

Oil and Natural Gas Technology

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Resource Characterization and Quantification of Natural Gas Hydrate and Associated Free-Gas Accumulations in the Prudhoe Bay – Kuparuk River Area on the North Slope of Alaska

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PROJECT ABSTRACT

BP Exploration (Alaska), Inc. (BPXA) and the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) co-sponsor this gas hydrate Cooperative Research Agreement (CRA) project in collaboration with the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) to help determine whether or not gas hydrate can become a technically and commercially viable gas resource. Studies have included reservoir characterization, reservoir modeling, and associated research which indicated that up to 12 TCF gas may be technically recoverable from 33-44 TCF gas-in-place (GIP) within the Eileen gas hydrate accumulation beneath industry infrastructure within the Milne Point Unit (MPU), Prudhoe Bay Unit (PBU), and Kuparuk River Unit (KRU) areas on the Alaska North Slope (ANS). To further constrain these estimates and to enable the selection of a test site for further data acquisition, the USGS reprocessed and interpreted MPU 3D seismic data provided by BPXA to delineate 14 MPU prospects interpreted to contain significant highly saturated gas hydrate-bearing sand reservoirs. The "Mount Elbert" site was selected to drill a stratigraphic test well to acquire a full suite of wireline log, core, and formation pressure test data. Drilling results and data interpretation confirmed pre-drill predictions and thus increased confidence in both the prospect interpretation methods and in the wider ANS gas hydrate resource estimates. The interpreted data from the Mount Elbert well provide insight into and reduce uncertainty of key gas hydrate-bearing reservoir properties, enable further refinement and validation of the numerical simulation of production potential of both MPU and broader ANS gas hydrate resources, and help determine viability of potential field sites for future extended term production testing. Drilling and data acquisition operations demonstrated that gas hydrate scientific research programs can be safely, effectively, and efficiently conducted within ANS infrastructure. The program success resulted in a recommendation to stakeholders to drill and complete a long term production test within ANS infrastructure. If approved, this long term test would build on prior arctic research efforts to better constrain the potential gas rates and volumes that could be produced from gas hydrate bearing sand reservoirs and would provide a unique, valuable dataset that cannot be obtained from existing or planned desktop research or laboratory studies. Proximity to resource, industry technology, and infrastructure combine to make the ANS an ideal site to evaluate gas hydrate resource potential through long-term production testing. Designs under consideration would initially evaluate depressurization technologies and if necessary, extend into a sequence of increasingly complex stimulation procedures, possibly including thermal, chemical, and/or mechanical. Results might also be applied to help determine the resource potential of offshore gas hydrate resources in the GOM and in other continental shelf areas.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The DOE-BPXA CRA helps facilitate industry interest in the resource potential of shallow natural gas hydrate accumulations. DOE, USGS, and BPXA support of these studies is gratefully acknowledged. DOE National Energy Technology Lab staff Brad Tomer, Ray Boswell, Richard Baker, Edith Allison, Tom Mroz, Kelly Rose, Eilis Rosenbaum, and others have enabled continuation of this and associated research projects. Scott Digert, Gordon Pospisil, and others at BPXA continue to promote the importance of this cooperative research within industry. BPXA staff Micaela Weeks, Larry Vendl, Dennis Urban, Dan Kara, Paul Hanson, and others supported stratigraphic test well plans and successfully implemented Phase 3a well operations and data acquisition. The State of Alaska Department of Natural Resources through the efforts and leadership of Dr. Mark Myers, Bob Swenson, Paul Decker, and others has consistently recognized the contribution of this research toward identifying a possible additional unconventional gas resource and actively supported the Methane Hydrate Act of 2005 to enable continued funding of these studies.

The USGS has led ANS gas hydrate research for three decades. Dr. Timothy Collett coordinates USGS partnership in the BPXA-DOE CRA. Seismic and associated reservoir characterization studies accomplished by Tanya Inks (Interpretation Services) and by USGS scientists Tim Collett, Myung Lee, Warren Agena, and David Taylor identified multiple MPU gas hydrate prospects. Support by USGS staff Bill Winters, Bill Waite, and Tom Lorenson and Oregon State University staff Marta Torres and Rick Colwell is gratefully acknowledged. Steve Hancock (RPS Energy) and Peter Weinheber (Schlumberger) helped design the MDT wireline testing program. Scott Wilson at Ryder Scott Co. has progressed reservoir models from studies by the University of Calgary (Dr. Pooladi-Darvish) and the University of Alaska Fairbanks (UAF). Dr. Shirish Patil and Dr. Abhijit Dandekar have maintained the UAF School of Mining and Engineering as an arctic region gas hydrate research center. University of Arizona reservoir characterization studies led by Dr. Bob Casavant with Dr. Karl Glass, Ken Mallon, Dr. Roy Johnson, and Dr. Mary Poulton also described the structural and stratigraphic architecture of Eileen accumulation ANS Sagavanirktok formation gas hydrate-bearing reservoirs.

Current related studies of gas hydrate resource potential are too numerous to mention here. National Labs studies include Dr. Pete McGrail, CO₂ injection experiments, and Dr. Mark White, reservoir modeling, at Pacific Northwest National Lab and Dr. George Moridis, reservoir modeling, and Dr. Jonny Rutqvist, geomechanics, at Lawrence Berkeley National Lab. Dr. Joe Wilder and Dr. Brian Anderson have led significant efforts of an International Reservoir Modeling Comparison team. The Colorado School of Mines under the leadership of Dr. Dendy Sloan and Dr. Carolyn Koh continue to progress laboratory and associated studies of gas hydrate. The significant efforts of international gas hydrate research projects such as those supported by the Directorate General of Hydrocarbons by the government of India and by the Japan Oil, Gas, and Metals National Corporation (JOGMEC) with the government of Japan and by others are significantly contributing to a better understanding of the resource potential of natural methane hydrate. JOGMEC and the government of Canada support of the 2002 and 2007-2008 Mallik project gas hydrate studies in Northwest Territories, Canada are gratefully acknowledged. This DOE-BPXA cooperative research project builds upon the accomplishments of many prior government, academic, and industry studies.

