

# Progress in SECA Coal-Based Program

**12<sup>th</sup> Annual SECA Workshop**  
**Pittsburgh, PA**  
**July 26-28, 2011**

**Hossein Ghezeli-Ayagh, *FuelCell Energy, Inc.***



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Versa Power  
Systems

## ■ Introduction

- FCE SECA Program Team Members

## ■ SECA Coal-Based SOFC Program Overview

## ■ Progress in SOFC Technology

- Cell Development and Manufacturing

## ■ Stack Development

- Scale-up and Metric Tests

## ■ Proof-of-Concept Module (PCM) Development

- Stack Module

## ■ Baseline System Design and Cost Analyses

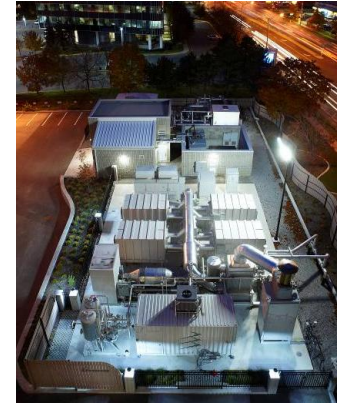
- Integrated Gasification Fuel Cell (IGFC) System Configuration
- Baseline Power Plant Cost Estimate

## ■ Conclusion and Future Plans



# FuelCell Energy (FCE)

- Premier developer of stationary fuel cells with >40 years of experience
- Headquarters and R&D in Danbury, CT (USA), with 65,000 ft<sup>2</sup> manufacturing facility in Torrington, CT (USA)
- Delivering Direct FuelCell<sup>®</sup> (DFC<sup>®</sup>) power plants to commercial and industrial customers
  - 182 MW installed and in backlog
  - Over 80 plants generating power at more than 50 sites globally
- Product sales and service backlog in excess of \$200 million
- Established commercial relationships with major distributors in the Americas, Europe, and Asia
- Developing large-scale coal-based power plants as well as natural gas distributed generation (DG) systems utilizing planar SOFC



*Multi- MW DFC-ERG in  
Toronto, Canada*



*600 kW plant at a food processor*



*1.4 MW at a municipal building*



*2.4 MW plant owned by an IPP*



*11.2 MW plant owned by an IPP*



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# Versa Power Systems (VPS)

- **Privately held company**
  - > Founded as joint venture of Solid Oxide Fuel Cell Consortium in 2001
  - > Headquartered in Littleton, Colorado, United States
  - > SOFC development facility in Calgary, Alberta, Canada
- **Planar solid oxide fuel cell technology**
  - > Achieved high electrical power densities and long life using low-cost materials
  - > Established manufacturing processes scalable to high volume production rates
- **Current product effort focus on SECA stacks**
  - > Developed and verified modular approach providing size flexibility
  - > Existing 32,000 ft<sup>2</sup> facility has capacity for initial market production



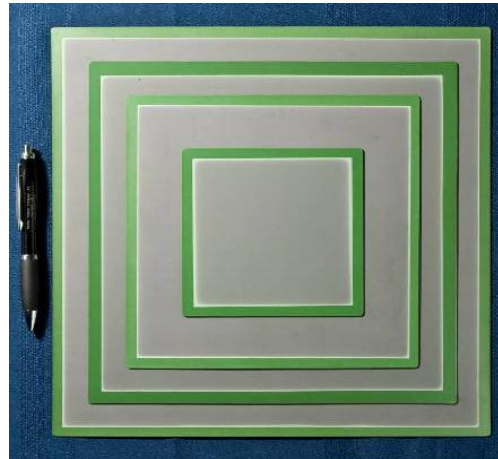
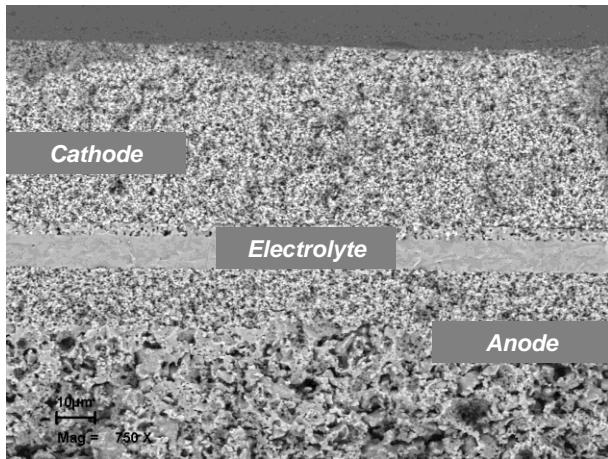
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# SOFC Cell and Stack Technology Background

- Planar anode supported cells (up to 33 x 33 cm<sup>2</sup>)
- Capable of operating from 650 C to 800°C
- Ferritic stainless steel sheet metal interconnect
- Cross-flow gas delivery with manifolds integrated into the interconnect but not through the cell
- Compressible ceramic gasket seals
- Standardized stack blocks configurable into stack towers for various power applications



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# Program Technology Area

FCE's program focuses on the development of solid oxide fuel cell (SOFC) cell and stack technology suitable for use in highly-efficient, economically-competitive central generation power plant facilities fueled by coal derived synthesis gas (syngas).

## Program Goals

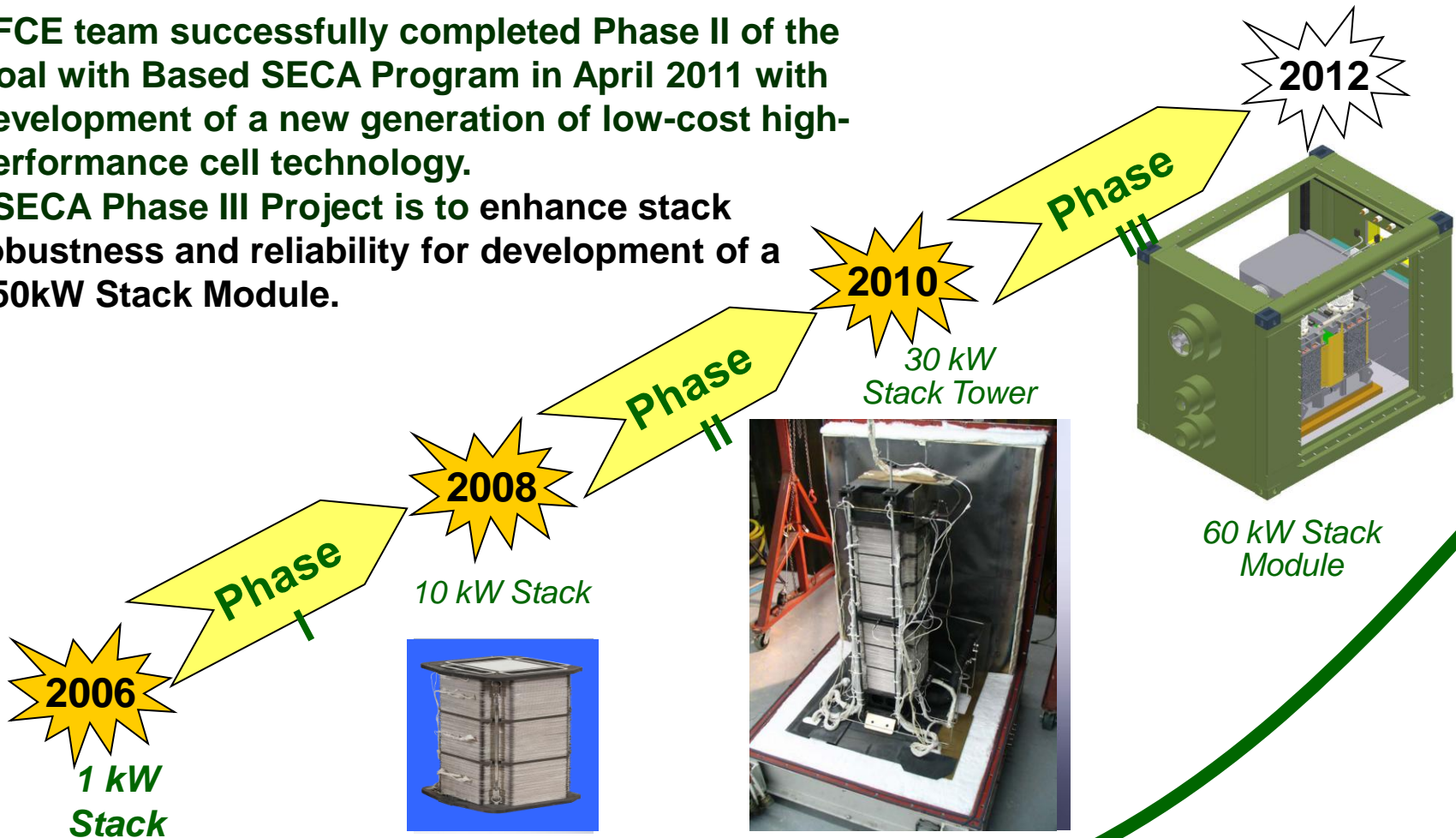
### Development of large scale (>100 MWe) coal-based SOFC systems with:

- At least 50% electrical efficiency from coal (higher heating value)
- Performance to meet DOE specified metrics for power output, degradation, availability, and reliability
- Fuel cell power island factory cost <\$400/kW (2000 USD)
- More than 90% of carbon capture from coal syngas, as CO<sub>2</sub> for sequestration
- Reduced water consumption as compared to the existing coal power plant technologies



# Coal-Based SECA Program Status

- FCE team successfully completed Phase II of the Coal with Based SECA Program in April 2011 with development of a new generation of low-cost high-performance cell technology.
- SECA Phase III Project is to enhance stack robustness and reliability for development of a >50kW Stack Module.



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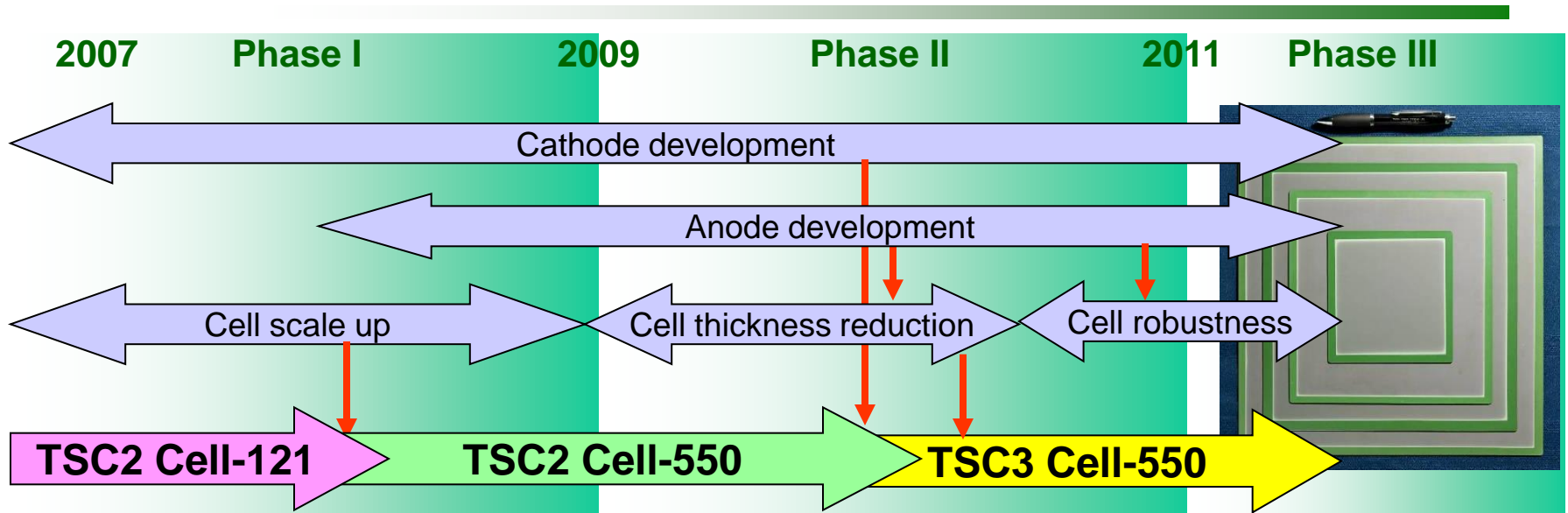
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# Cell Development Accomplishments



## ◆ Cathode Development

- ☑ Enhanced Performance and Endurance
- ☑ Reduced Operating Temperature
- ☑ Increased Operating Window

## ◆ Anode Development

- ☑ Reduced Cell Thickness
- ☑ Enhanced Performance at Higher Fuel Utilization and at Lower Temperature
- ☑ Enhanced Cell Mechanical Properties and Robustness

