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Advanced Ceramic Materials and Packaging Technologies for Realizing Sensors Operable up to 1800 Celsius in Advanced Energy Generation Systems

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Overview

- Sporian Introduction
- Project Motivation
- Prior, Related Work
- Current Effort Progress Update



About Sporian Microsystems

• Sporian develops advanced sensors and sensor systems for a range of applications.

Core Technical Competencies

Novel Materials
Science

Leading edge signal Conditioning & Smart Electronics

Advanced
Electronics &
Hardware
Packaging

Advanced Sensor Technologies

Biological & Chemical

- Water Quality
- Gas Composition
- Biomedical
- Hyperspectral Imaging

Energy & Aerospace

- Very High Temperature
- Harsh Environments
- Asset monitoring
- PHM





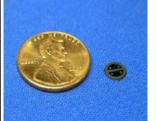














Overview of Sporian's Harsh Environment/High Temperature MEMS Sensors and Packaging

R&D focus area on high-temperature sensors and packaging

- Directly monitor the most harsh/costly sections of equipment
 - Pressure, temperature, flow, flame ionization, strain, etc.
 - Packaging a critical enabler
- Started with DOE-funded basic science SBIR 2003
- Aerospace (turbine engines)
 - Air Force, Navy, NASA funded
- Energy generation (gas turbines, coal gasification, nuclear, CSP, etc.)
 - DOE funded
- Prior work predominantly focused on <1400 °C application
- Current <u>DOE project</u> focusing on extending capabilities to 1800 °C





Motivation

- Higher turbine efficiencies achievable at higher combustion temperatures (≤1800 °C depending on fuel).
- Existing thermocouples (TCs) for combustor monitoring are expensive and short-lived
 - Practical only in design phase of turbine life-cycle.
- TCs used at turbine exhaust (lower temp) to infer combustor temperature -- limits efficiency
- Additional efficiency gains possible with dynamic pressure measurement.



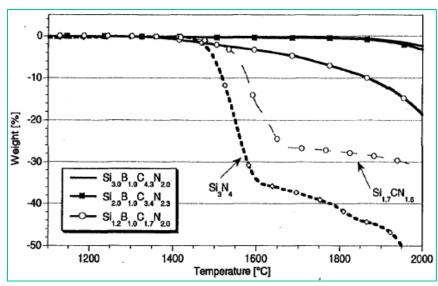
Ultra-High Temperature SiCN Ceramics

- SiCN has shown excellent HT thermo-mechanical properties.
- Sporian existing polymer-derived ceramic (PDC) SiCN formulations can work safely under 1350 °C
- SiBCN is thermally stable up to 1800 °C

Selected Literature Review of SiBCN

Empirical Formula	Maximum Stable Temperature	Selected Reference from More than 100 Papers/Reviews
$\begin{array}{c} \text{Si}_{2.9} \text{B}_{1.0} \text{C}_{14.0} \text{N}_{2.9} \\ \text{Si}_{5.3} \text{B}_{1.0} \text{C}_{19.0} \text{N}_{3.4} \end{array}$	2200°C-30min	Wang and Riedel, 2001
Si _{3.0} B _{1.0} C _{4.3} N _{2.0}	~2000°C	Riedel, 1996
Si _{1.0} B _{1.0} C _{1.6} N _{2.4}	~1785°C	Wilfert and Jansen, 2012
Si _{1.0} B _{1.0} C _{1.7} N _{2.3}	~1700°C	Weinmann, 2008
Si _{2.0} B _{1.0} C _{3.4} N _{2.3}	~1600°C	Zhang, 2011
$Si_{1.0}B_{1.0}C_{2.0}N_{2.8}$	>1400°C	Tang, 2009

Weight Loss at High Temperatures (in UHP He)



Challenges:

- Synthesis of new precursors
- Viscosity control for workability/patternability
- UV cure capability to make useful devices
- Optimized pyrolysis processing
- Contamination and defect control for thermal stability