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2.0 PROJECT INTRODUCTION

This Cooperative Research Agreement (CRA) between BP Exploration (Alaska), Inc. (BPXA) and the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) in collaboration with the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) helps characterize and assess Alaska North Slope (ANS) methane hydrate resources and identify technical and commercial factors to enable a better understanding of the future development potential of this unconventional energy resource. Results of reservoir characterization, reservoir modeling, regional schematic modeling, and associated studies culminated in the 2007 Mount Elbert Stratigraphic Test which acquired extensive core, wireline log, and formation pressure data to help mitigate potential recoverable resource uncertainty. Publication of these stratigraphic test results and data analyses in the *Journal of Marine and Petroleum Geology* (JMPG) is anticipated in 2010 (Boswell, et al., in-press). Future production testing is a key goal of the program, but this remains under evaluation by stakeholders at this time.

Gas and water combine under appropriate pressure-temperature conditions within both subsea and onshore arctic region (Figure 1) sediments to form gas hydrate, a solid that may contain a significant portion of worldwide natural gas resources (Collett, 2002). Natural gas hydrate accumulations require the presence of all petroleum system components (source, migration, trap, seal, charge, and reservoir) within the hydrate stability conditions depicted in Figure 1. For example, in Figure 1, the temperature profile projected to an assumed permafrost base of 610 m intersects the 100% methane-hydrate stability curve at about 200 m, thus marking the upper boundary of the methane-hydrate stability zone. A geothermal gradient of 4.0°C/100 m projected from the base of permafrost at 610 m intersects the 100% methane-hydrate stability curve at about 1,100 m; thus, the methane hydrate stability zone in this example is approximately 900 m thick.

The USGS conducted the first systematic assessment of the in-place natural gas hydrate resources of the United States (Collett, 1995) and estimated that ANS gas hydrates within and beneath permafrost contain a mean 590 trillion cubic feet (TCF) gas-in-place (GIP) (Figures 2 and 3). Of this total, 100 TCF estimated GIP may be trapped within the gas hydrate-bearing formations of the “Eileen” and “Tarn” gas hydrate accumulations (Collett, 1993) in close

proximity to established ANS oil and gas production infrastructure within the Prudhoe Bay Unit (PBU), Kuparuk River Unit (KRU), and Milne Point Unit (MPU) field areas (Figures 3, 4, and 5). Over 33 TCF GIP hydrate resources are interpreted within gas hydrate-bearing Sagavanirktok reservoir units E, D, C, B, and A within the Eileen accumulation in this area (Figures 4, 5, and 6). The probabilistic volumetric assessment (Collett, 1995) did not identify or characterize the nature of individual gas hydrate accumulations or assess estimated ultimate recovery (EUR). Significant challenges remain in quantifying the fraction of these in-place resources that might become a technically-feasible or possibly a commercial natural gas reserve. Additional USGS studies estimate a mean 84 TCF undiscovered, technically recoverable gas hydrate resources beneath the North Slope of Alaska (Table 1; Collett et al., 2008).

The USGS interpreted the 3D seismic volume provided by BPXA to characterize the gas hydrate resource potential. This study identified 14 sub-permafrost gas hydrate prospects containing an estimated mean 668 BCF GIP within the MPU portion of the Eileen accumulation (Figures 4, 5, 6, and 7; Table 2; Lee et al., 2009; Lee et al., in-press; Inks et al., 2009). The Mount Elbert prospect was selected after comparative review of these prospects as interpretation indicated a greater probability of achieving the stratigraphic test program data acquisition objectives at this site.

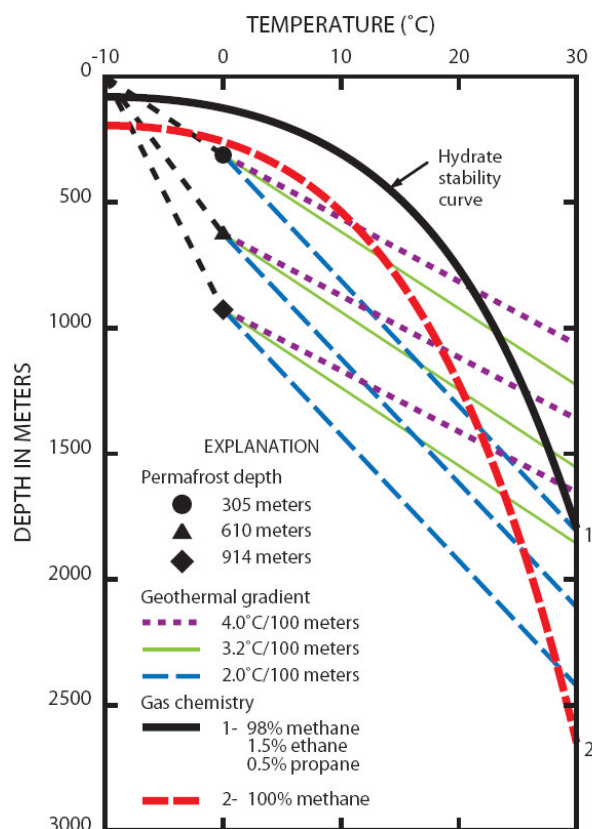


Figure 1: Gas Hydrate Stability Phase diagram (after Collett et al., in-press, modified from Holder et al, 1987) illustrating how variations in formation temperature, pore pressure, and gas composition can affect the gas hydrate stability zone thickness. The zone of potential gas hydrate stability lies within the depths between intersections of geothermal gradient and gas-hydrate stability curve.