## ◆ Scale Up & Manufacturing Development

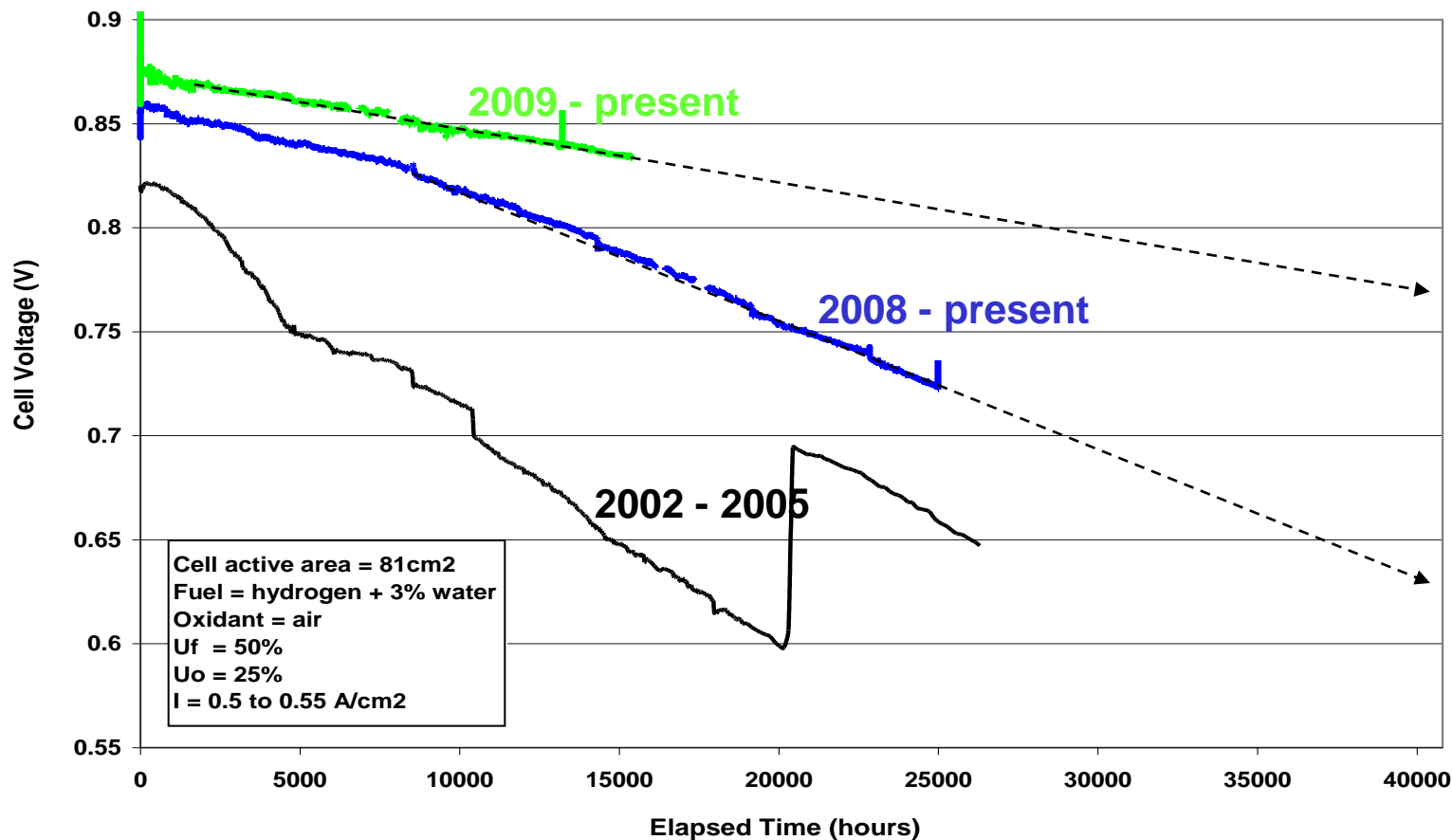
- ☑ Scaled up from 121 cm<sup>2</sup> → 550 cm<sup>2</sup> → 1000 cm<sup>2</sup>
- ☑ Established Manufacturing Processes for Baseline 550cm<sup>2</sup> Cells
- ☑ Completed Process Integration and Validation in Transitioning from TSC2 → TSC3 technology



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# The Evolution of Cell Technology



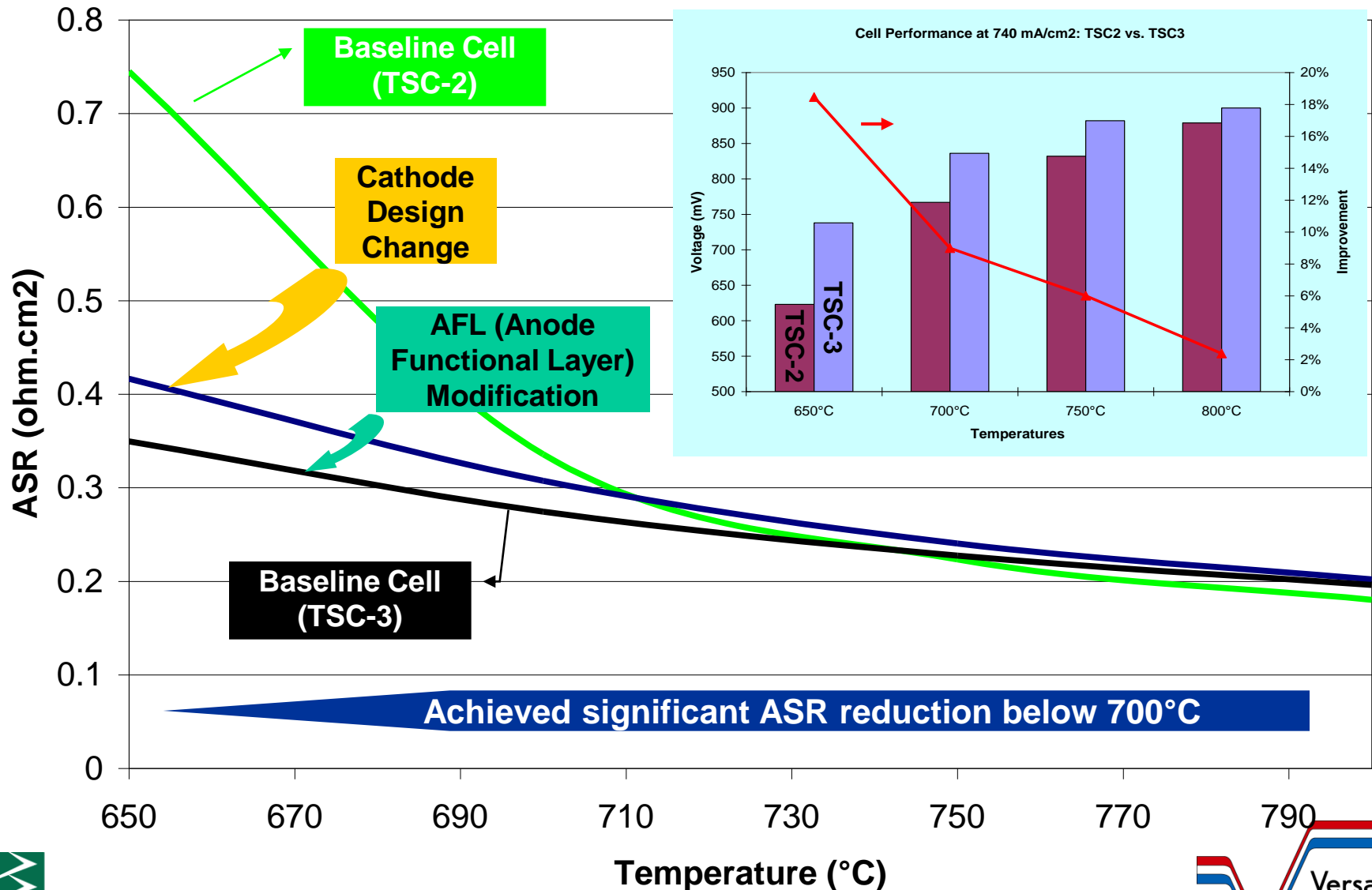
➔ Significant progress has been made toward enhancing cell performance and endurance.



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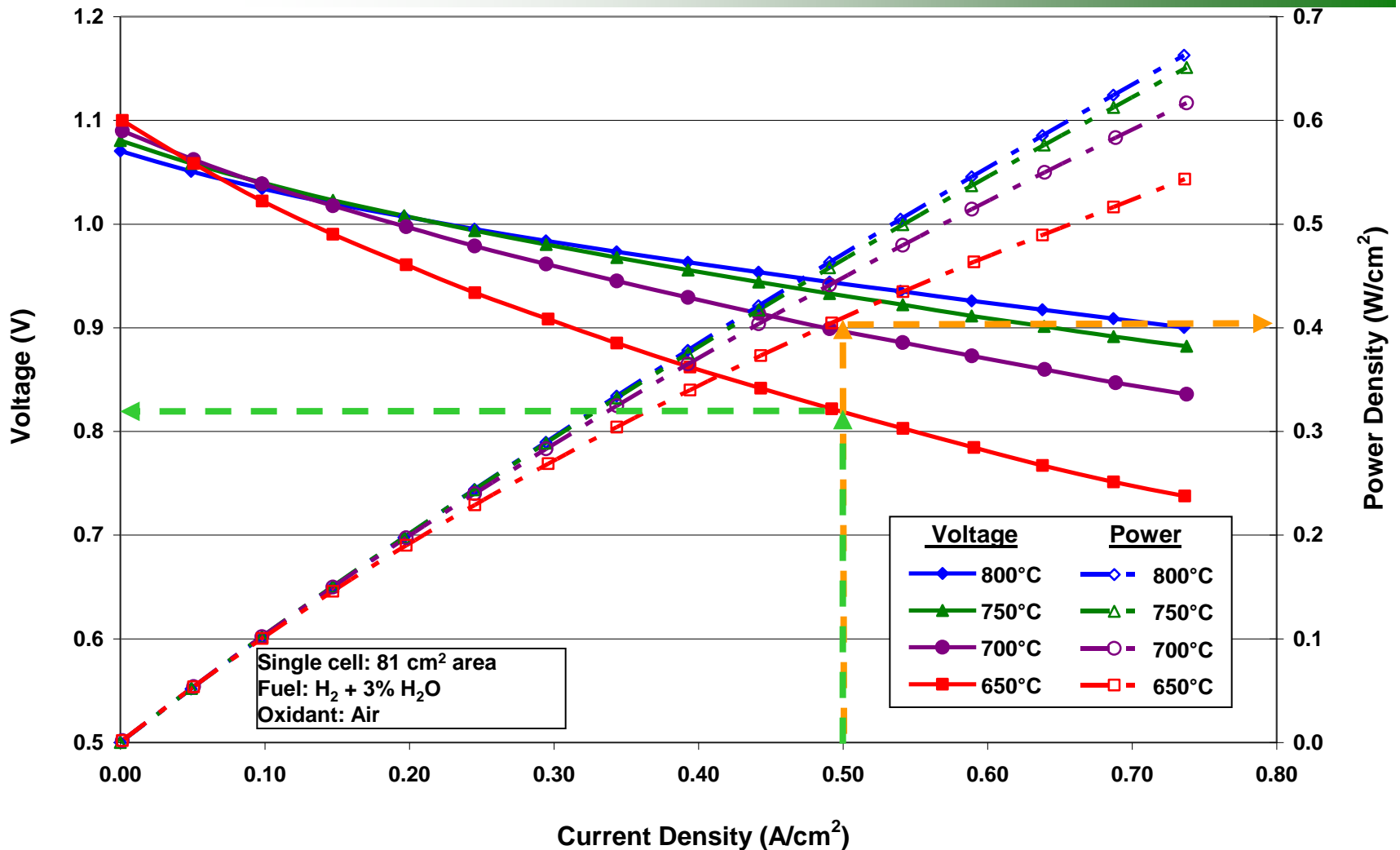


# ASR (Area Specific Resistance) Reduction and Performance Improvement





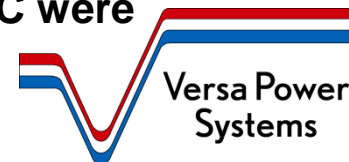
# Performance of Improved Cells



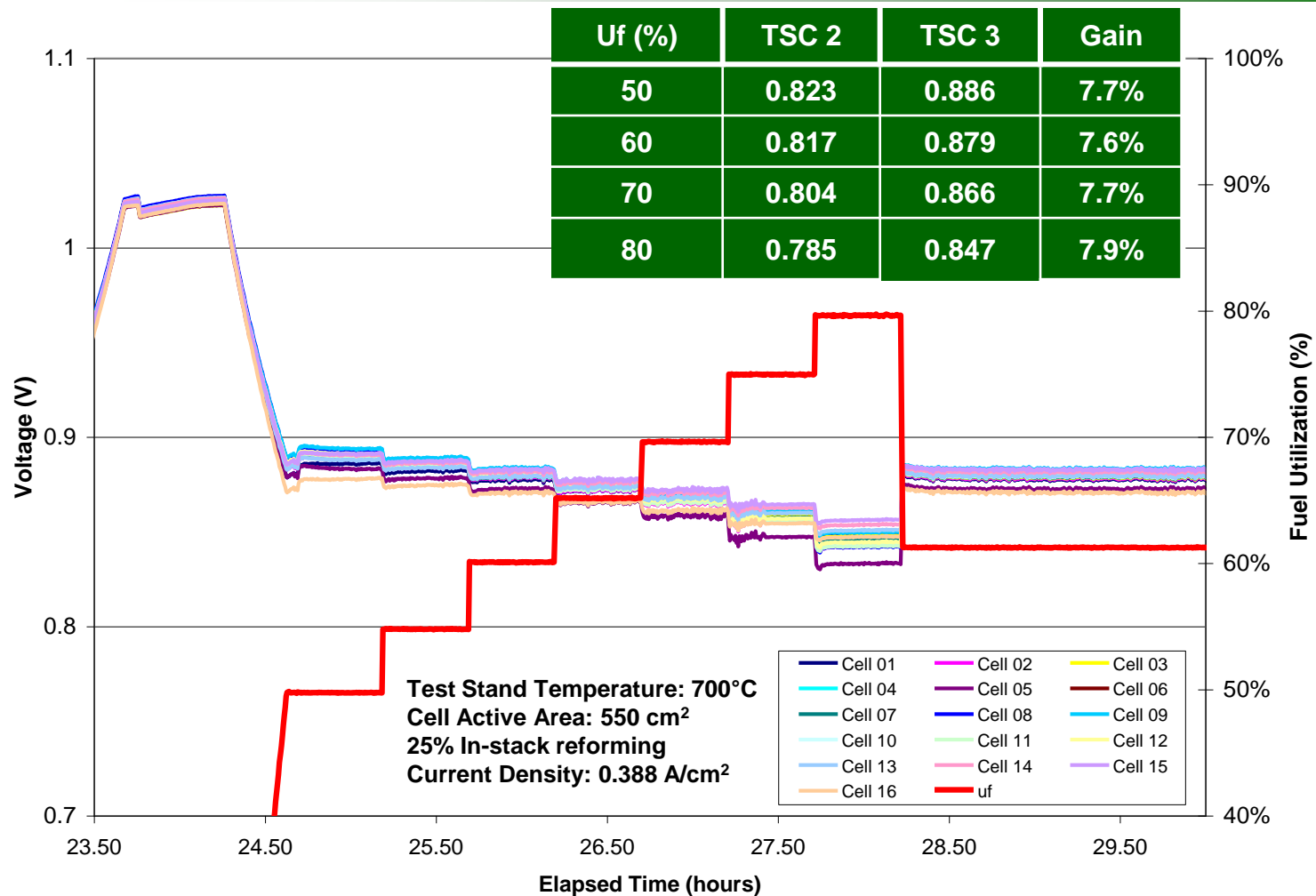
➡ Cell voltage of >800 mV and power density of 400 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> at 650 C were achieved.



