Technology Maturation of Wireless Harsh-Environment Sensors for Improved Condition-Based Monitoring of Coal-Fired Power Generation



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Presentation Outline



- I. Program & Project Motivation, Goals, and Objectives
 - a) **Project Motivation & Purpose**
 - b) Project Goals & Strategic Alignment to Fossil Energy Programmatic Objectives
 - c) How the project addresses the goals established by DOE HQ
- II. Status at Beginning of Project: Background & Driving Question
- III. Current Status of the Project: Updates & Recent Accomplishments
 - a) Progress During the Reporting Period
 - b) Technology Validation: tests & insertion in multiple power plants
- **IV. Project Next Steps & Identified Challenges**
- V. Concluding Remarks



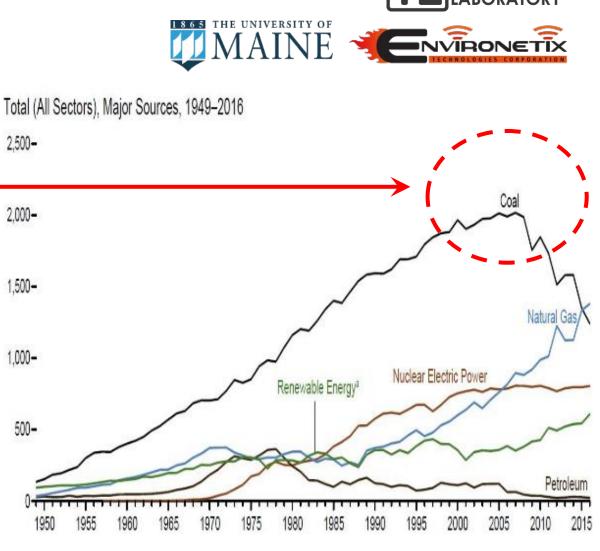




a) Project Motivation & Purpose

Electricity Source in the USA (See Figure)

- coal usage → diminishing since the mid-2000s
- Coal power plants \rightarrow
- Built before the 1990's & hampered by
 - ↑ operation costs
 - ↑ maintenance costs
 - 1 emissions

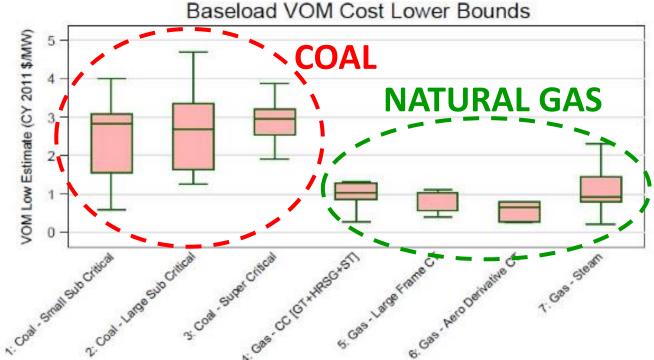


June 2017 Monthly Energy Review, U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), DOE/EIA-0035(2017/6)



a) Project Motivation & Purpose

- **Comparison:**
- **Coal-Fired vs. Natural Gas Generation**
 - Variable Operations and Maintenance (VOM) Cost
 - Coal-fired VOM consistently HIGHER than Natural Gas
 - Reasoning for the ↓ in Coal usage wrt Natural Gas









Total resources (identified and undiscovered)

eia

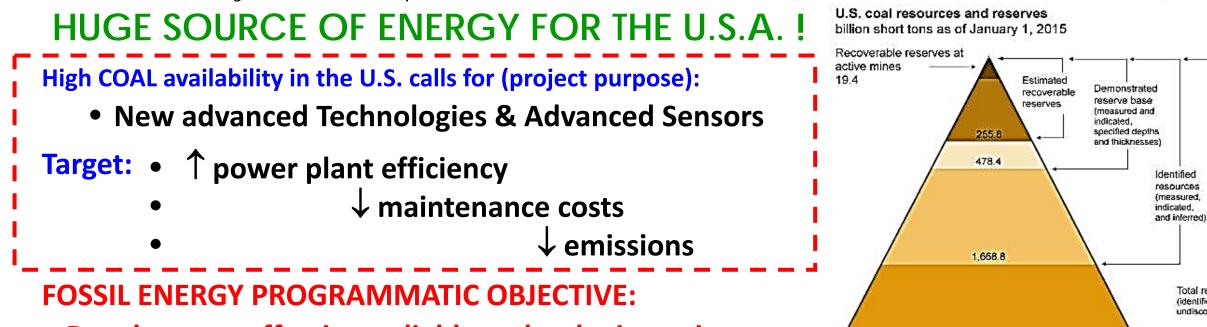
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Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Annual Coal Report (March 2016)