Prior, Related Work <1400 °C - PDCs Features, Advantages and Benefits

Features	Advantages	Benefits
Polymer-derived ceramic (PDC) materials	 Operating temperature >1000 °C w/o liquid cooling or fiber routing Pressures ≥1000 psia High oxidation/corrosion resistance Thermal shock resistance Low creep rate & diffusion rate 	 Lower weight, smaller size Lower cost, low-maintenance Higher durability Higher operational availability
Temperature / pressure sensor suite	 Improved T-compensation of pressure measurements Opportunity for redundancy and/or multi- sensor package 	Lower weight, smaller sizeHigher accuracy
Immersion sensing at source	 Eliminate stand-off tubes Avoid tube moisture collection 	 Lower cost, higher accuracy Reduced weight Improved dynamic response Reduced latency Avoid failure mechanism
Electronics-based	Compatible with existing controls & CBM	Lower cost



Prior, Related Work <1400 °C Performance

Specification	PIWG* Target	Achieved by Sporian
Pressure Range (psi)	25-750	Atm-1000
Operation Temperature (°C)	700-1350	25-1350
Natural Frequency	>100 kHz	TBD
Internally Compensated Temp. Range (°C)	700-1350	700-1350
Length (in)	1.25-3.00	1-10 (modifiable)
Diameter (in)	<0.25	0.25
Sensitivity/Combined Uncertainties	≤ 1% FS	≤ 1% FS
Power (VDC)	5-10	12 V (modifiable)

^{*}Propulsion Instrumentation Working Group



Prior, Related Work <1400 °C

Demonstrations (various projects)

Asset	Station	Hours *	Max T (°C)	Max P (psi)
Laboratory	N/A	-	1400	1000
Mult. OEM Burner Rigs	N/A	535	**	**
DOE Burner Rig	N/A	150	1000	30
Honeywell HTF 7000	P3	24	**	**
GE (NAVAIR) T700	P3	200	**	**
OEM Engine	P3, P4, P4.5	100	**	**

Asset	Туре	Hours *	Max T (°C)	Max P (psi)
Sandia Nitrate Salt Soak	Flow/P/T	500	300	N/A
UW Chloride Salt Soak	Flow/P/T	500	750	N/A
UW Nitrate Salt Soak	Flow/P/T	500	500	N/A
Skyfuel Molten Salt Loop	Flow/P/T	80	300	50
USGS: Neutron 10 ¹⁹ n/cm ²	various	N/A	N/A	N/A

^{*} Test durations dictated by budgets. All sensors were fully operational after test completion.