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# Cell Performance Enhancement in Stack



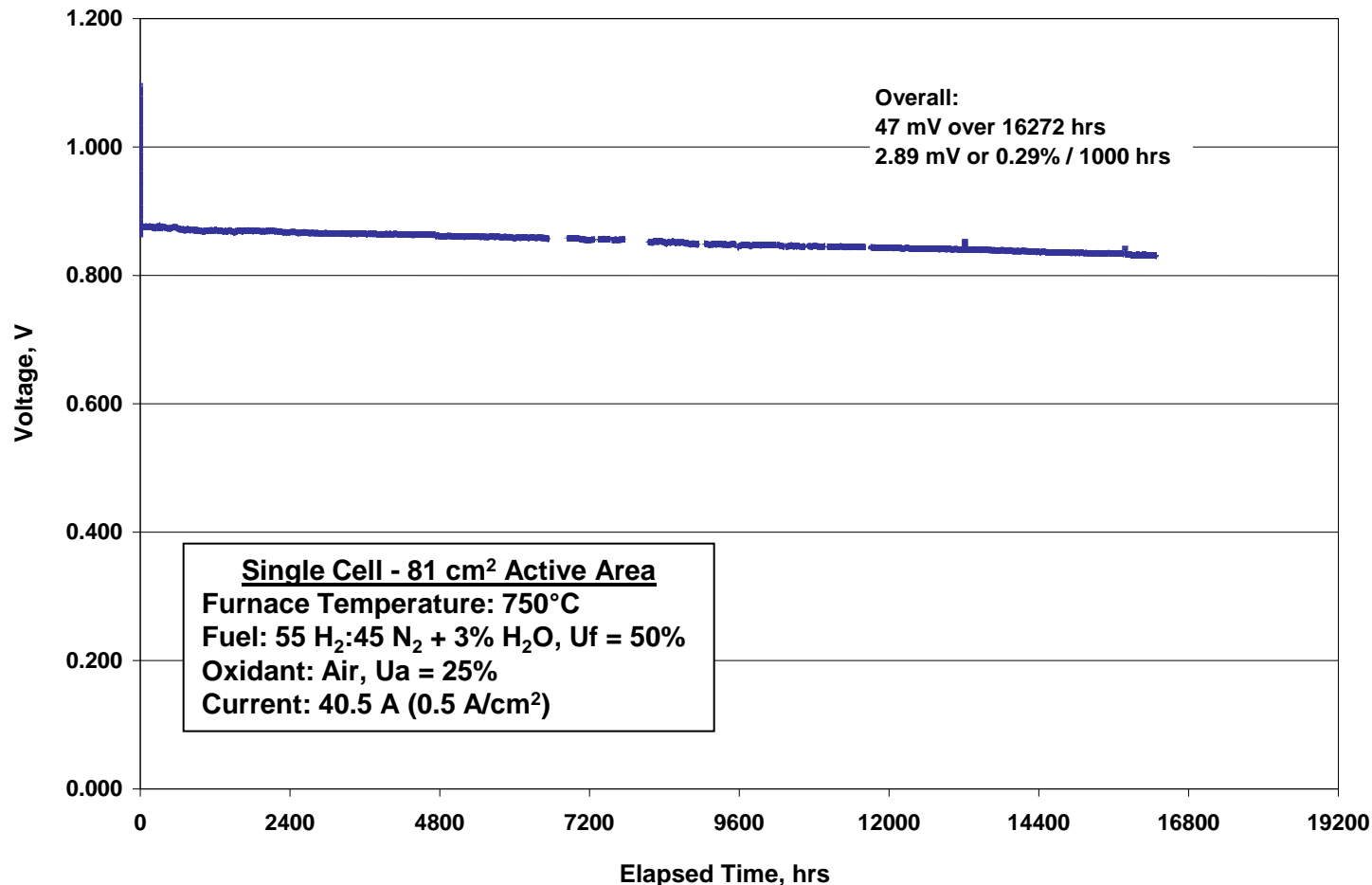
➔ **Scale-up TSC-3 cells with thin anodes have shown high performance at high fuel utilizations in a 16-cell stack.**



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# Single Cell Stability Achievements (750 C)



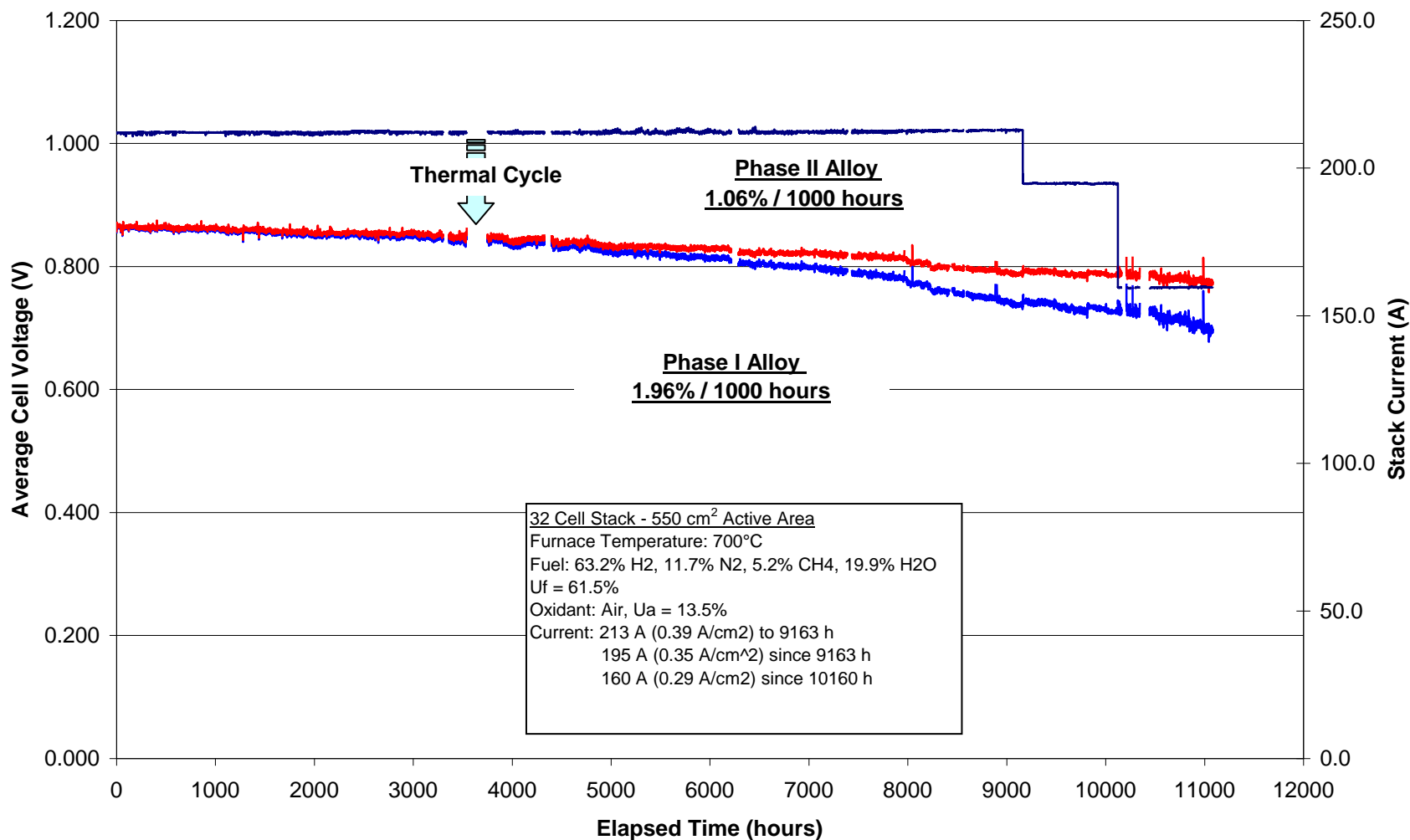
➔ Performance degradation rate of <0.3%/1000 h was achieved in 17,000 h of operation using new generation TSC-3 cell technology and interconnect alloy.



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# Parametric Testing of Alloys in a 32-cell Stack



➔ Phase II research has identified a superior alloy, offering higher oxidation resistance and a lower performance degradation rate.



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# Recent Achievements in Cell Fabrication Process



Tape Casting



Screen Printing



Co-sintering

- Established fabrication process capabilities for large area cells
  - > Cells up to 1000 cm<sup>2</sup> (33 x 33 cm<sup>2</sup>) in size were produced using TSC cell manufacturing process
  - > Capital equipment for all major process units was added in order to accommodate increased cell size and volume
- Developed and implemented the next generation of cell fabrication processes
  - > Cell thickness was reduced by more than 40%
- Fabricated > 5000 cells (25 x 25 cm<sup>2</sup>)
  - > Production volume of 500 kW (annual) was established and yield greater than 95% was demonstrated



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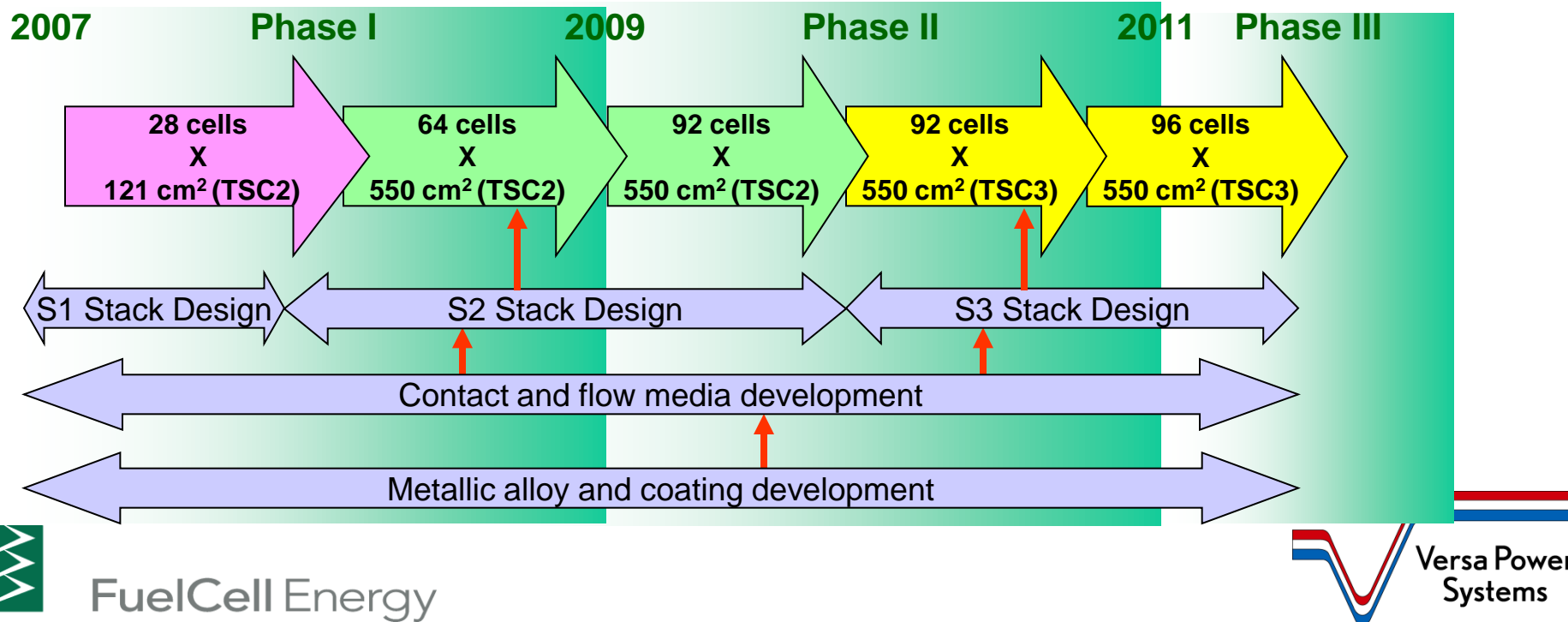


# Stack Development Accomplishments

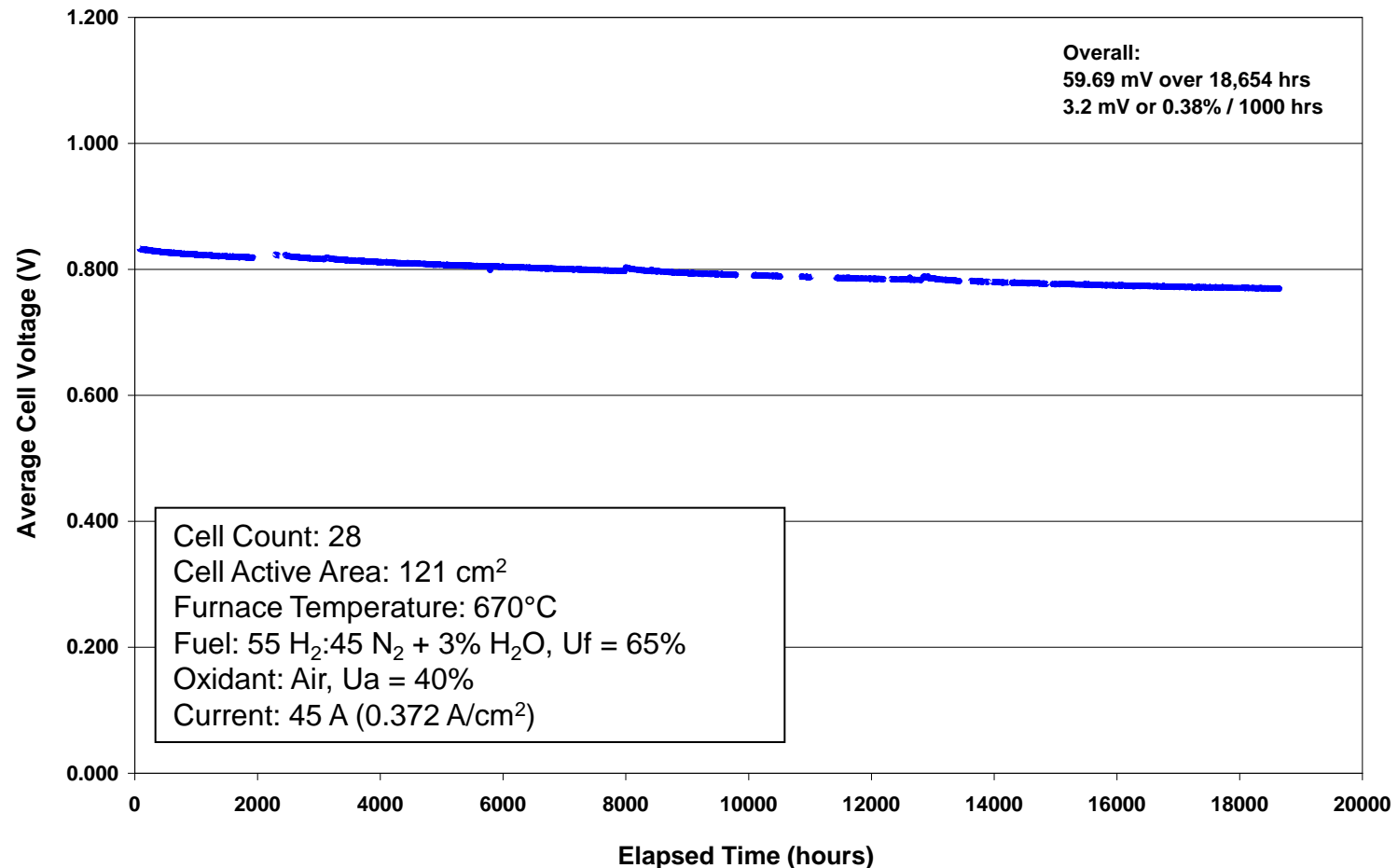
- Improved stack performance
  - ☑ Higher power density
  - ☑ Higher fuel utilization
  - ☑ Higher direct internal reforming
- Enhanced stack endurance
  - ☑ Improved stack thermal and flow management
  - ☑ Incorporated TSC3 cells
  - ☑ Incorporated advanced interconnect alloy, contact and flow media
- Reduced stack cost