U.S. coal resources and reserves 5

a) Project Motivation & Purpose

- \succ USA \rightarrow COAL U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA)
 - ✓ 21% of the world's proven recoverable reserves of coal (255.8 billion short tons)
 - ✓ This is only 6.5% of the potential total coal resources (identified and undiscovered)



• Develop cost-effective, reliable technologies to improve the efficiency of new and existing coal-fired power plants.



6

I. Program & Project Motivation, Goals, and Objectives

b) Project Goals & Strategic Alignment \rightarrow Fossil Energy Program

Usage of Harsh-Environment (HE) High-Temperature (HT)

Wireless Surface Acoustic Wave (SAW) Sensor Technology to

- Promote reliable maintenance through Condition Based Maintenance (CBM) of critical coal-based power plant equipment
- Promote cost-effective efficiency of power plant operations
- Increase the HE HT Wireless SAW Sensor Technology Readiness Level (TRL) via test and implementation in Coal-based power plants:
 - ✓ From current TRL-5 (Technology validated in relevant environment) to TRL-7 (System prototyped validated in an operational system)

or possibly

✓ TRL-8 (Actual tech. successfully commissioned in an operational system)











- c) HOW the project addresses the goals established by DOE HQ
- > Univ. of Maine in partnership with Environetix Technologies Corp.:
 - ✓ Identification of Power Plant Testbeds & Target Locations within power plants
 - ✓ Adaptation of Materials: Sensor Packaging & Antenna Fab. in Coal Power Plants
 - ✓ Implementation of Wireless Communication in Power Plant Environment
 - ✓ Fabrication and Test of Harsh Environment Sensors & Antennas in Power Plants
 - ✓ Deployment of Embedded Wireless Temperature Sensors Arrays and Interrogators into Power Plants
 - ✓ Investigation of Alternative Materials & Sensors for Integration into Developed
 - **System**







II. Status at Beginning of Project: Background & Driving Question

Status at the Beginning of the Project

- \succ UMaine & Environetix \rightarrow teamed up Penobscot Energy Recovery Co (PERC), Orrington, ME **Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) Power Plant BEFORE**
- > Technology transfer steps followed during the project:
 - **Material Tests**
 - Wireless HE Sensor Array tested at Economizer 2.
 - Wireless Sensor testing at Boiler tubes 3.









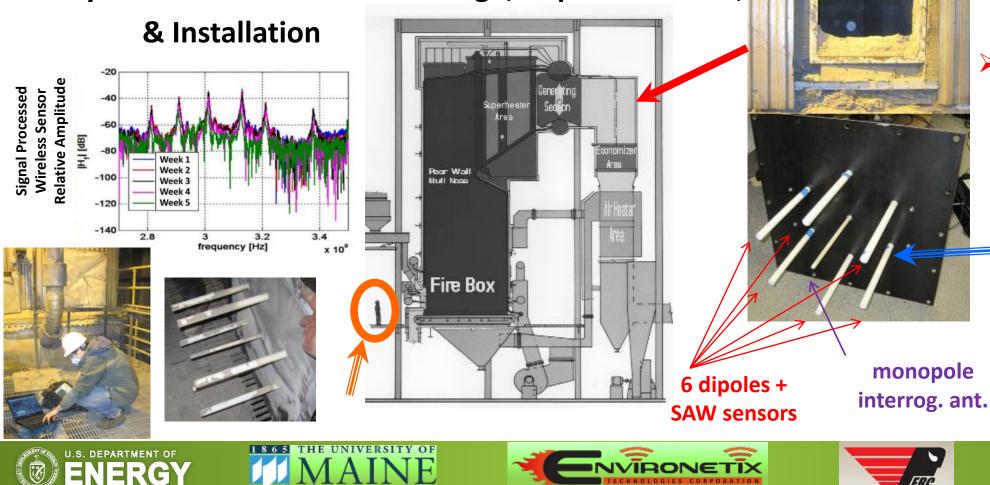
AFTER 10 DAYS IN THE ENVIRONMENT

II. Status at Beginning of Project: Background & Driving Question



Status at the Beginning of the Project

- > 2. Wireless HE Sensor Array tested at Economizer
 - Array \Rightarrow Sensors & Antennas Design, Implementation,