Figure 2: Northern Alaska Gas Hydrate Total Petroleum System (TPS) (shaded in tan), and the limit of gas hydrate stability zone in northern Alaska (red outline); USGS Fact Sheet 2008-3073.

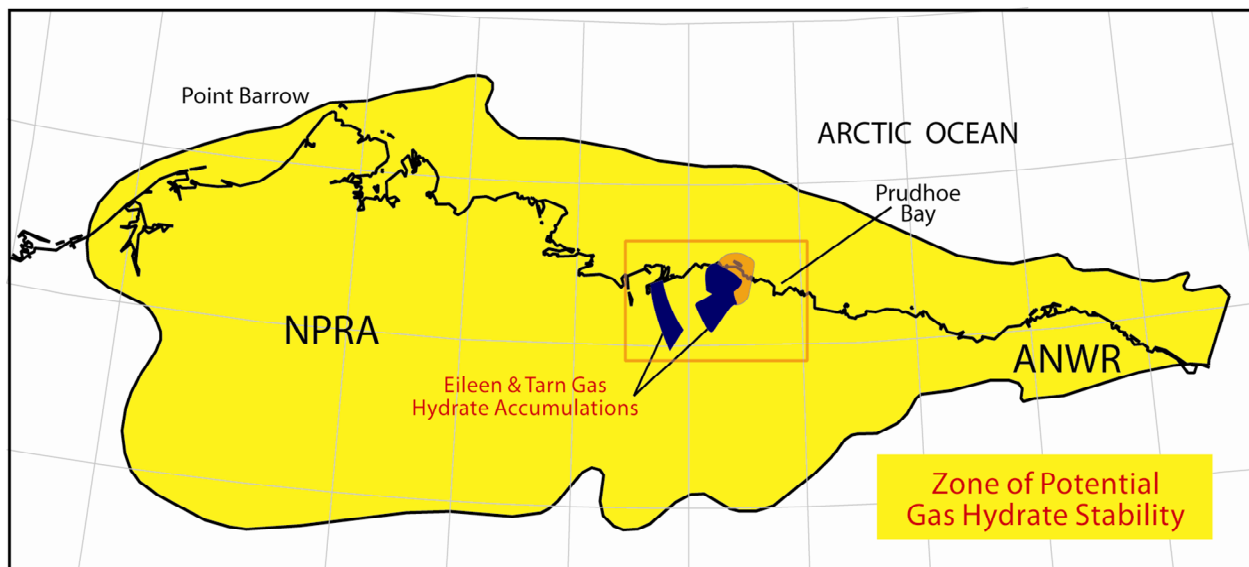


Figure 3: ANS gas hydrate stability zone (red outline of Figure 2) containing an estimated mean 590 TCF GIP showing Eileen and Tarn gas hydrate accumulations after Collett (1993 and 1995).

Historically, ANS gas hydrates were considered a shallow drilling hazard to the hundreds of well penetrations targeting deeper oil-bearing formations rather than a potential gas resource. Interpreted occurrence of gas hydrate within Eocene Sagavanirktok Formation shallow sand reservoirs was originally confirmed by log, core, and Drillstem Test (DST) data acquired in the first ANS dedicated gas hydrate test within the Northwest Eileen State-02 (NWEIL) well, drilled

in 1972 (Figures 4 and 5; Collett, 1993). NWEIL DST data indicate limited gas production at a calculated maximum rate of only 3,960 cubic feet/day (CF/d). Since that time, active investigation of gas hydrate recoverable resource potential has been limited due to no ANS gas export infrastructure, assumed low-rate production potential, unknown production methods, and lack of real-world, field-scale data to validate laboratory experiments and reservoir models. However, studies within and associated with this CRA have improved characterization of ANS gas hydrate-bearing reservoirs, provided reservoir simulation to help better understand potential gas hydrate dissociation processes, and recognized the significant energy resource potential of gas hydrates.

Past unconventional resource research and development was commonly hindered by a lack of proven positive examples necessary before generating stand-alone interest from industry. This pre-development condition held true for tight gas resources in the 1950-1960's, coal-bed-methane plays in the 1970-1980's and shale gas/oil resources in the 1990-2000's. In each case, the resource was thought to be technically infeasible and uneconomic until the combination of market, technology (new or newly applied), and positive field experience helped motivate widespread adoption of unconventional recovery techniques in an effort to prove whether or not the resource could be technically and commercially produced. In an attempt to bridge this gap, gas hydrate reservoir modeling efforts were coupled with a regional schematic model to quantify potential recoverable resource within the Eileen accumulation (Figure 6; Wilson, et al., in-press). Production forecast and regional schematic modeling studies included downside, reference, and upside cases. Reference case forecasts with type-well depressurization-induced production rates of 0.4-2.0 MMSCF/D predicted that 2.5 TCF of gas might be produced in 20 years, with 10 TCF ultimate recovery after 100 years from the 33 TCF GIP. The downside case envisioned research pilot failure and economic or technical infeasibility. Upside cases identified additional potential recoverable resource. These studies included rate forecasts and hypothetical well scheduling, methods typically employed to evaluate potential conventional large gas development projects (additional detail available from June 2006 Quarterly Technical Report Fifteenth Technical Quarterly Report, July 31, 2006 and also Wilson, et al., in-press).

These reservoir simulation and regional schematic studies culminated in recommendations to drill the Mount Elbert Stratigraphic Test (Figure 7, Table 2), which acquired reservoir data including extensive core, wireline log, and formation pressure data between February 3-19, 2007. Significantly, this well effectively proved the ability to safely conduct drilling and extended data acquisition and pressure testing operations within the hydrate-bearing formations. Demonstrated Stratigraphic Test technical success and data interpretation improved understanding of uncertainties, validated reservoir production simulations, and led to an evaluation of potential long-term production test sites in one of four general areas within ANS infrastructure (Figure 8). If approved by stakeholders, a future long-term ANS test would build on the successful short-term production test conducted in March 2008 at the Mallik site in the MacKenzie Delta by the governments of Japan and Canada, which indicated the technical feasibility of gas production from gas hydrate by conventional depressurization technology.