Cell Size	25 x 25 cm <sup>2</sup>
Active Area	550 cm <sup>2</sup>
Number of Cells	92



# Stack Endurance Tests



➔ **Low performance degradation rate (~0.4% /1000 hr) is demonstrated in a sub-scale stack with > 2 years of operation.**



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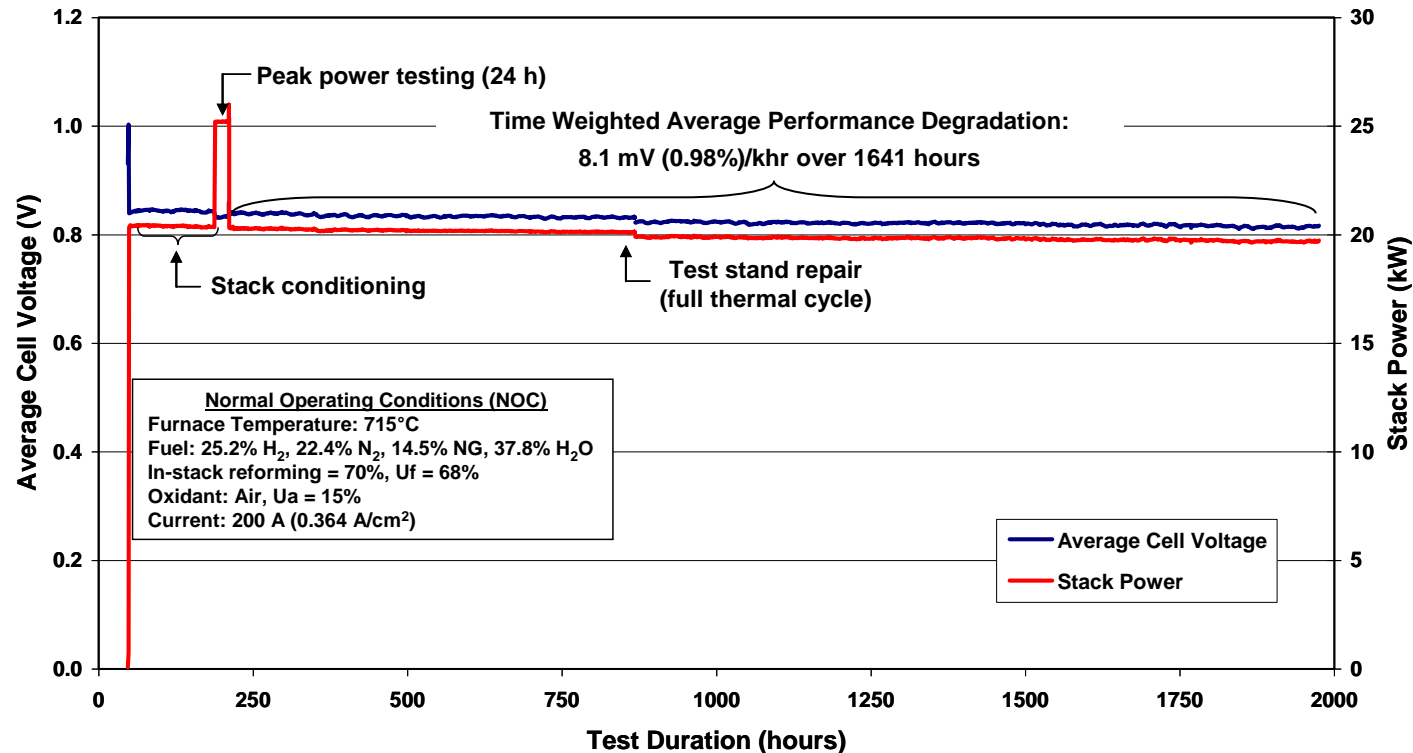
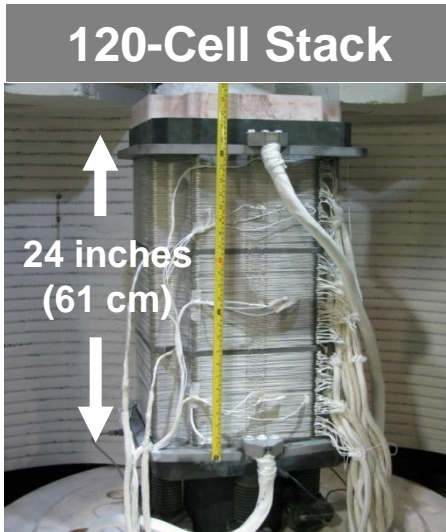


# 120-Cell Stack Metric Test

GT058027-0001

120-Cell Stack

Cell Active Area: 550 cm<sup>2</sup>



## Stack met Phase II metric test targets:

- Peak power rating of 25.2 kW
- >1,500 hours of operation
- Performance degradation rate < 1%/1000 h (surpassing 2%/1000 h DOE target)

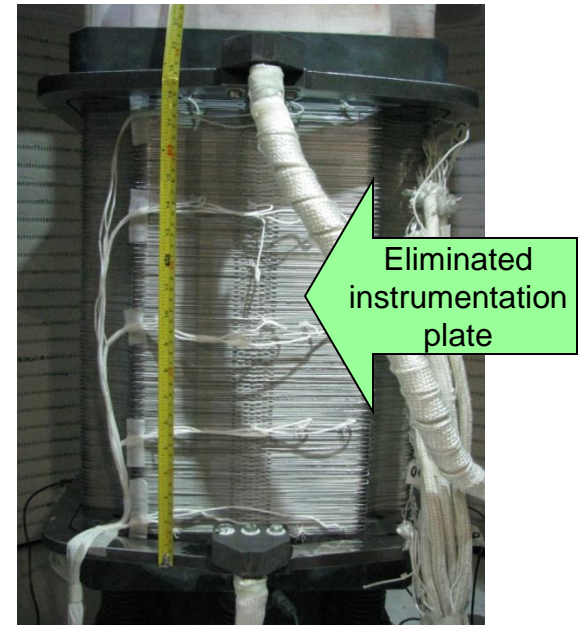
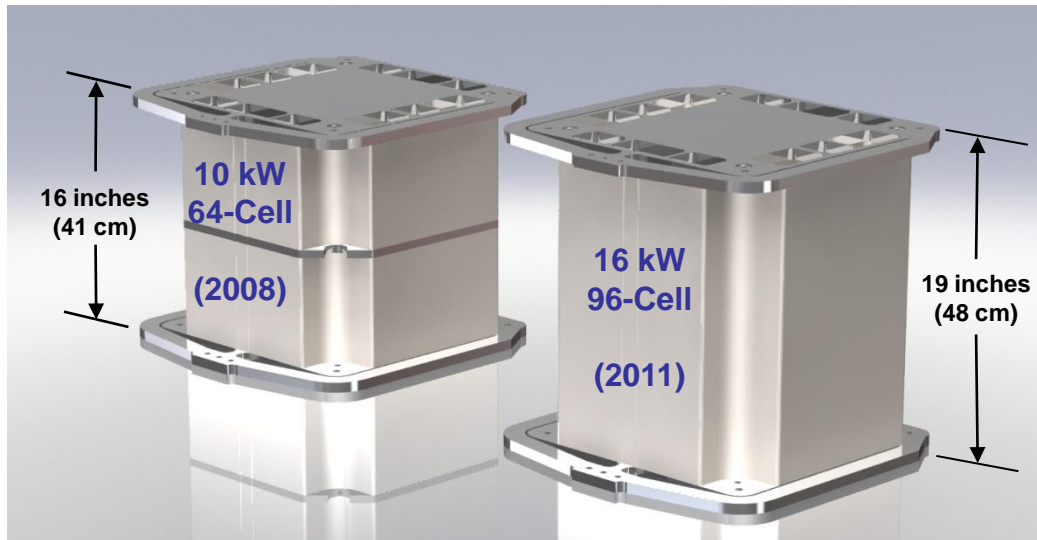


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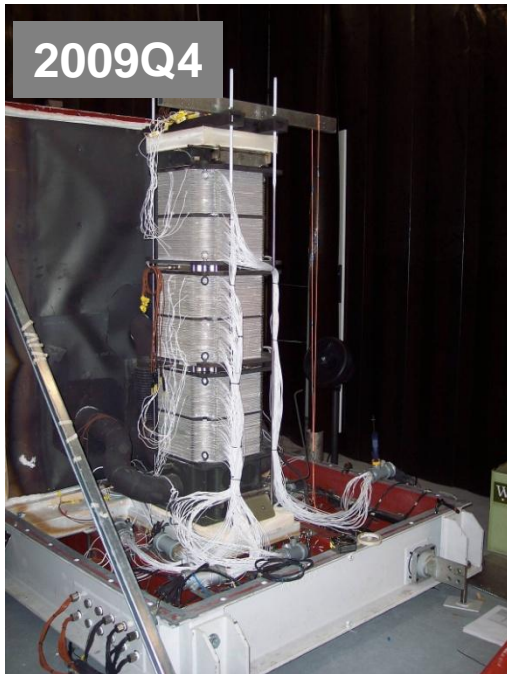
# Next Generation 96-Cell Stack Block

- **Stack Instrumentation**
  - > Eliminate instrumentation plates
  - > Reduce on-cell thermocouples
- **Improve stack block flow management with enhanced manifold and flow medium designs**
- **Stack Manufacturing**
  - > Develop production tooling
  - > Refine stack acceptance criteria

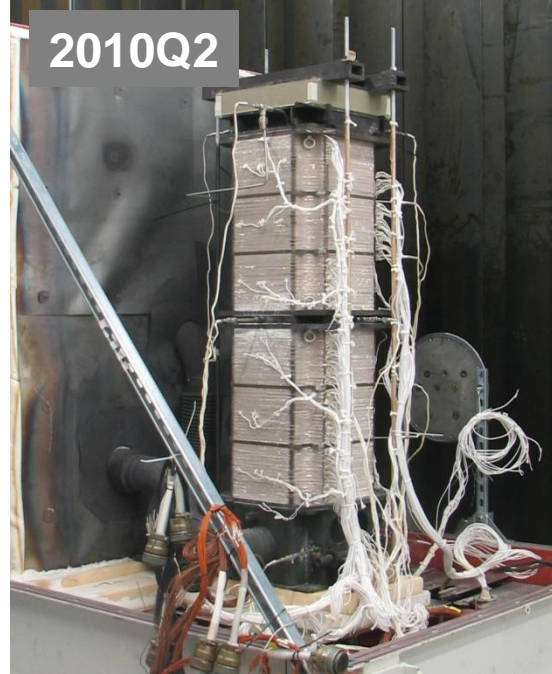


# Stack Tower Testing

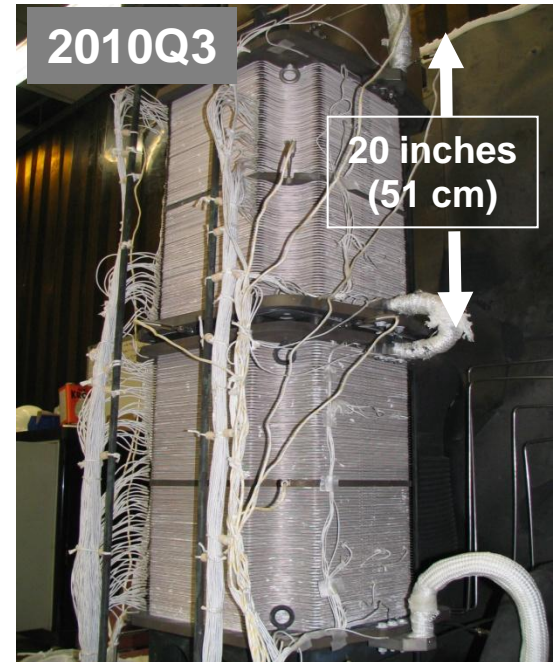
**3 x 64-cell stack tower    2 x 92-cell stack tower    2 x 92-cell stack tower**