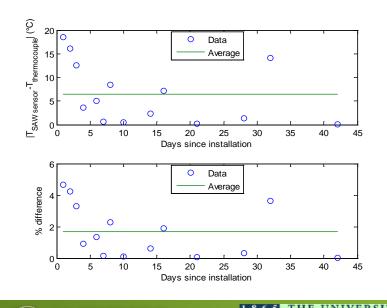


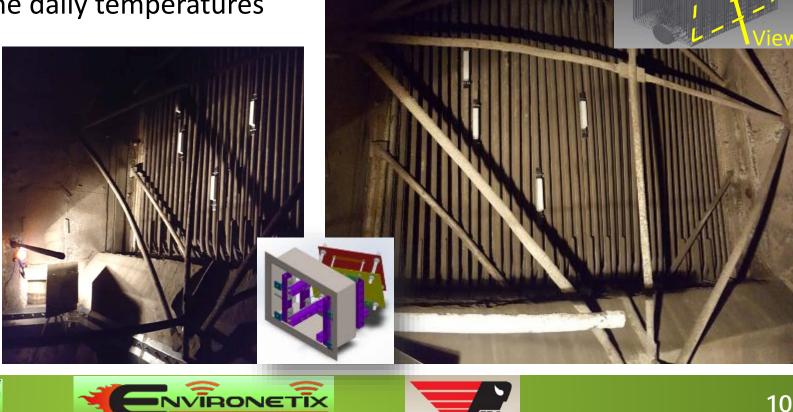
- Economizer area: easy access → Power plant in operation
- 6 tuned helical dipole antennas + SAW sensors + external sealing package



II. Status at Beginning of Project: Background & Driving Question

- Status at the Beginning of the Project
- 3. Instrumentation of Boiler Tubes => Placement of Sensor Array in Boiler Tubes
 - \Rightarrow Condition Based Maintenance
- Measurement compared to economizer thermocouple
- Average differences between the daily temperatures measured: 1.7%







11

II. Status at Beginning of Project: Background & Driving Question

Driving Questions

- (i) Advancements in the packaging of SAW sensors & antennas → coal-fired PP:
 - Long-term robust operation up to 1000 °C in a coal-fired environment;
- (ii) Wireless communication protocols and signal processing:
- User-friendly operation in an industrial setting;
- (iii) Alternative thin films & sensors →
- (iv) Mature wireless SAW temperature sensor technology → TRL-5 to TRL-7
 - Via testing at partnering power plant facilities.











UMaine

STEAM

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MAINE MAINE

- Identification of Power Plant Testbeds: Coal, MSW, & Steam Plants
- > Coal power plant identified and contact established during the past reporting period:
 - ✓ Longview Power: identification of locations for materials and sensors testing
 - ✓ One round of materials test <u>performed</u>
 - ✓ Sensor testing & second round for material testing for antennas <u>underway</u>
- PERC power plant:
 - \checkmark Materials antenna fab. & testing \Rightarrow Ongoing tests
- UMaine Steam power plant:
 - \checkmark Sensor resilience, packaging tests, wireless \Rightarrow Ongoing & prep. testing







- Longview Power Plant, Maidsville, WV: coal-based power plant
- > 1st Round material tests for antenna fabrication \Rightarrow coupons of low-carbon steel:
 - \checkmark Coated with diverse anti-corrosion ceramic layers (Cr₂O₃, Al₂O₃, ZrO₂) and sealant
 - \checkmark All materials passed first inspection \Rightarrow further RF tests required for surface oxidation level





Corrosion of untreated carbon steel coupon





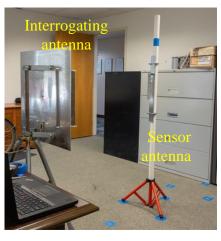




- Longview Power Plant, Maidsville, WV: coal-based power plant
- 2nd Round material tests => Harsh environment antenna components (for RF test)
 - ✓ Antenna radiating plates (brazed connection points)
 - ✓ Baseline measurements acquired with a reference antenna PRIOR to anti-corrosion treatment
 - \checkmark After treatment \Rightarrow measurements retaken \Rightarrow coating layers do NOT affect antenna performance
 - \checkmark Plates under test now at Longview \Rightarrow after weeks/months will be checked for RF performance