Although the technical recovery has been modeled for the ANS and proven possible in short-term production testing at the Mallik site, the economic viability of gas hydrate production will remain uncertain until sufficient field testing constrains production rates, predicts EUR volume,

and defines and implements applicable production technologies. Additional data acquisition and future production testing could help determine the technical feasibility of depressurization-induced or stimulated dissociation of gas hydrate into producible gas. Long-term production testing is not currently approved, although implementation of the designs at one of the sites under evaluation would provide a unique, valuable dataset that cannot be obtained from existing or planned desktop research or laboratory studies. Proximity to resource, industry technology, and infrastructure combine to make the ANS an ideal site to evaluate gas hydrate resource potential. Future exploitation of gas hydrate would require developing feasible, safe, and environmentally-benign production technology, initially within areas of industry infrastructure. The ANS onshore area within the Eileen accumulation area favorably combines a well-characterized gas hydrate petroleum system with accessible infrastructure and technology. Long-term production testing, if approved, would initially evaluate depressurization technologies and if necessary, extend into a sequence of increasingly complex thermal, chemical, and mechanical stimulation procedures. The information and technology being developed in this onshore ANS program might also help determine the resource potential of the potentially much larger marine gas hydrate resources in the GOM and in other continental shelf areas. If gas can be technically produced from gas hydrate and if studies help prove production capability at economically viable rates, then methane dissociated from ANS gas hydrate could possibly help supplement field operations fuel-gas, provide additional lean-gas for reservoir energy pressure support, sustain long-term production of portions of the geographically-coincident 20-25 billion barrels viscous oil resource, and/or supplement conventional export-gas in the longer term.

Total Petroleum System and Assessment Unit	Field Type	Total Undiscovered Resources							
		Gas (BCFG)				NGL (MMBNGL)			
		F95	F50	F5	Mean	F95	F50	F5	Mean
Northern Alaska Gas Hydrate TPS									
Sagavanirktok Formation Gas Hydrate AU	Gas	6,285	19,490	37,791	20,567	0	0	0	0
Tuluvak-Schrader Bluff-Prince Creek Formations Gas Hydrate AU	Gas	8,173	26,532	51,814	28,003	0	0	0	0
Nanushuk Formation Gas Hydrate AU	Gas	10,775	35,008	68,226	36,857	0	0	0	0
Total Undiscovered Resources		25,233	81,030	157,831	85,427	0	0	0	0

Table 1: ANS EUR gas hydrate resource (USGS Fact Sheet 2008-3073). Sagavanirktok Assessment Unit (AU) includes Eileen accumulation infrastructure area (Figure 4).

Prospect Name	Bulk Rock Volume (m³)	Acres	Porosity	Net to Gross	Gas Saturation	GIP (BCF)
Mt. Antero C	66,545,880	955	38%	80%	66.1%	75.2
Mt. Bierstadt "D"	31,704,181	268	37%	80%	49.8%	32.3
Mt. Bierstadt "E"	34,891,823	332	39%	80%	66.9%	41.8
Blanca Peak "C"	20,977,026	328	38%	80%	55.1%	22.4
Crestone Peak C	179,796,792	1728	38%	80	49.8	185.8
Mt. Elbert "C"	84,961,956	1106	38%	80%	59.7%	93.3
Mt. Elbert "D"	49,876,375	267	37%	80%	52.6%	52
Grays Peak "B"	5,771,419	85	38%	80%	47.2%	5.8
Maroon Peak "A"	26,261,864	375	38%	80%	81.2%	32.8
Mt. Princeton "D"	36,580,949	449	37%	80%	53.2%	38.2
Pikes Peak "B"	11,261,848	298	38%	80%	68.8%	13.2
Redcloud Peak "B"	16,580,030	194	38%	80%	58.1%	18
Mt. Sneffels "D"	42,949,487	516	37%	80%	57.6%	46.2
Uncompahgre Peak "D"	11,056,564	167	37%	80%	49.3%	11.2
E Combined	34,891,823	332	39%	80%	66.9%	41.8
D Combined	172,167,556	1667	37%	80%	52.5%	179.9
C Combined	352,281,654	4117	38%	80%	57.7%	376.7
B Combined	33,613,297	577	38%	80%	58.03%	37
A Combined	26,261,864	375	38%	80%	81.2%	32.8
TOTAL	619,216,195	7068	38%	80%	63.3%	668.2

Table 2: ANS MPU gas hydrate prospect reservoir properties (after Inks et al, in-press).