**SO-30-1 Tower Assembly**



**SO-30-3 Tower Assembly**



**SO-30-4 Tower Assembly**

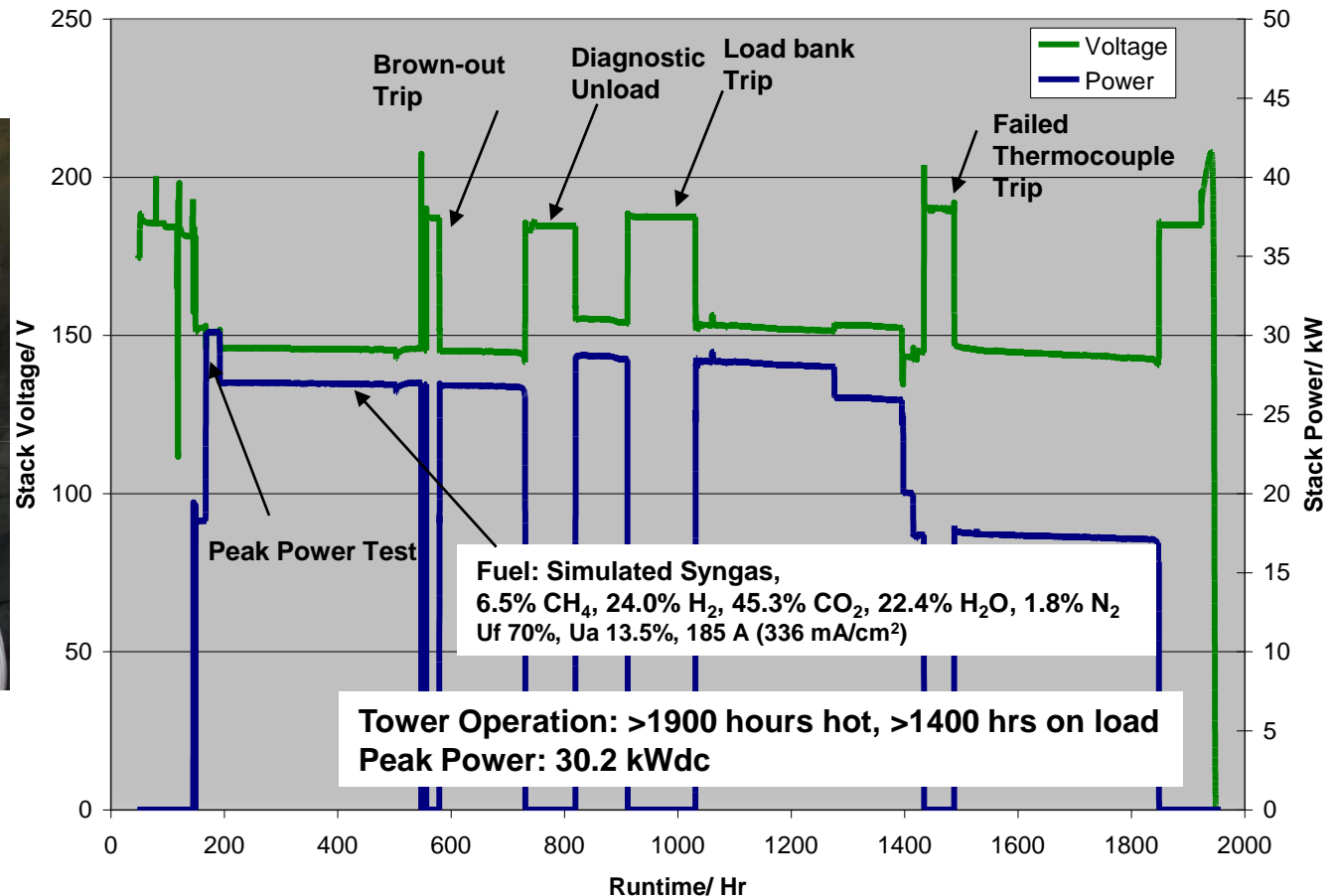
- **Thermally self-sustaining test environment (gas preheated only)**
- **Provisions for simulated anode gas representative of both syngas and natural gas fueled systems**
- **Providing valuable lessons for future larger stack module designs**



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# Stack Tower (SO-30-4) Test



➔ Confirmed Operation on Simulated Coal Syngas with High Methane Gas Composition from an Advanced Catalytic Gasifier.



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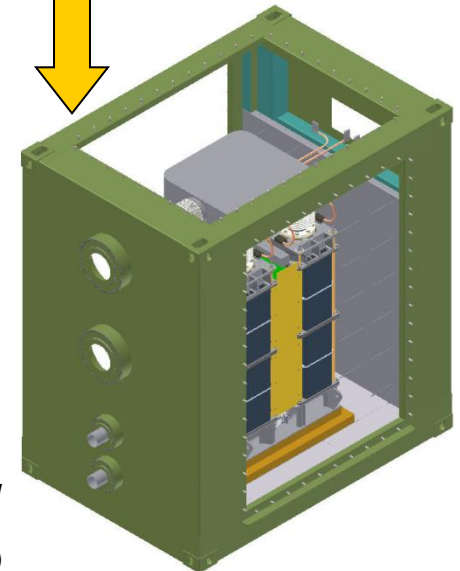
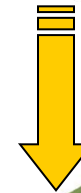
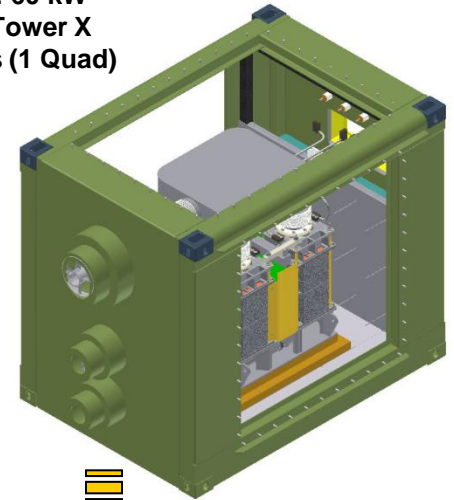


# SOFC Module Evolution

Phase II: 30 kW  
2-Stack Tower



Phase III: 60 kW  
1-Stack Tower X  
4 Towers (1 Quad)

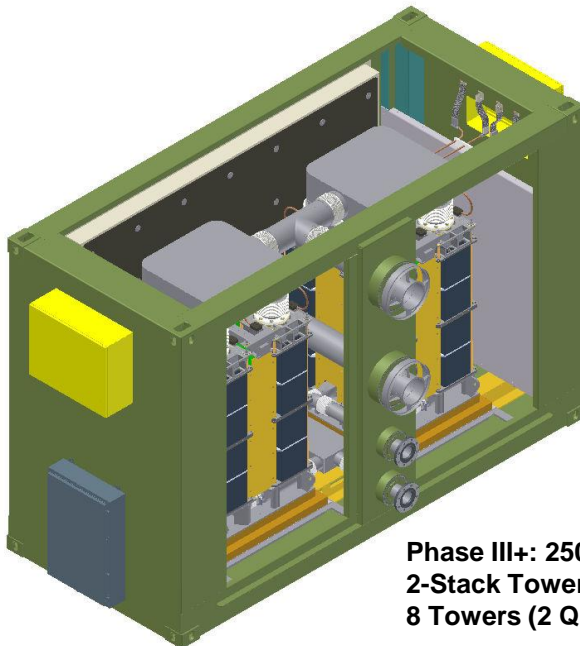


*Rapid Module Development:*  
Over 90% of the  
same parts used  
each time the size  
doubles from 60-  
125-250 kW.

Phase III+: 250 kW  
2-Stack Tower X  
8 Towers (2 Quads)

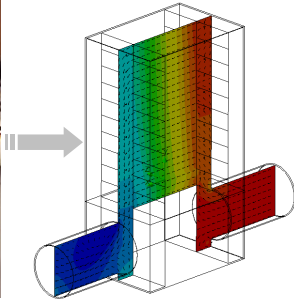
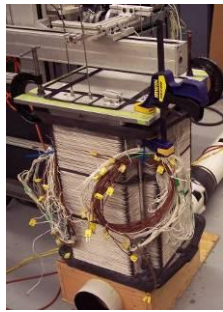


Phase III+: 125 kW  
2-Stack Tower X  
4 Towers (1 Quad)

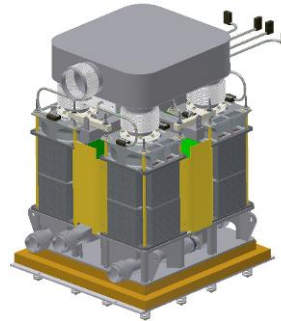


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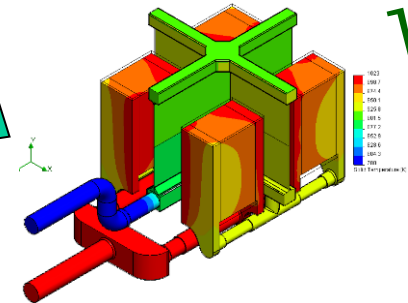
# 60 kW Module Development Cycle



## PHASE II



Scale-Up Design

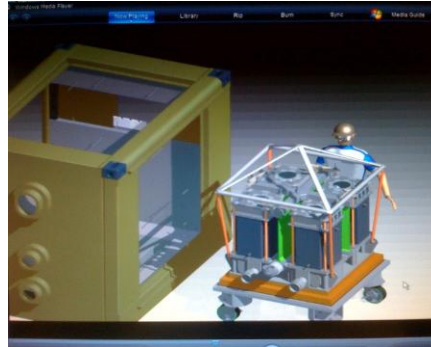


Detailed Modeling:  
CFD & FEA

## PHASE III



Validation Test in FCE's  
400 kW Test Facility



Build Module



Detailed Engineering Drawings,  
RFQ's, BOM, Procurement & Part  
Accumulation



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# 60 kW Stack Module Hardware Fabrication



60 kW Vessel

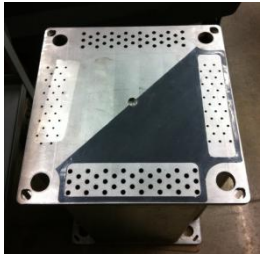


Compression Plate



Buss Bars

Conductive  
Stack Gasket



High Temp. Flanges



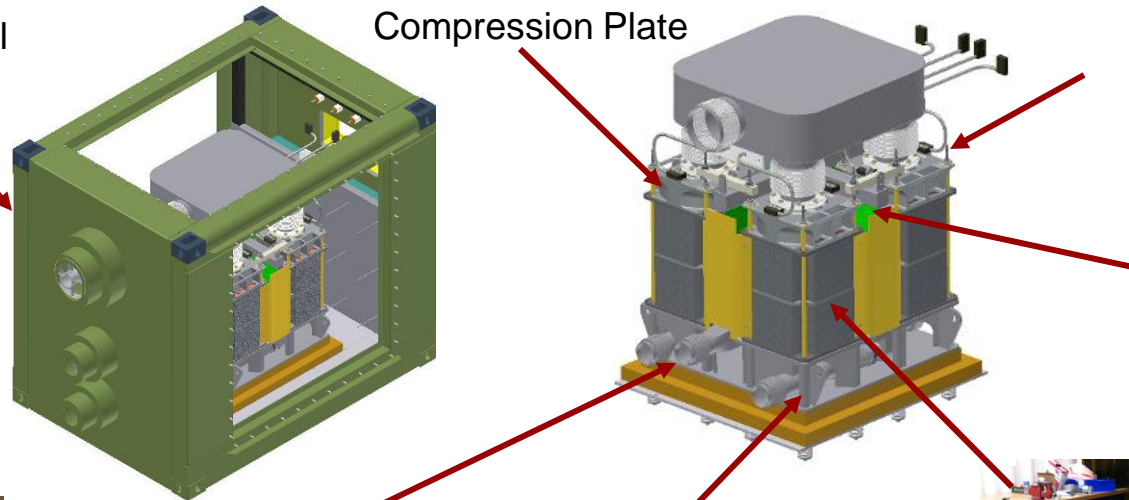
Quad Base



Internal Radiator



Stack Simulator

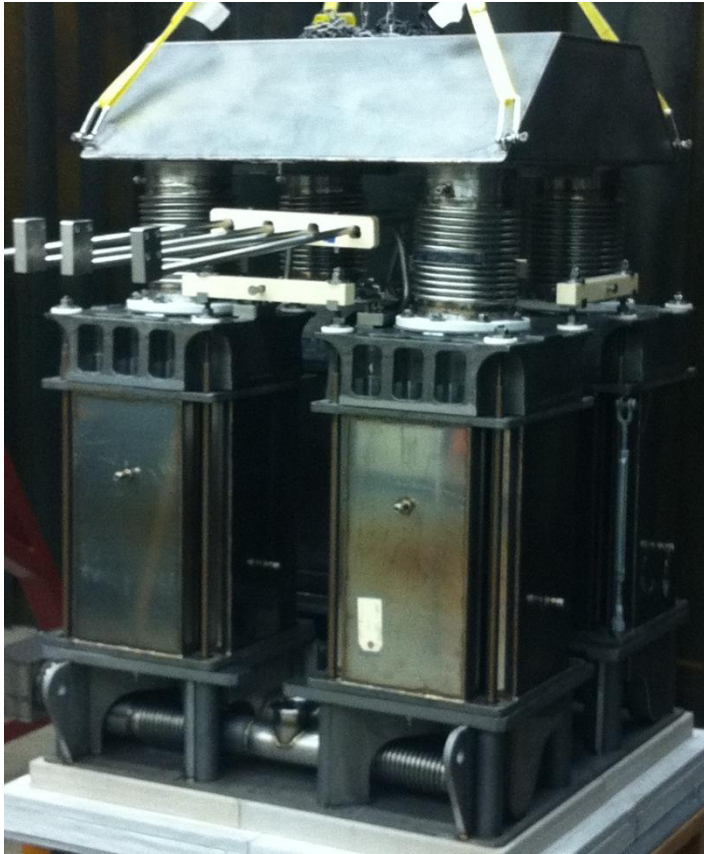


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# 60 kW Module Hardware Assembly



➔ SOFC Module Hardware Assembly is in Progress for Future Tests

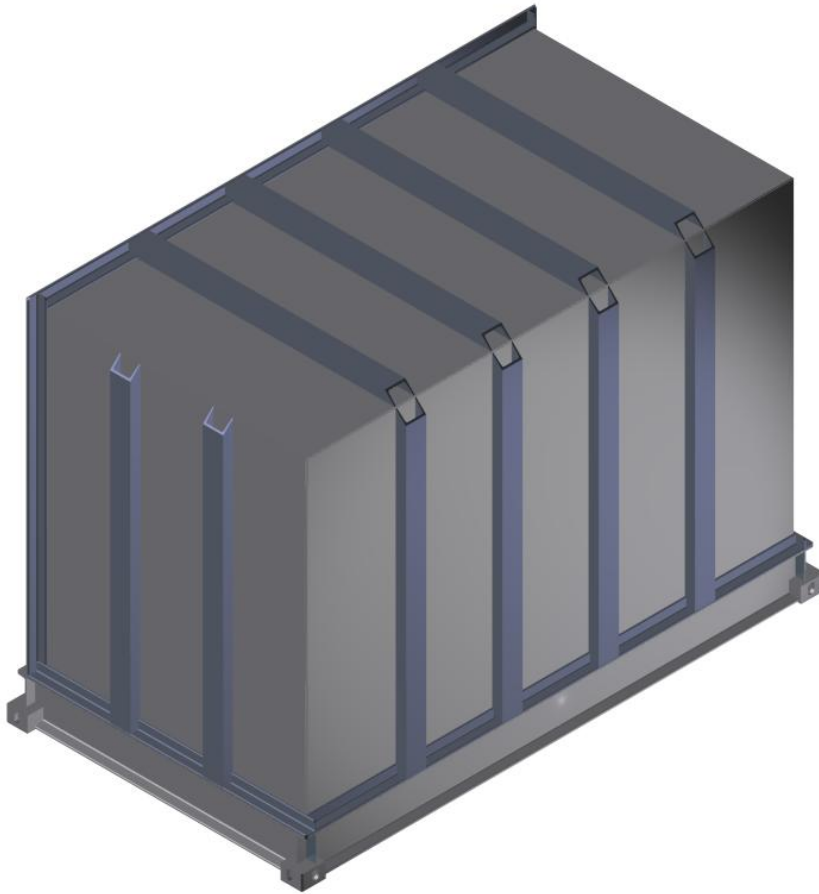


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# 250 kW Module Design



➔ Implement lessons learned from FCE's current commercial DFC product, in the areas of: detailed design, manufacturing, value engineering, cost reduction, serviceability, and shipping.