RF test set up for antenna plates





Mounted in fixture for testing at Longview

14



Longview Power Plant, Maidsville, WV: coal-based power plant

> SAW sensor probe prep. & testing \Rightarrow @ super heater pass damper (~500°C, after boilers)

- ✓ Goal: verify stable operation of sensor probe in targeted environment
- ✓ Establish REMOTE WIRELESS data acquisition & monitoring capability







SAW sensor inserted in high-temperature 6" probe

Probe attached to existing 138" Longview tube













Longview Power Plant, Maidsville, WV: coal-based power plant

 \succ Mounting & insertion of probes in the super heater damper \Rightarrow

✓ SAW sensor probes inserted & under test (Mid March 2019)

Packaged SAW sensor probe

Probe insertion

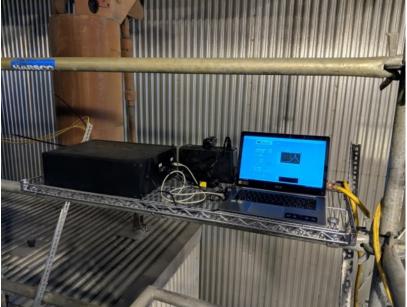




Two probes installed at two window locations



Environetix high-temperature (EVHT) monitoring system & wireless extraction capability









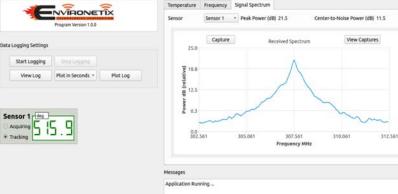




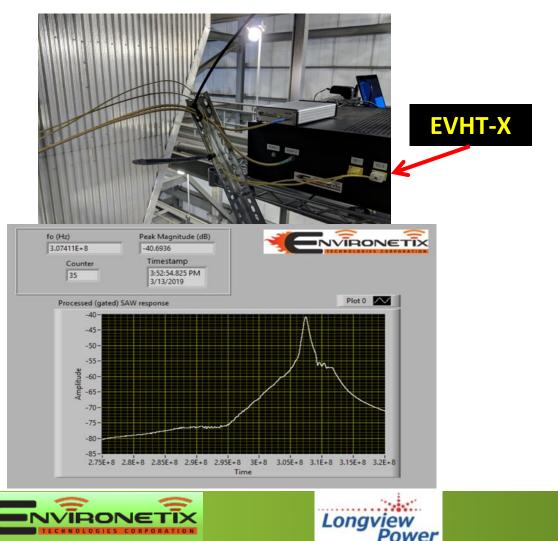
Longview Power Plant, Maidsville, WV: coal-based power plant

> In-situ measurements using two redundant EVHT (Environetix radar high-temp.) units =>



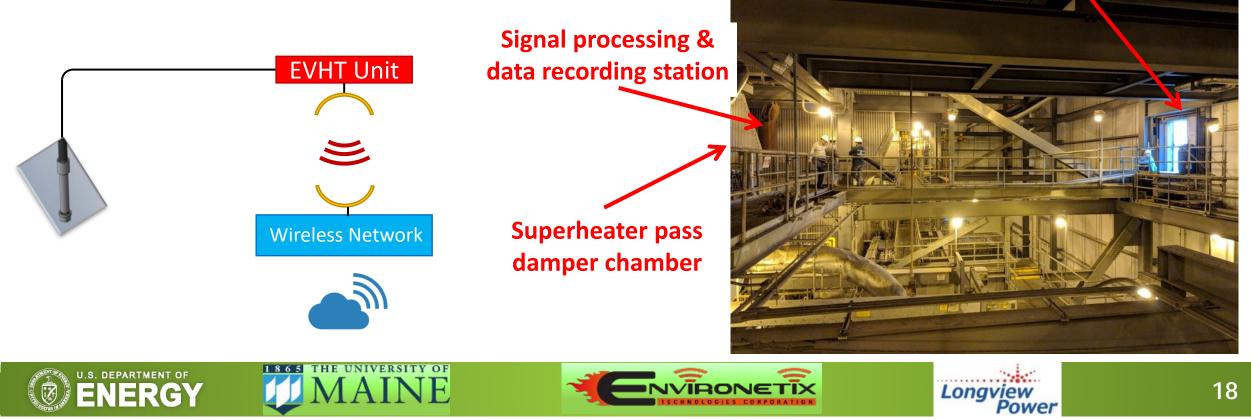


U.S. DEPARTMENT OF



- Longview Power Plant, Maidsville, WV: coal-based power plant
- Wireless/Remote Data Acquisition & Monitoring ⇒
 - **WIRELESS NETWORK implemented for:**
 - ✓ **CONTINUOUS** data acquisition (at Longview Power Plant, WV)
 - ✓ REMOTE monitoring (Maine/elsewhere)