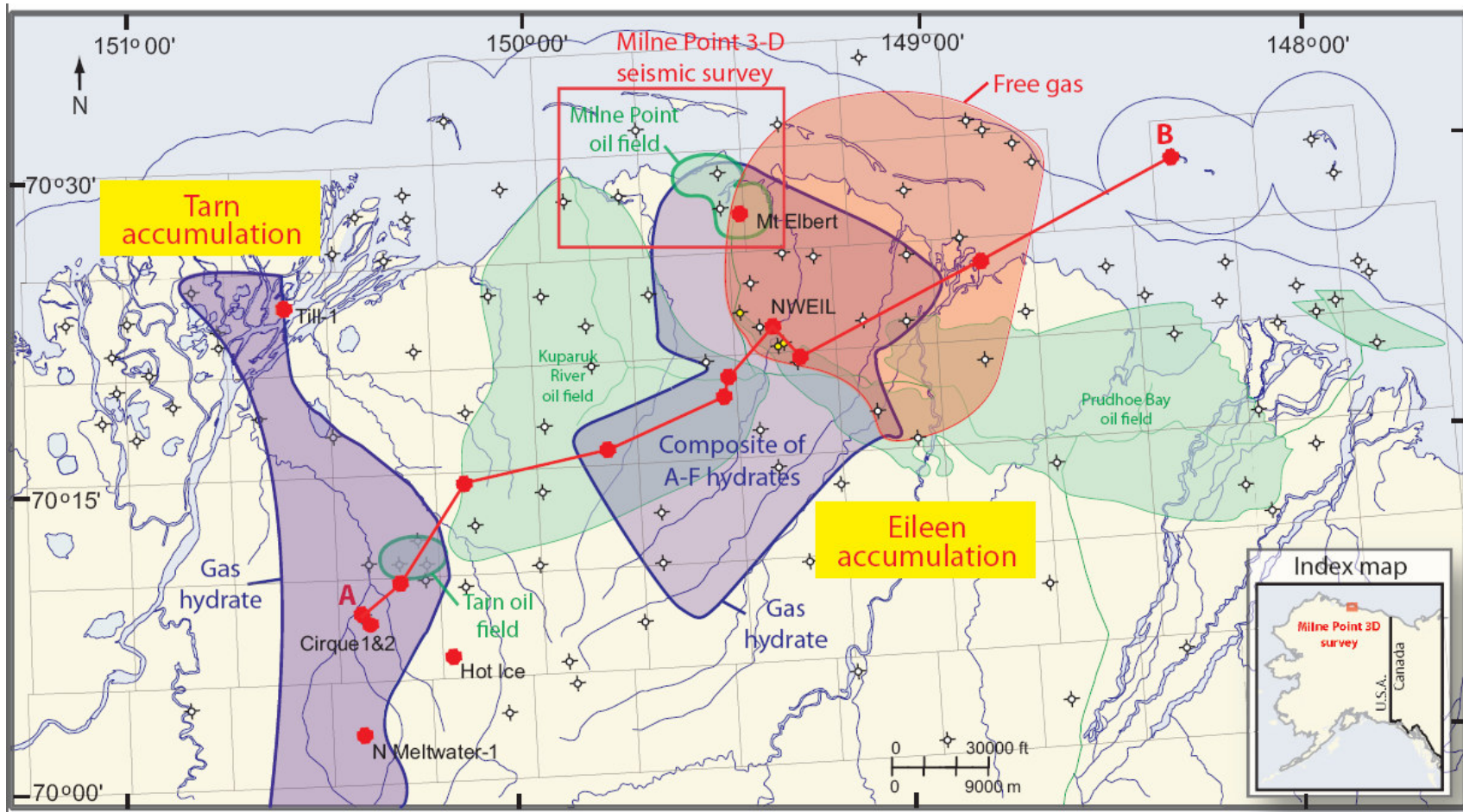


Figure 4: Eileen and Tarn Gas Hydrate Accumulations and ANS Field Infrastructure (modified after Collett et al, in-press). Estimated Eileen accumulation GIP = 33 TCF with EUR 2 - 12 TCF (Wilson et al, in-press).

