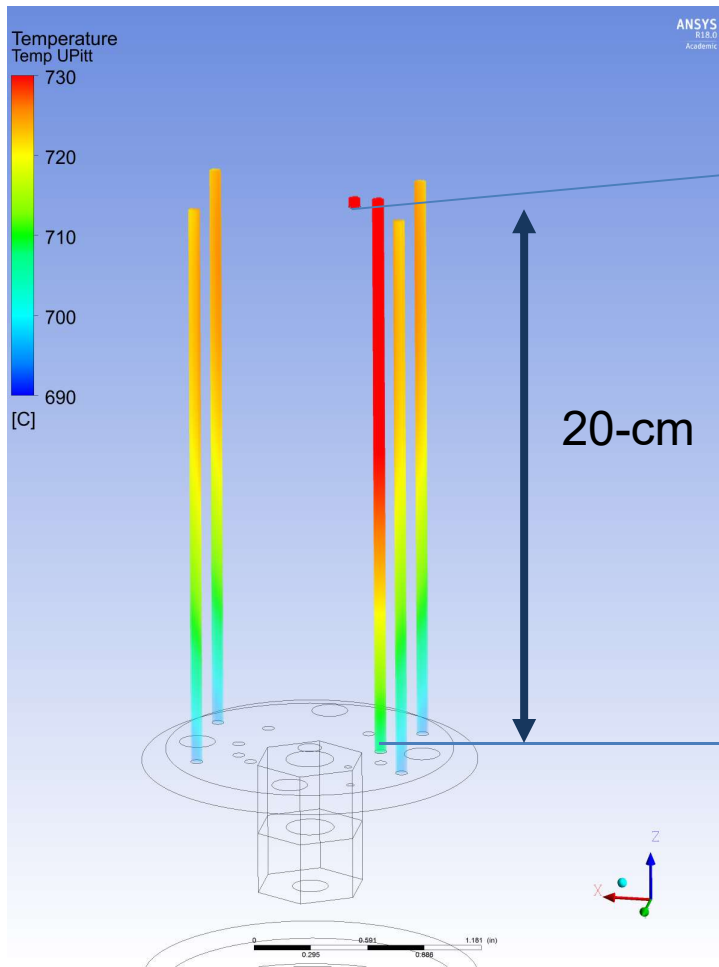
Distributed Fiber Sensors



- 12-cm section of fiber enhanced by ultrafast laser
- Temperature stability confirmed at 800C
- Rayleigh enhancement up to 40-dB (critical)

Temperature Profile Measurement! (1-cm resolution)

Lower-half Sensor Capsule





Summary

- **Fiber sensors will play greater roles in energy industry especially in cross-cutting areas.**
- **Innovation in optical fiber Sensor is a truly integrated and looping efforts from fiber, to manufacturing, to deployment, to design optimization, and back .**
- **Interdisciplinary collaboration essential.**

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Thank you!



Questions?

Collaboration Welcomed!

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