Window for cellular signal access





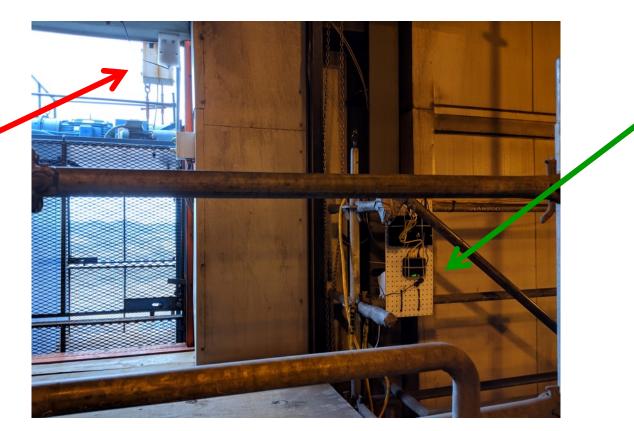


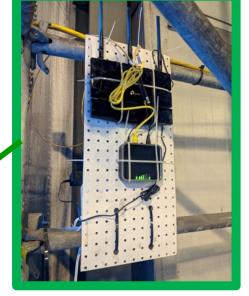
Longview Power Plant, Maidsville, WV: coal-based power plant

Wireless/Remote Data Acquisition & Monitoring ⇒

WIRELESS NETWORK installation @ Longview (9th floor)

















Longview Power Plant, Maidsville, WV: coal-based power plant

- **>** Secure Data Repository \Rightarrow
 - ✓ Remote sensor data constantly saved to Environetix's secure data repository
 - ✓ Can be easily accessed from any allowed web browser / computer

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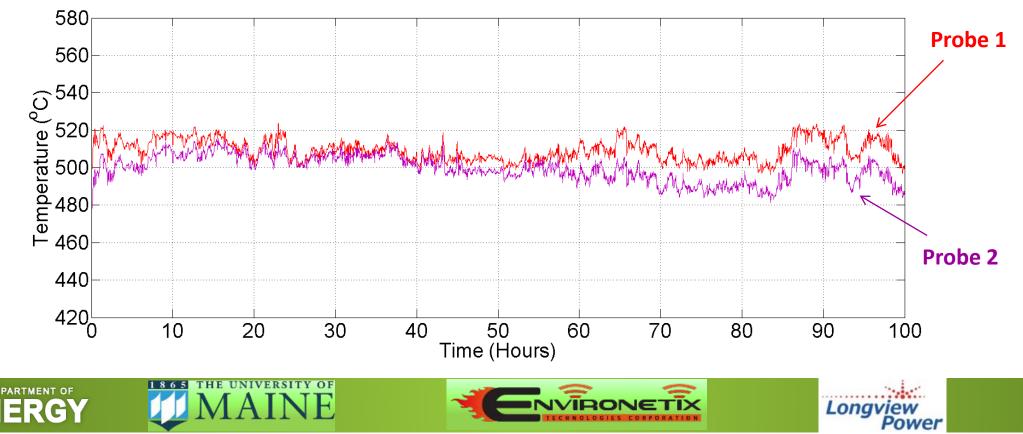




Longview Power Plant, Maidsville, WV: coal-based power plant

 \succ Remotely acquired sensor data saved & plotted \Rightarrow

Demonstrated operation of SAW sensors in a coal power plant environment & remote data acquisition and monitoring capability





- PERC Power Plant, Orrington, ME: MSW-based power plant
- \rightarrow Anti-corrosion coating test @ PERC \Rightarrow Economizer \rightarrow easy access (T \approx 325°C)
 - \checkmark The flue gas @ PERC \rightarrow HIGHLY CORROSIVE
 - \checkmark Test fixture prep. & installed \rightarrow 8 coupons of 2 \neq metal anti-corrosion coatings and sealants
 - ✓ Economizer → easy access (T \approx 325°C)
 - \checkmark After 19 days \rightarrow Corrosion evident on fasteners (left for an additional 21 days)