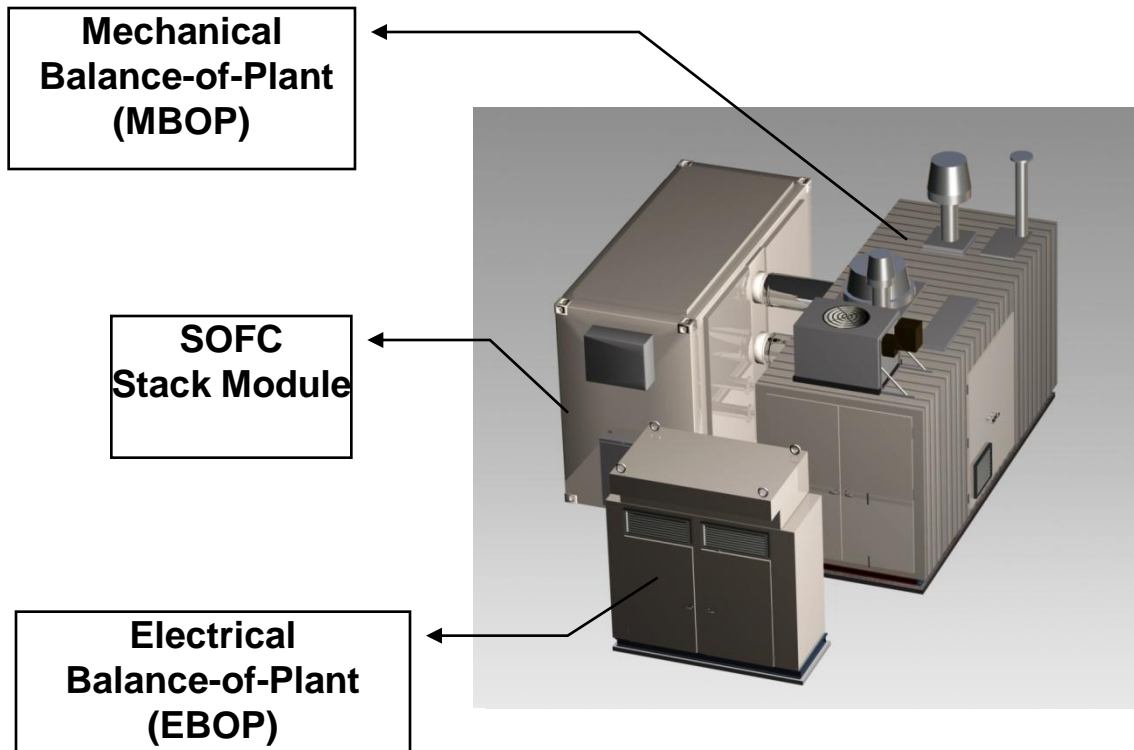


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# PCM System Performance



## System Performance Summary: Normal Operating Conditions

Fuel Cell	
DC Power	277.2 kW
Inverter Loss	13.9 kW
<b>SOFC Gross AC Power</b>	<b>263.3 kW</b>

### CONSUMED POWER

<b>AC Power</b>	<b>8.9 kW</b>
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### Net Generation

<b>Plant Net AC Output</b>	<b>254.4 kW</b>
Efficiency (HHV)	55.5 %
<b>Efficiency (LHV)</b>	<b>61.5 %</b>

➡ MDU system is designed to lay the foundation for market entry 250 kW SOFC product operating on natural gas and biogas.



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# Coal-Based SOFC System with Catalytic Gasification

## POWER GENERATION SUMMARY

	kW	% Q input	% MW gross
Fuel Gas Expanders Gross Power @ 20 kV	49,750	7.04%	10.96%
Fuel Cell Inverter AC Gross Power @ 20 kV	362,134	51.28%	79.78%
WGPU Off Gas Expander Gross Power @ 20 kV	7,024	0.99%	1.55%
Steam Turbine Gross Power at Generator Terminals @ 20 kV,	35,019	4.96%	7.71%
<b>Total Gross Power Generation @ 20 kV</b>	<b>453,927</b>	<b>64.27%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

<b>Total Auxiliary Load</b>	<b>39,342</b>	<b>5.57%</b>	<b>8.67%</b>
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<b>Net Power Output at 345 kV</b>	<b>414,585</b>	<b>58.70%</b>	<b>91.33%</b>
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## Net Efficiency Excluding CO<sub>2</sub> Compression & Thermal Input

Coal feed, lb/h	202,980		
Coal HHV (AF), Btu/lb	11,872		
Coal Thermal Input, kWth	706,255	100.00%	155.59%
<b>Net Plant Efficiency (HHV)</b>	<b>58.70%</b>		

➔ Combined with high methane producing gasification, coal based atmospheric-pressure SOFC systems are capable of achieving ~ 59% efficiency and 99+% carbon capture.



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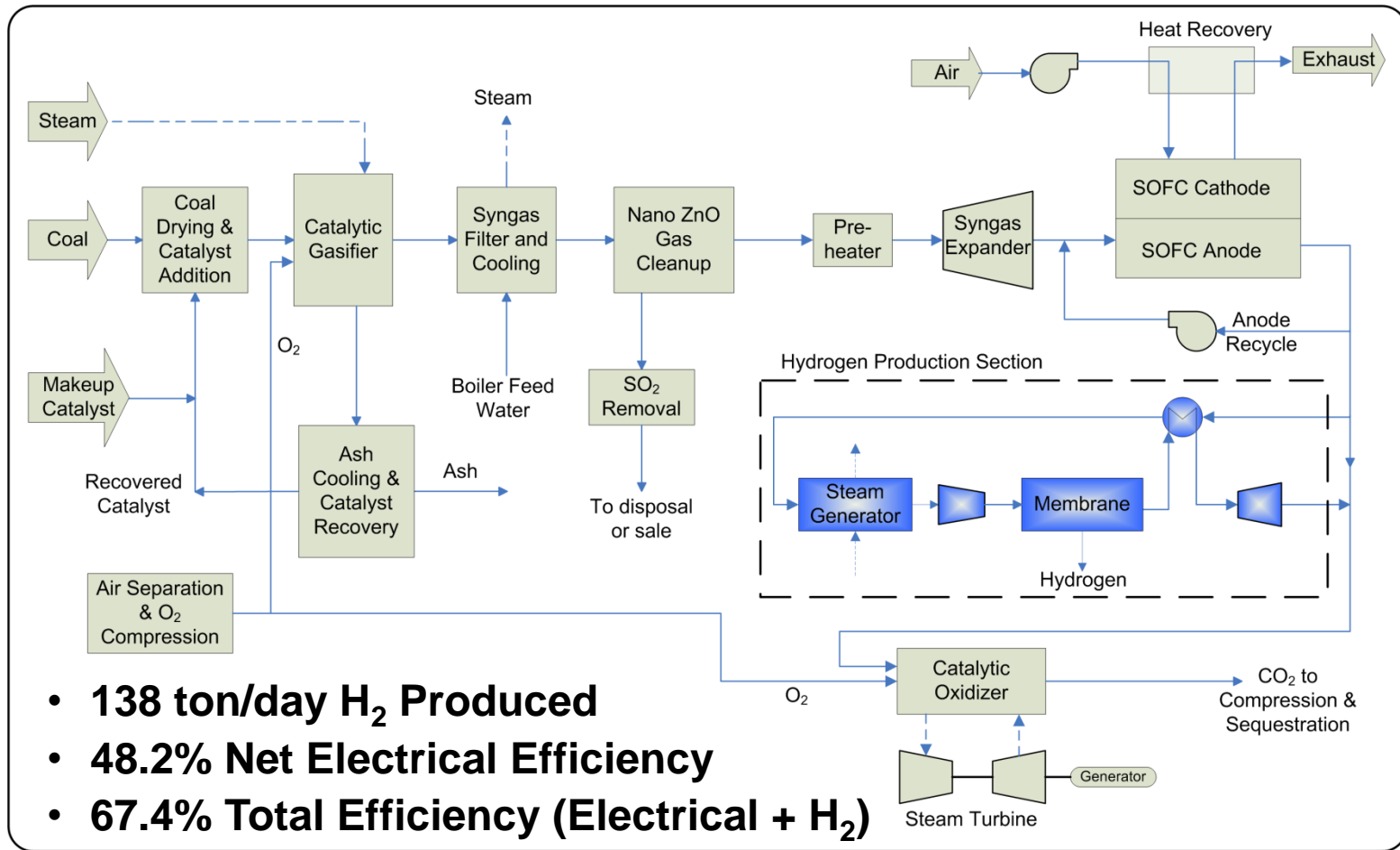


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# H<sub>2</sub> Co-Generation System Concept

➔ IGFC systems have the flexibility for hydrogen co-production at a very attractive overall efficiency.



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# MW-class Module Development Approach



**FCE's DFC MW Module**



**SOFC MW Class Module**  
(scale: similar)

➔ **Use lessons learned in FCE DFC MW-scale commercialization to optimize design for SOFC MW Class System.**

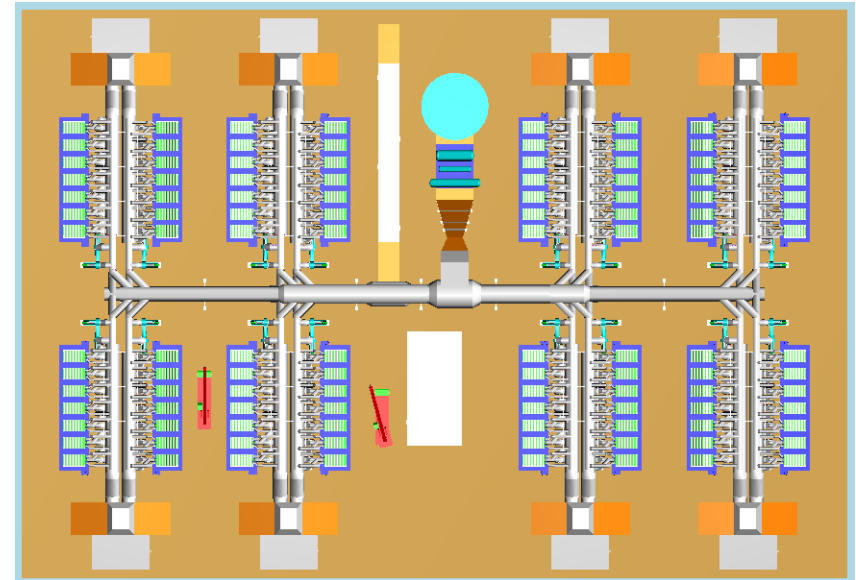
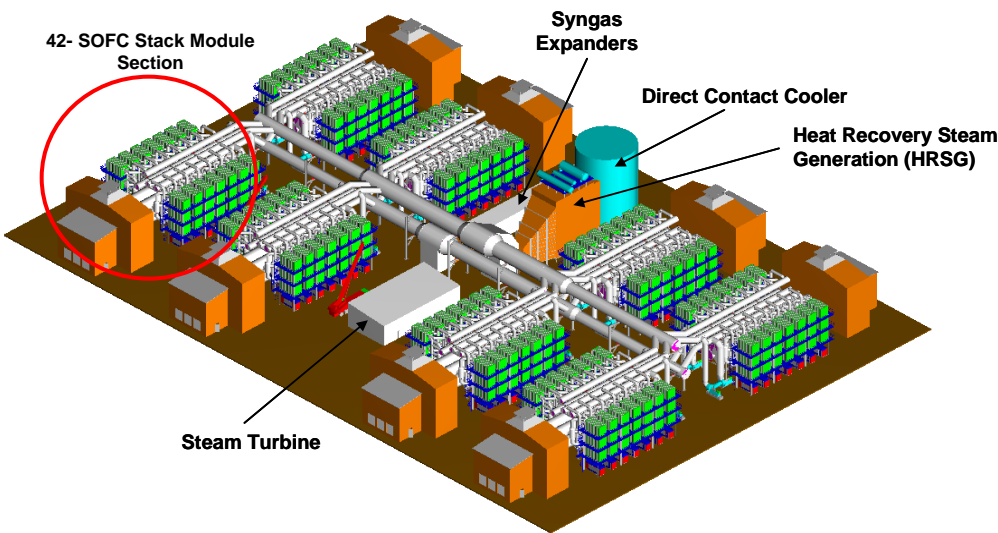


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# Baseline SOFC Power Island

- ➔ SOFC power island includes:
- > 8 Sections of 42 fuel cell stack modules
  - > Steam turbine
  - > Two syngas expanders



➔ SOFC power island lay-out takes advantage of well-thought clustering concept using repeated arrangements of grouped components.