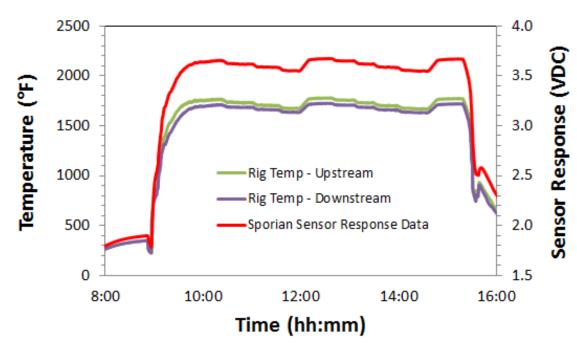
^{**} Proprietary



NETL Rig Testing Results

Aerothermal Rig





2014 Preliminary Results:

Testing date: 10/29, 11/5, 11/12/2014

• 3x test cycles

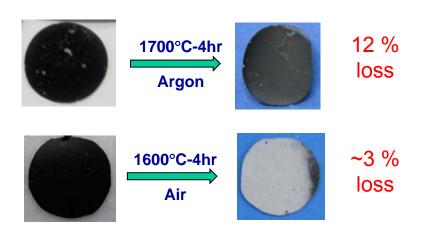
Maximum T: 1100 °C

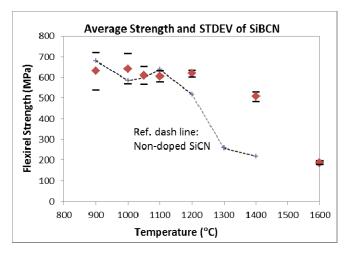
Total duration: 30 hours

Stable response and performance

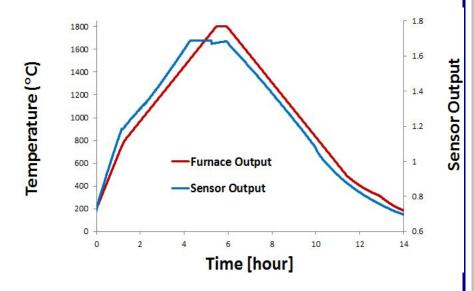


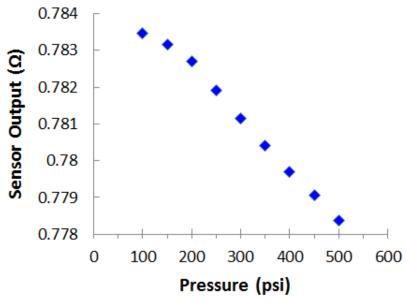
Phase II In Brief





- Developed sensors and packaging capable of 1800 °C operation
- Conducted pressure response testing on 1600 °C-capable probe







Current Effort Progress Update

- Extend Sporian's Existing Ceramic Sensors and Packaging Technology to Ultra-high Temperatures (UHT): 1600-1800°C
- Build on PII tasks for sensors, packaging, electronics to push capabilities to 1800 °C
- 1. Work with OEMs to guide the design and development of UHT sensor technology: Commercialization and transition efforts.
- 2. Continue optimizing PDC precursor formulation and device fabrication to further extend capability to 1800 °C
- 3. Develop improved UHT P/T sensors, packaging, and drive/conditioning electronics
- 4. Rigorous lab-scale testing of optimized sensors/packaging to promote post Phase IIA transition, **emphasize reliability assessment**
- 5. Revise sensor suite designs based on test results, construct next generation prototypes, and demonstrate a full prototype sensor in stakeholder test systems



OEM Collaboration/Coordination

- Strong interest, requirements, and some in-kind support from:
 - Turbine OEMs
 - Controls/CBM OEMs
 - Industry Research Institutions & Consortia



- Academic Institutions
- Established sensor OEMs



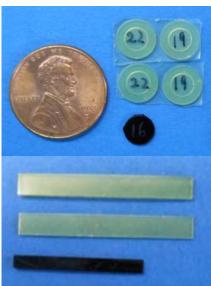
Synthesis, Evaluation of Fully Dense SiBCN

- Synthesized boron-doped polysilazane with good workability/stability
- Incorporated UV-curability to polyborosilazane precursors
- Achieved dense SiBCN ceramic materials and defect-free parts

UV-Curable Precursor and Fired SiBCN

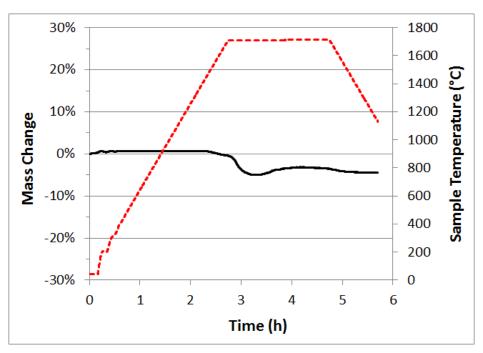






B-doped Polymer and SiBCN Sensor and Coupons

Thermogravimetric Analysis of SiBCN



2 h at 1700 °C in air: ~ 5 % loss

- Sensor-ready material
- In line with best-case literature (powders)



Sporian SiBCN in Phase IIA

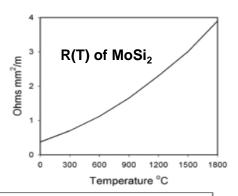
- B-doped composition focus optimize precursor process, green part fabrication and handling, and fullydense part and device processing
- Increase thermal stability in application-relevant environments
- Evaluate mechanical and chemical properties at increased temperatures
- Incorporate into sensor packaging for 1800 °C temperature and 1600 °C pressure sensor suites