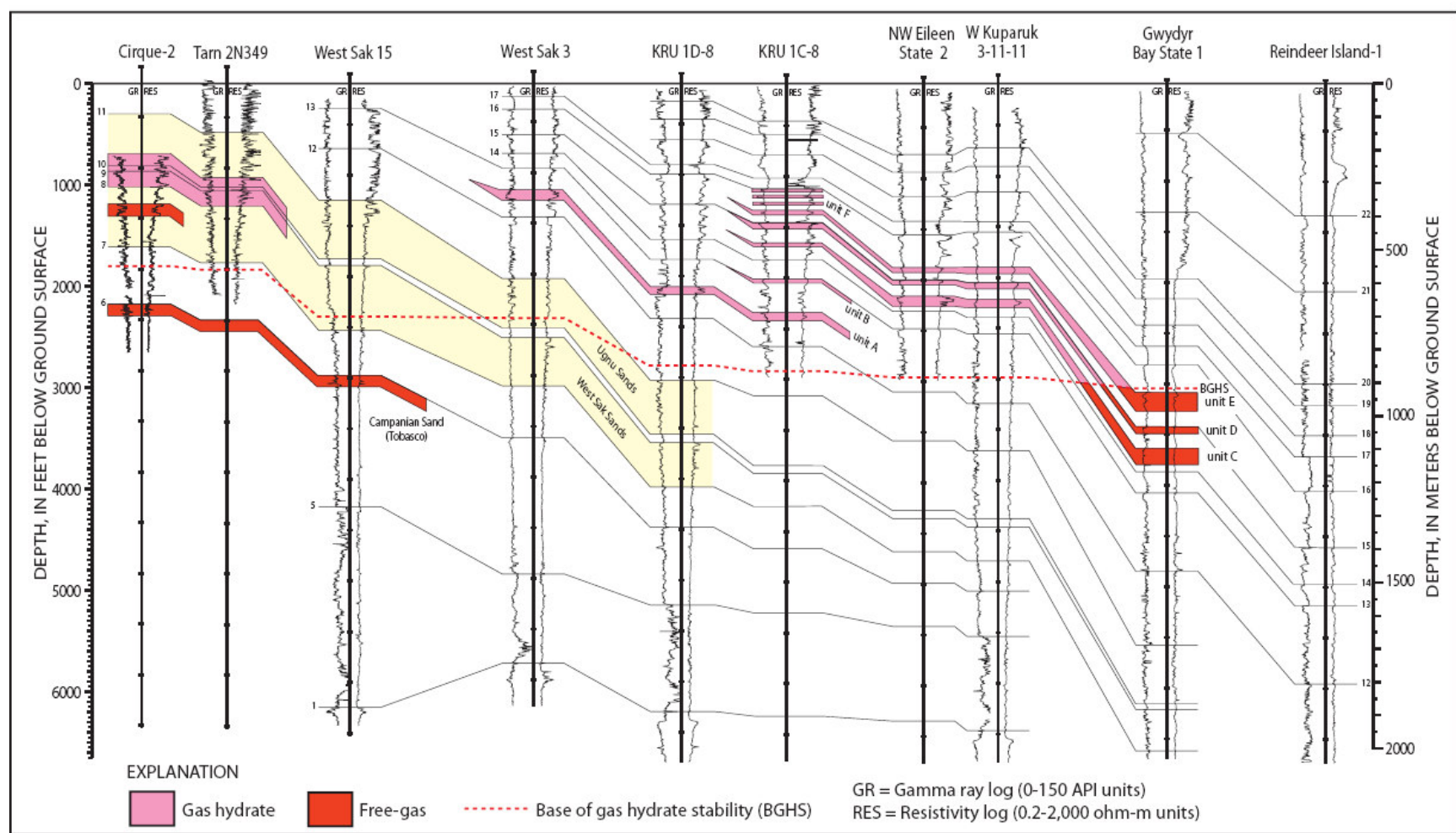


Figure 5: Well log cross-section (Red line of section A-B shown in Figure 4) illustrating gas hydrate-bearing formations within the Eileen and Tarn accumulations (Collett, et al, in-press). Informal Sagavanirktok Formation units A through F are shown within the Eileen accumulation. Log correlation markers, shown by numbered solid lines, are used to construct a regional stratigraphic framework (modified from Collett, 1993).

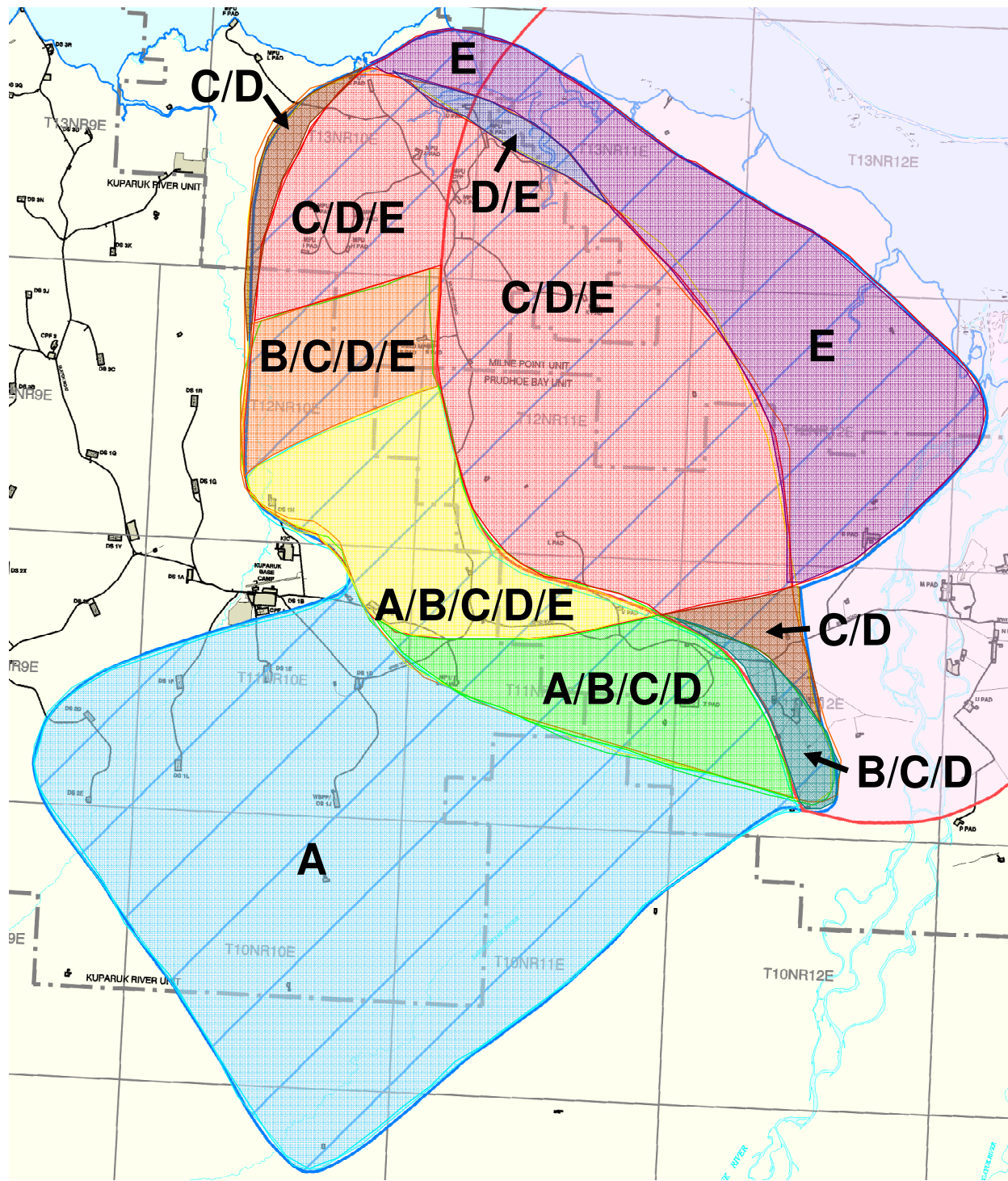


Figure 6: Interpreted gas hydrate-bearing Sagavanirktok Formation informal units A through E shown in map within the Eileen accumulation (modified from Collett, 1993) as used to construct regional schematic development model (Wilson, et al., in-press).