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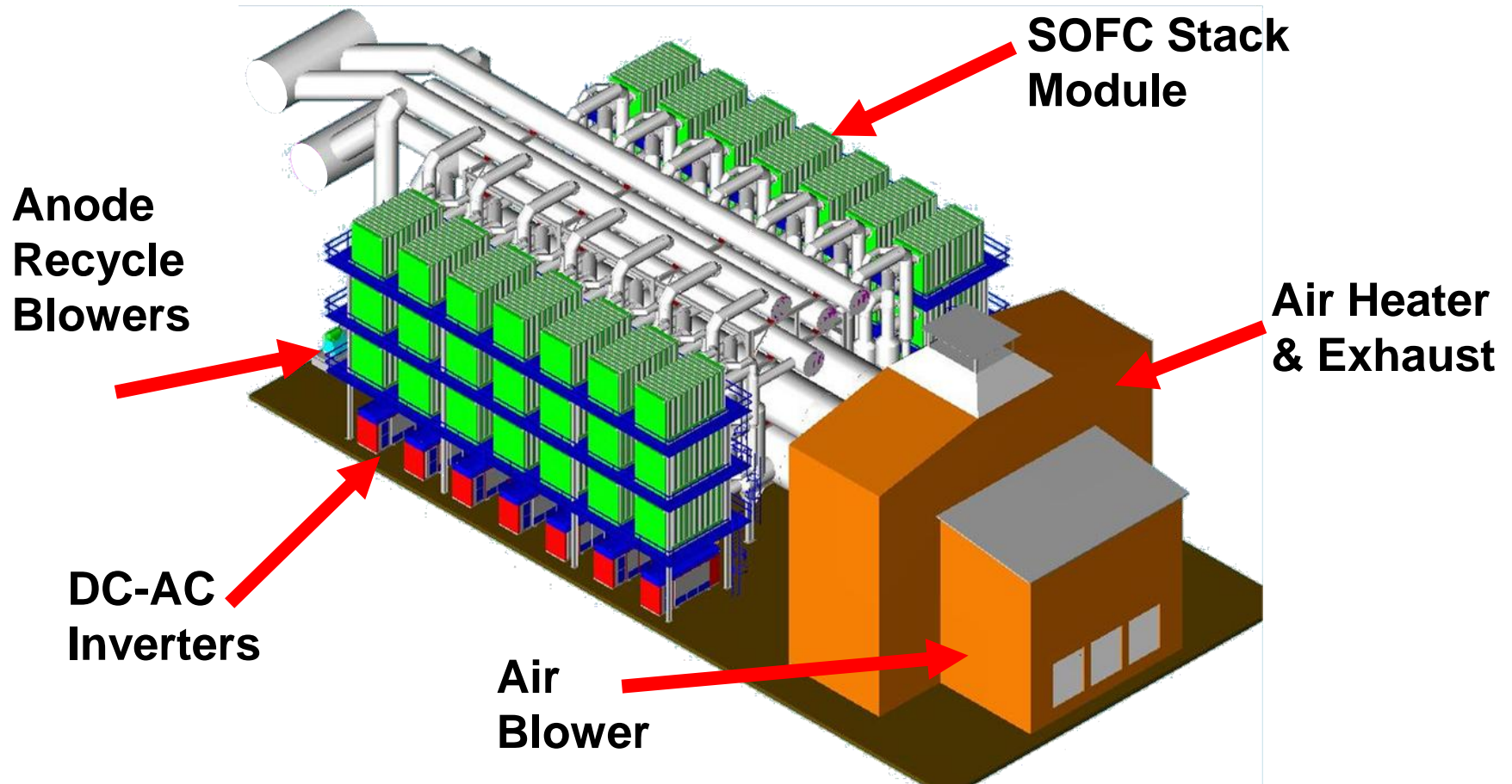
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# Layout of 42-Module SOFC Cluster



➡ SOFC cluster design takes advantage of modularity of fuel cells.



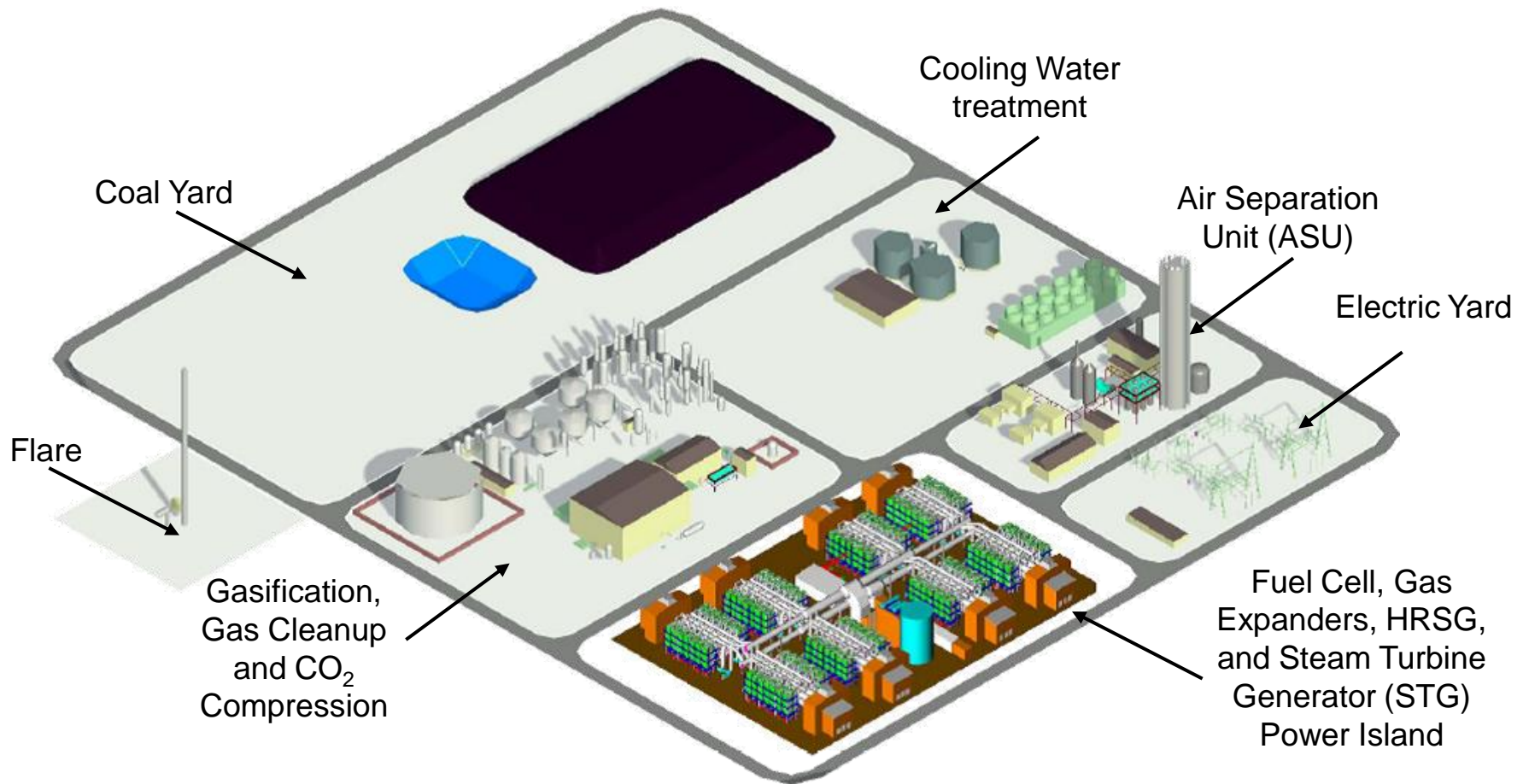
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# IGFC Site Layout



➔ Lay-out of 670 MWac IGFC plant includes 336 SOFC stack modules, two syngas expanders, and a steam bottoming cycle.



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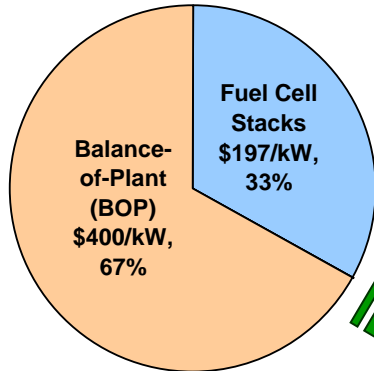


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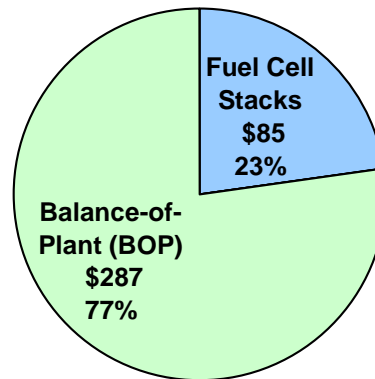


# Factory Equipment Cost Estimate

**Phase I Factory Cost Estimate:**  
**597 \$/kW (2002 USD)**

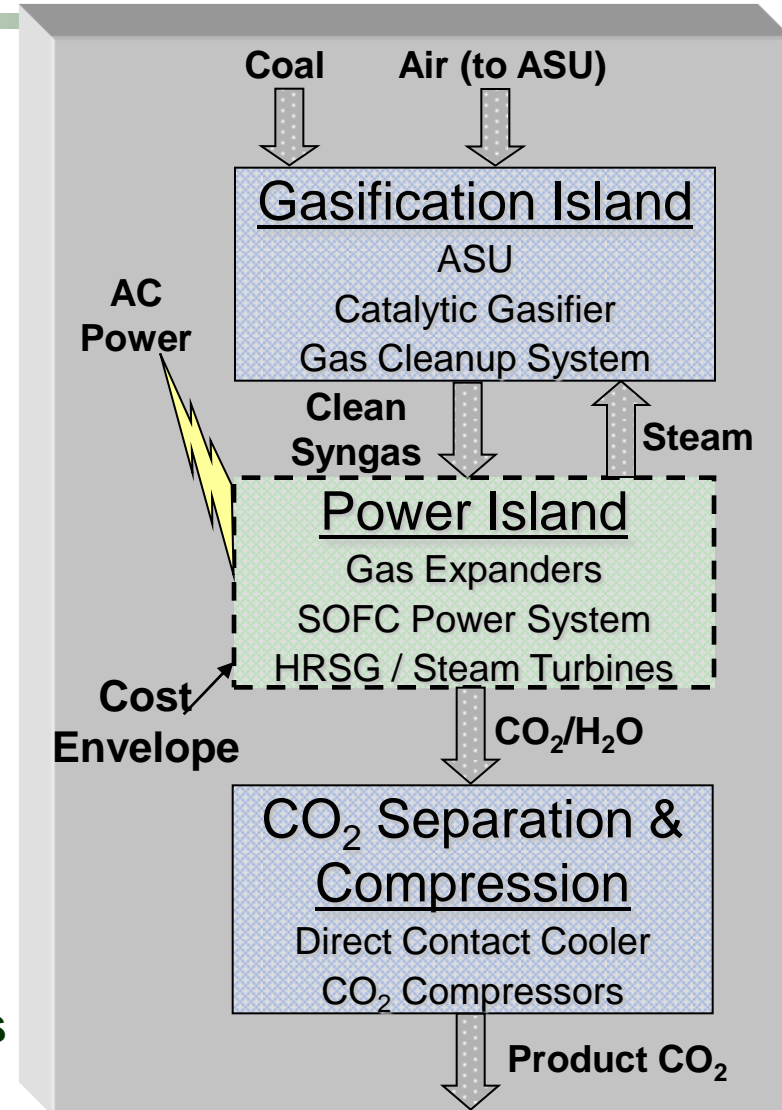


**Phase II Factory Cost Estimate:**  
**372 \$/kW (2000 USD)**



**Cost Reductions were achieved via:**

- Stack cost reductions and performance improvements
- Integrated system performance optimizations
- Value engineering of BOP components



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# Stack Cost Reduction

## Cost Reduction Focus Areas

### 1. Stack Performance Increase

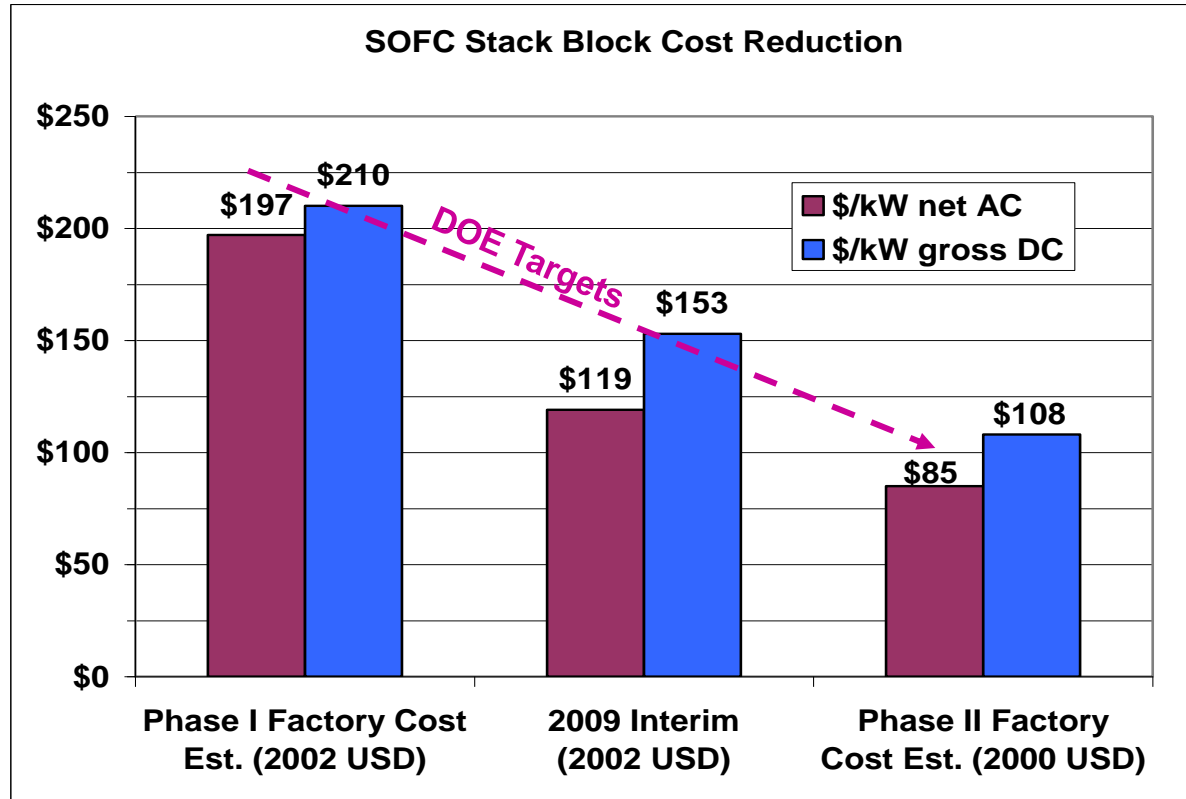
- Peak Power Increase
  - Resolved thermal management issues