Ultra-High Temp MoSi₂-based Sensors

Sporian Sensor Materials, Prototypes:

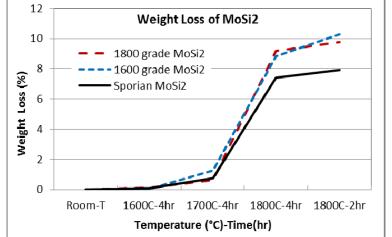
- Re-shapeable and stackable green tape, thick film inks as well
- Micro-fabrication and laser machinability
- High density (98 %) and high strength (351 MPa)
- Thermal stability and oxidation resistance at 1800 °C
- Comparable to the commercially available UHT grade (heater elements)
- Compatible CTE with alumina substrates and tapes

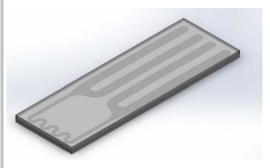


Sintered Structures and Packaged MoSi₂ Temp Sensor Element



Embedded MoSi2 RTD Temp Sensor – design and results







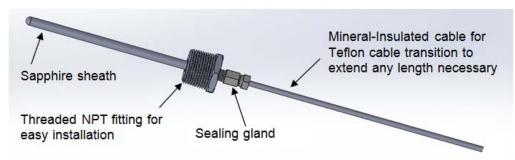
Challenges:

- Thermal stability
- Optimizing embedding layers for sensor efficiency, accuracy
- Interconnects to sensor electronics



Current Prototype 1800 °C Temperature Sensor (Designed for NETL Rig Testing)

Sporian Sensor Packaging Design and Probe Assembly







'Smart' Signal Conditioning Electronics

Features:

- Sapphire-sheathed UHT sensor packaging.
- Probe suitable for high pressures, high temperatures and particulate exposure.
- "Smart" signal conditioning electronics can drive the sensor over its entire operational range and measure the response.

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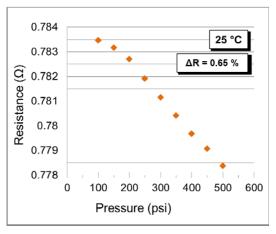
HT Testing of Sporian Prototypes

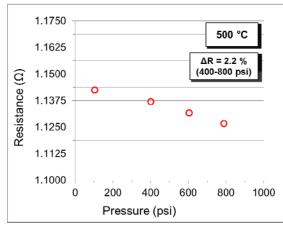


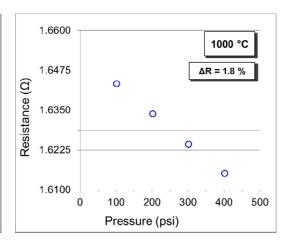
Test under Pressure at Temp:

- Exterior reference TC to track temperature
- 25, 500, and 1000 °C
- 15 800 psi
- Sensor response increased with increasing pressure
- Sensor and package stable, no degradation

Sporian In-House Pressure Test



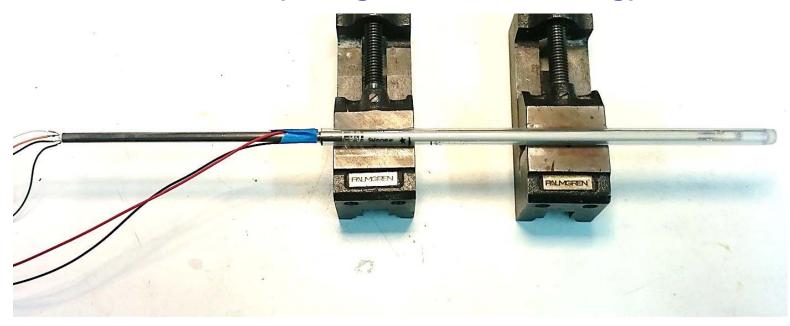






Current HT Stability Testing

(Designed for SwRI Rig)