As mounted



After 19 days













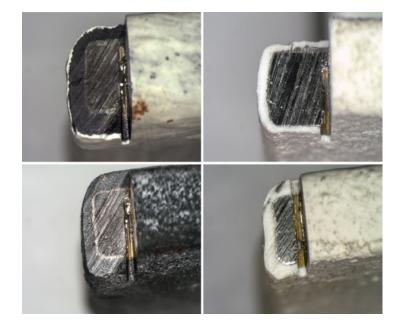


- PERC Power Plant, Orrington, ME: MSW-based power plant
- ➤ Anti-corrosion coating test @ PERC ⇒ After 40 days → removed for analysis @ Environetix
 - \checkmark Unprotected metal coupons \rightarrow highly corroded
 - \checkmark Coated (unsealed) coupons \rightarrow slightly corroded
 - \checkmark Coated & sealed coupons \rightarrow no visual sign of corrosion



Left to right: four coated and sealed coupons, two coated but unsealed coupons, and two bare metal coupons

Coated & sealed samples show no sign of corrosion





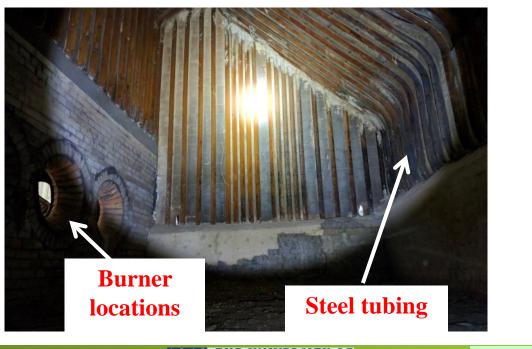


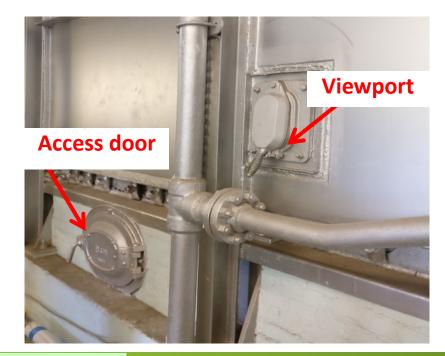






- Steam Power Plant, Orono, ME: natural gas & oil based PP
- Steam Power Plant @ UMaine => Four boilers -> 2 natural gas & 2 oil
- - \checkmark Wireless sensor system \rightarrow Interrogation system design & signal acquisition test
 - \checkmark Packaging resilience \rightarrow Thermal shock and long-term resilience



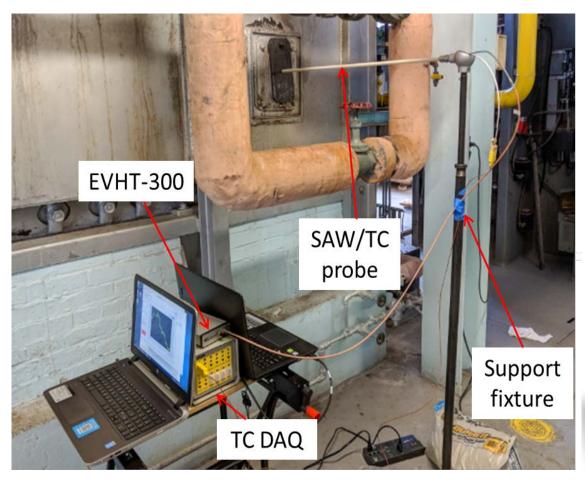


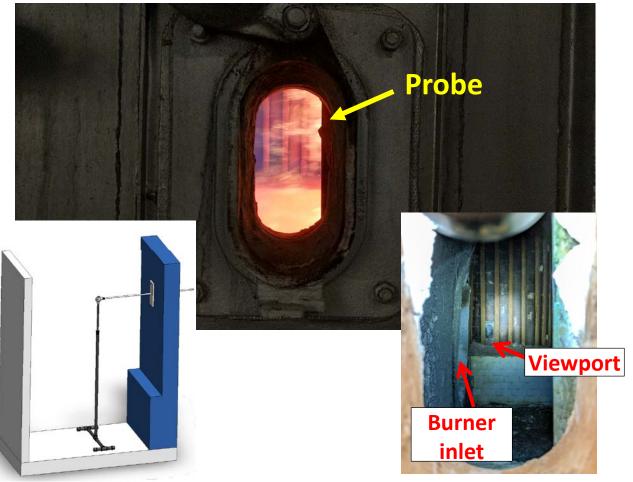




Steam Power Plant, Orono, ME: natural gas & oil – based PP

Probe installation @ Steam Plant (sensor resilience, packaging tests) ⇒ natural gas