### 2. Material Reduction:

- Thinner stack components
- Interconnect material reduction
- Reduced number of intermediate plates

### 3. Manufacturing Process Changes

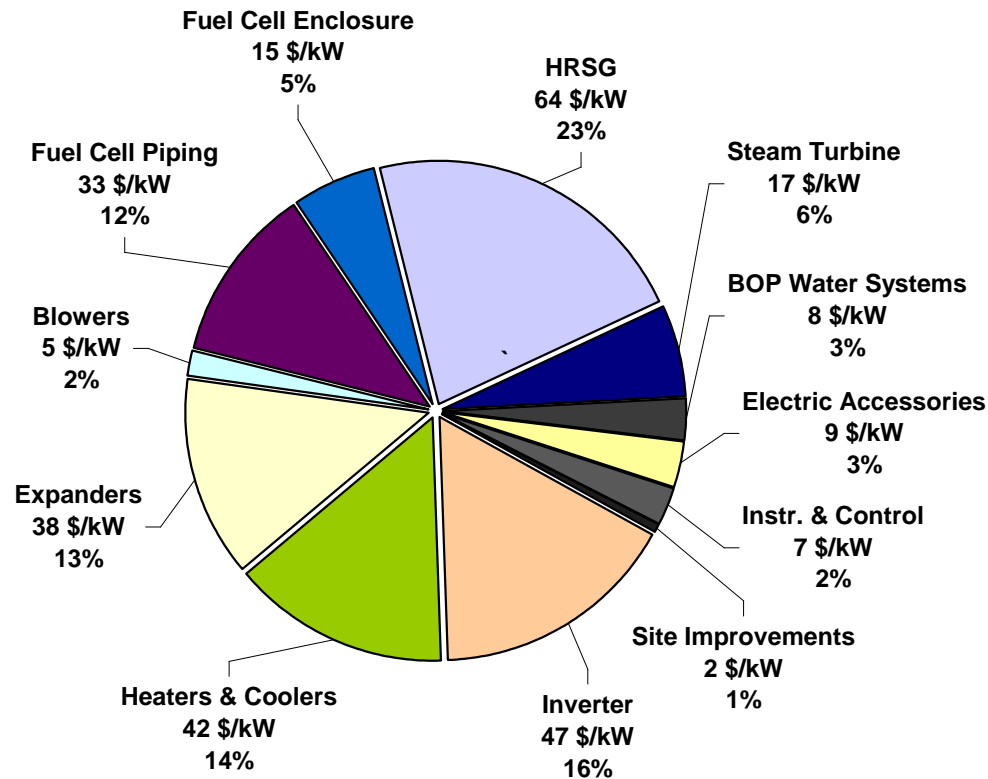
- Improved material utilization
- Automation
- Elimination of process steps
- Interconnect manufacturing development



➔ The fuel cell stack cost have decreased substantially mainly due to the R&D activities in the SECA Phase II project.



# Balance-of-Plant Factory Equipment Cost Estimate



**BOP Factory Cost Estimate:  
287 \$/kW (2000 USD)**

- Costs were estimated by WorleyParsons, based on extensive in-house cost database in addition to budgetary vendor quotations
- Cost estimation is based on two 670 MW nominal power plants manufactured per year (2000 USD).
- Estimate includes Factory Equipment costs for the Power Island, exclusive of gasification, syngas cleanup, and CO<sub>2</sub> separation/compression systems.



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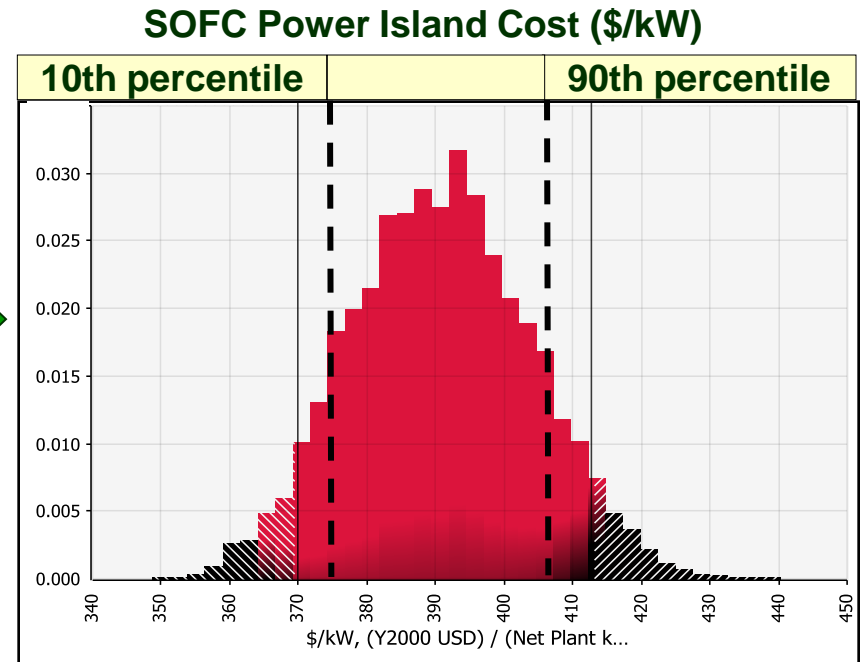
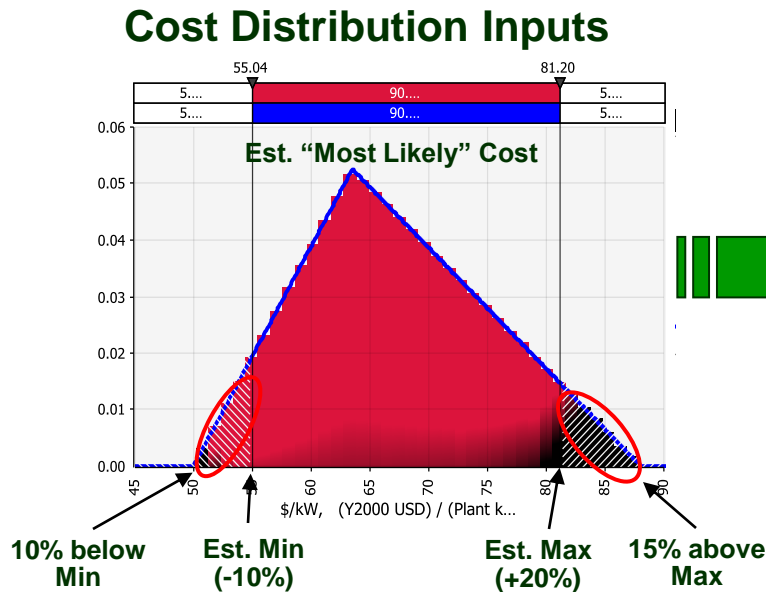


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# Factory Cost Estimate Sensitivity Results

- ➔ Monte Carlo Simulation was performed to predict Probability Distribution Function (PDF) of Estimated System Cost.



- Mean = \$390.8/kW, with a range of \$348.8 to \$440.2/kW
- The range between the 10th and 90th percentiles is from \$374.0 to \$407.8 or within \$17/kw from the mean





# Presentation Outline

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## ■ Introduction

- FCE SECA Program Team Members

## ■ SECA Coal-Based SOFC Program Overview

## ■ Progress in SOFC Technology

- Cell Development and Manufacturing

## ■ Stack Development

- Scale-up and Metric Tests

## ■ Proof-of-Concept Module (PCM) Development

- Stack Module

## ■ Baseline System Design and Cost Analyses

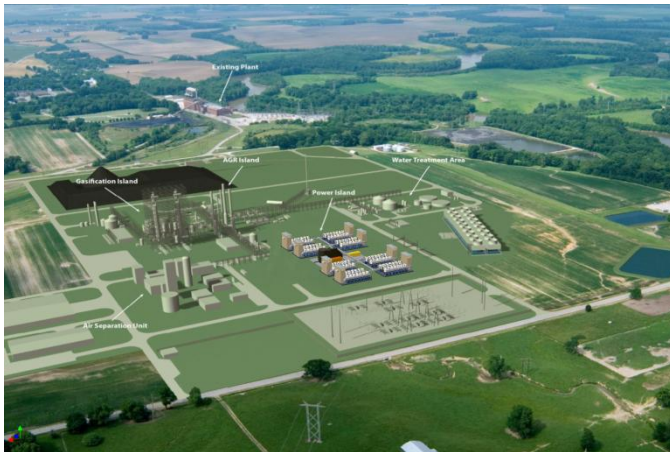
- Integrated Gasification Fuel Cell (IGFC) System Configuration
- Baseline Power Plant Cost Estimate

## ■ Conclusion and Future Plans



# Summary Accomplishments

- ▶ Modifications in cell materials have enhanced cell performance and reduced degradation rate to  $<0.3\%/1000$  h.
- ▶ Third generation manufacturing processes (TSC-3) were developed for scaled-up  $550\text{ cm}^2$  active area ( $25\text{ cm} \times 25\text{ cm}$ ) cells based on high-performance thin cell technology.
- ▶ Over 5000 cells of  $25\text{ cm} \times 25\text{ cm}$  cell size ( $550\text{ cm}^2$  active area) have been fabricated in the pilot manufacturing facility, with  $>95\%$  product yield.
- ▶ A 120-cell stack metric test successfully met DOE's requirement of completing 1500 h of testing before the end-of-Phase II, demonstrating a peak power of 25.2 kW and achieving a steady state average power degradation rate of  $0.9\%/1000$  h (well below the Phase II DOE requirement of  $\leq 2\%/1000$  h).

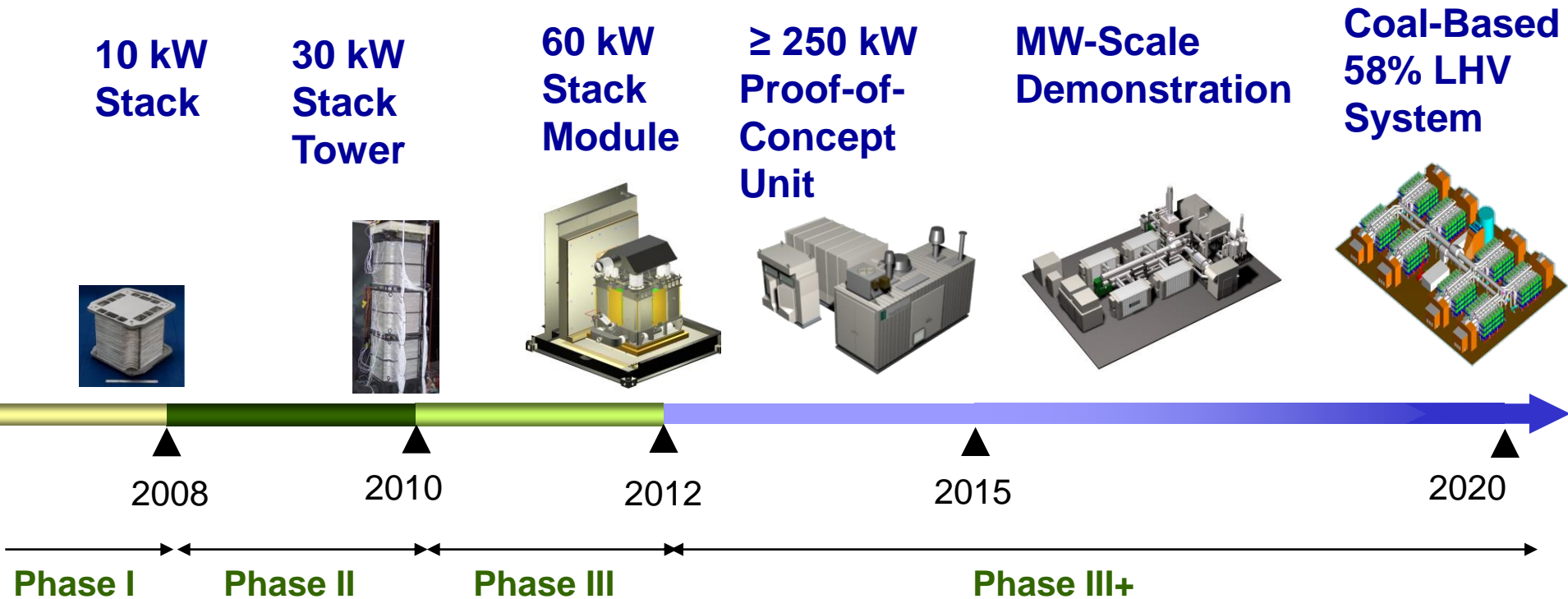


- ▶ Stack tower concept suitable for large-scale SOFC modules was successfully demonstrated by achieving power output of  $>30\text{ kWdc}$  and operating on simulated coal-derived syngas.
- ▶ A Baseline IGFC System ( $\sim 670\text{ MW}$  nominal) utilizing catalytic gasification and capturing  $> 99\%$  of carbon (as  $\text{CO}_2$ ) in the syngas was developed with an electrical efficiency of  $58.7\%$  (high heating value of coal).
- ▶ SOFC stack Factory Cost was estimated at  $\$85/\text{kW}$  (Year 2000 dollars), meeting the Phase II target of  $\leq \$100/\text{kW}$ .
- ▶ The Baseline Power Plant system Factory Cost Estimate, audited by an independent party, achieved a cost of  $\$372/\text{kW}$  (2000 USD) for the SOFC power island meeting the DOE metric of  $< \$400/\text{kW}$ .



# FCE's Coal-Based SECA Program Plan

- FCE's long-term plan is development of SOFC power plants capable of using a variety of fuels such as natural gas, biogas, and coal syngas.



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Thank You!



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