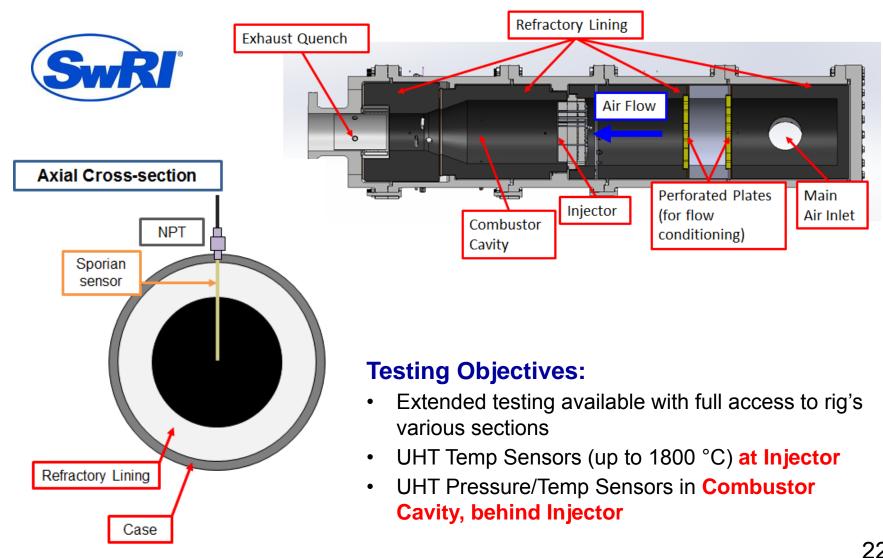
HT Test in-house:

- Heated to 1800 °C in air
- 1 h hold
- Element and *in-situ* TC stable post-test
- Packaging stable no cracking, warping, or degradation



SwRI PHTFF Rig Testing – Upcoming in PIIA

Pressurized High-Temperature Flow Facility (PHTFF)





Summary

- Optimizing UV-curable/patternable PDC precursor materials and processing
- 2. Enhancing thermal, mechanical, and chemical stability of PDC materials and alternatives (MoSi₂) in sensor prototypes
- 3. UHT packaging temperature probes survived 1800 °C in lab and 1100 °C 30 h NETL Aerothermal Rig Test
- 4. Preparing for extended testing in SwRI PHTFF rig to evaluate 1800 °C temp sensors and 1600 °C pressure sensors



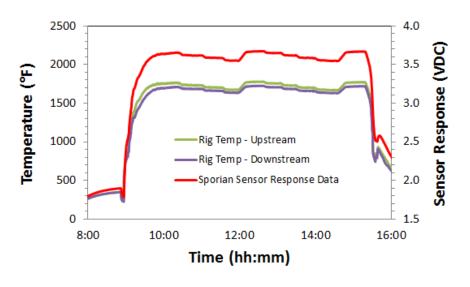
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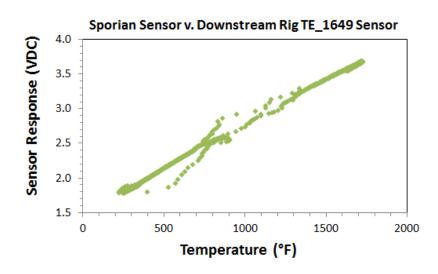
Questions?

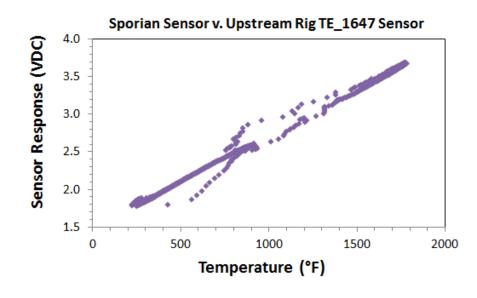
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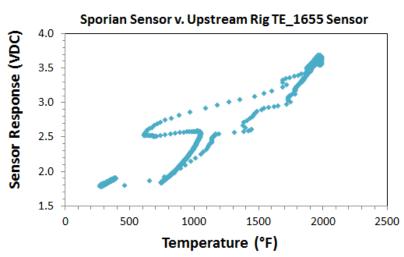


NETL Aerothermal Rig Testing Results









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