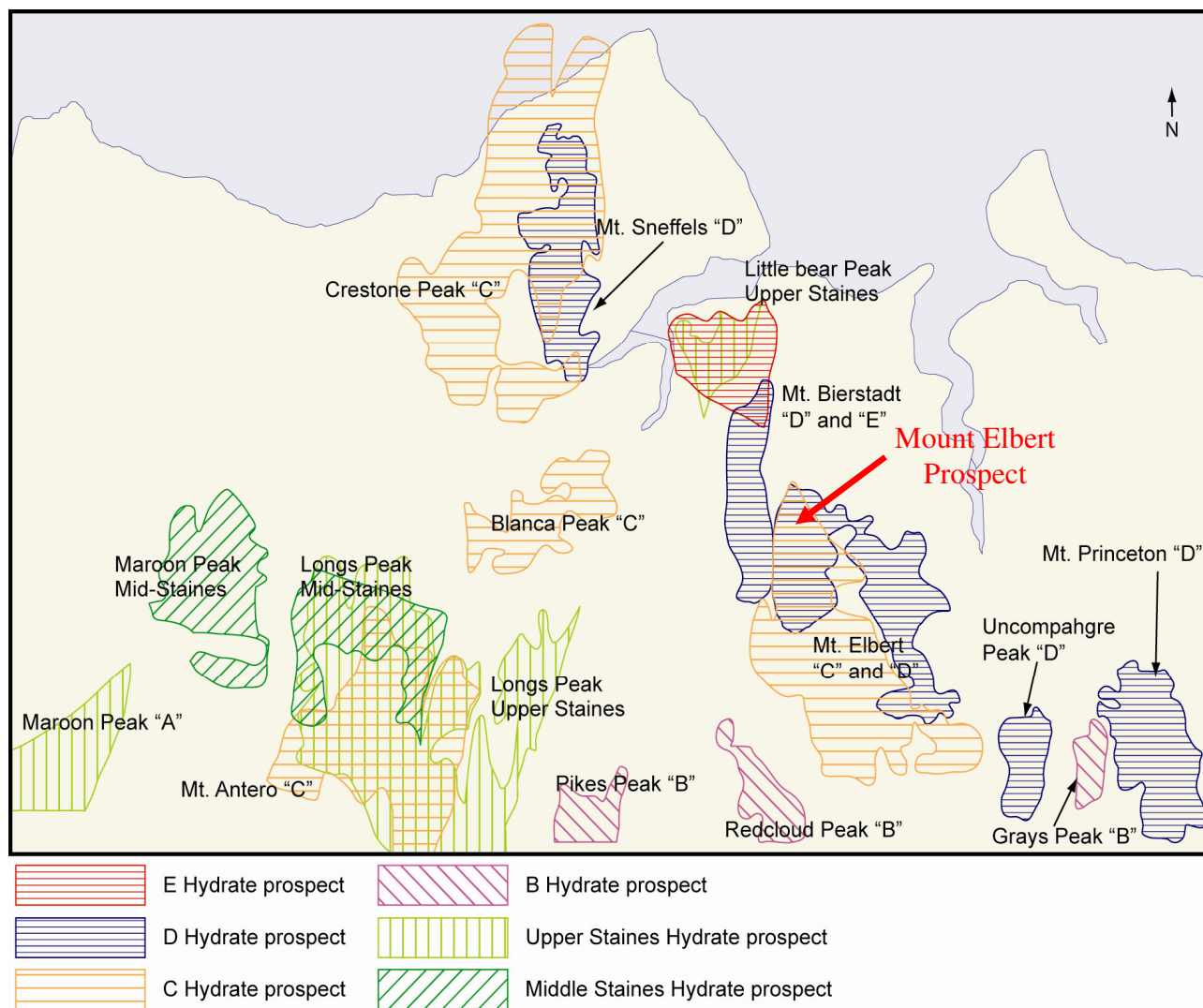


Figure 7: MPU gas hydrate prospects interpreted from Milne 3D seismic data, including Mount Elbert (Inks, T., Lee, M., Taylor, D., Agena, W., Collett, T. and Hunter, R., 2009).

3.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report documents project accomplishments from October 2009 through end-March 2010. Major accomplishments during the reporting period include:

- Evaluated surface and subsurface locations for potential long-term production test
- Continued working toward Stakeholder agreements for long-term production test

Project objectives worked during the reporting period include:

1. External communications, reporting, and contracts
2. Internal communications and reporting
3. Stratigraphic Test data analyses and publication
4. Production Test preliminary planning and design

Detailed accomplishments in these categories are summarized below in Section 4.