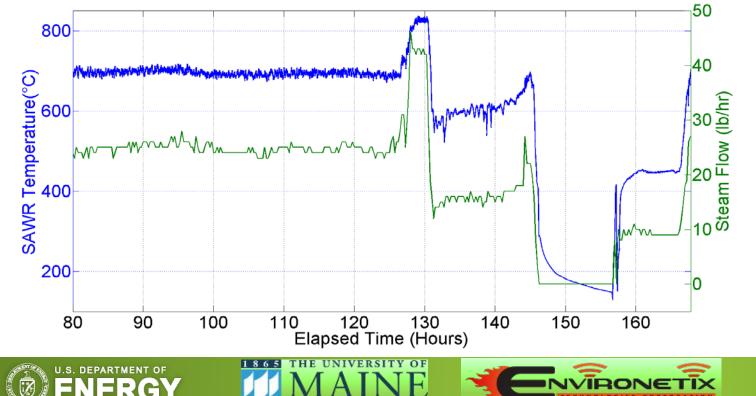






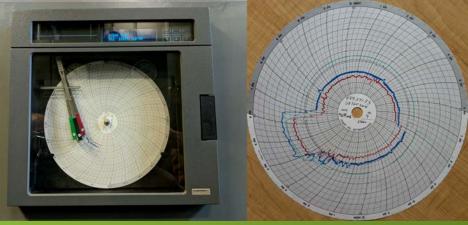
- Steam Power Plant, Orono, ME: natural gas & oil based PP
- SAW Sensor Probe Measurement @ Steam Plant
 - ✓ Temperature monitored using EVHT-300 unit by Environetix –
 - ✓ Steam flow measured using 24-hr mechanical charts by steam plant

SAW sensor temperature (blue) & Steam flow data (green)





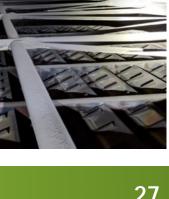
Steam flow data recorder: UMaine steam plant



IV. Project Next Steps & Identified Challenges

Power Plant Tests

- Collect data from material tests @ Longview, PERC, and UMaine Steam Plant
 - \checkmark Verify that coating & sealants: appropriate for RF/antenna operation (Longview, PERC)
 - \checkmark Continue to remotely monitor installed probes for long-term operation (Longview) If necessary propose corrections **Targeted Boiler**
 - \checkmark Finalize plan & install \rightarrow harsh environment wireless sensor in boilers (Longview)
 - ✓ Proceed with testing of wireless communication in boiler environment (Steam Plant)
 - ✓ Proceed with new materials, packaging & sensors development (UMaine, Environetix)



Location



IV. Project Next Steps & Identified Challenges



Identified Challenges

- \succ Test window opportunities in power plant boilers is very limited \Rightarrow
 - ✓ Power Plant is shut down for maintenance:
 - ONCE a year
 - * In case of a second time \Rightarrow normally emergency \Rightarrow very short notice
- ightarrow RF operation is plagued by \Rightarrow
 - ✓ Harsh environment conditions (erosive, corrosive, oxidizing)
 - ✓ Shielding (metallic structures and casing)
- \succ Packaging is challenged by \Rightarrow
 - \checkmark Extreme variations in temperature \rightarrow material integrity & stability
 - ✓ Shock in temperature
 - \checkmark Mismatch in the coefficient of thermal expansion between parts











- ✓ Strategic Alignment to Fossil Programmatic Objective highlighted
- \checkmark Path & strategy to achieve goals of \uparrow TRL from 5 to 7 discussed

\succ Status @ beginning of project discussed \Rightarrow

- ✓ Background successes
- Driving questions to project discussed

Current progresses presented => materials & sensors installed and under test

- \checkmark At Longview, PERC, and UMaine Steam Power Plants \rightarrow material integrity & stability
- \checkmark In-situ continuous remote wireless of high-temperature probes underway
- Next Steps & challenges presented and discussed
 - \checkmark No expected changes from original project plan at this point





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