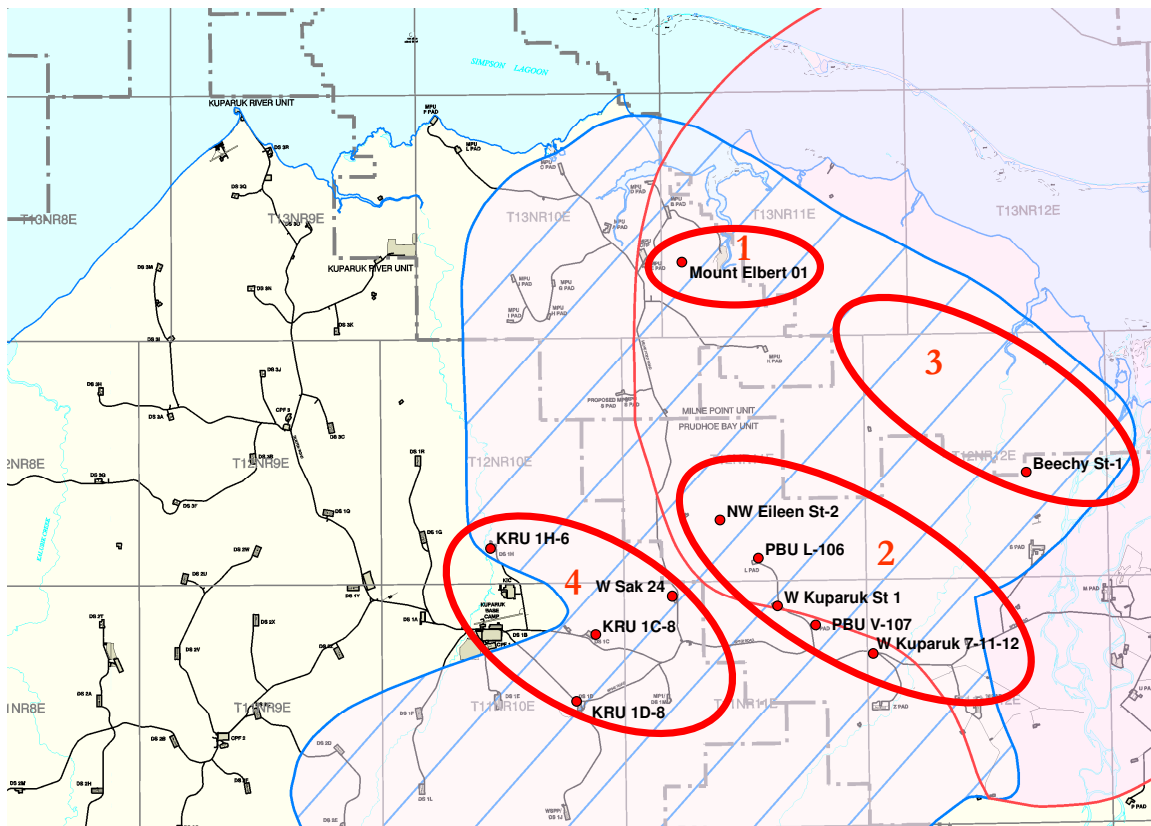


Figure 8: Eileen accumulation map of composite lateral extent of Sagavanirktok gas hydrate bearing zones A, B, C, D, E, and F (blue with stripes) with 4 areas-of-interest for a potential future production test site.

4.0 ACCOMPLISHMENTS SUMMARY, 4Q09 and 1Q10

4.1 External Communications, Reporting, and Contracts

- Write, review, and submit semi-annual technical end-September 2009 progress report
 - Document project accomplishments during reporting period
- Track financial status; calculate, review, and submit financial and accrual reports
 - Update invoice accounting spreadsheet; validate cost centers
 - Provide monthly project accrual reports and quarterly financial reports
 - Reformat financial report to new SF425
- Participate in monthly progress report teleconferences with USGS and DOE
- Participate in monthly progress report teleconferences with USGS, DOE, and CoP
- Accepted project contract Amendment 28 no-cost extension through end-June 2010
 - Requested and received no-cost extension to extend time to engage stakeholders
 - Updated FedConnect and central contractor registration
 - Discussed need to update project cost-share documentation
 - Discussed anticipated Continuation Application for production testing progression
- Prepared, reviewed, and presented project information to external parties
 - Prepared and presented to DOE Atlanta gas hydrate projects meeting
 - Prepared and presented to DOE Gas Hydrate Advisory Committee meeting

- Considered participation in April 2010 AAPG and October 2010 SPE meetings
- Submitted abstract for and co-chaired April 2010 AAPG gas hydrate session
- Declined participation in joint SPE-CSUG conference session on gas hydrates
- Updated Mount Elbert wireline log figure and provided to NAC for publication
- Declined invitation to present at China conference 1st Annual World Congress of Well Stimulation & Enhanced Oil Recovery (WSEOR-2010)
- Responded to UAF request to use Mount Elbert data for potential senior projects
- Responded to project update request from Alaska DNR with project report update
- Reviewed relevant project information from external parties
 - "Methods of gas hydrate concentration estimation with field examples" (Kumar)
 - Gas hydrate production test and in-situ combustion technology advances

4.2 Internal Communications and Reporting

- Maintained project files, correspondence, and electronic backups
- Reviewed and categorized project accounting and invoices
- Networked research within BPXA, GOM, EPT, R&D
 - Compiled past project accomplishments and related research
 - Identified potential gas hydrate R&D synergies to Alaska program
 - Reviewed Rock Solid Images MPU gas hydrate R&D
- Sorted and prepared for review of final University of Arizona (UA) report
 - Continued inventory of report, hardcopy materials, and electronic files
 - Delayed invoice payment pending final report review
- Helped coordinate industry synergy and alignment; provided scope and budget input
- Participated in teleconferences with management and technical team leads

4.3 Mount Elbert Stratigraphic Test Data Analyses and Publication

A major effort to document the data analyses and results of the 2007 Mount Elbert Stratigraphic Test is anticipated to be published in 2010. The thematic volume title is “Scientific Results of 2007 USDOE-BP-USGS “Mount Elbert” Gas Hydrate Stratigraphic Test Well, Milne Point, Alaska North Slope”. This special volume for the *Journal of Marine and Petroleum Geology* (JMPG) will serve as a Scientific Results Volume to report on the February 2007 “Mount Elbert” gas hydrate stratigraphic test well data acquisition as well as subsequent analyses and interpretation conducted by the DOE, BPXA, USGS, and affiliated scientists.

The Phase 3a field program at the Mount Elbert site provided a unique opportunity to acquire and integrate numerous datasets related to the prediction and description of naturally-occurring gas hydrate reservoirs. The field program included a science team drawn primarily from the USGS, BPXA, DOE-NETL, and Oregon State University, which was augmented in collaboration with leading groups worldwide in the post-field-program analyses of data and samples as-documented in prior project reports.

The Thematic Volume presents critical project data and analyses and integrates findings across multiple disciplines. The volume includes approximately 25 original scientific research papers including introductory project review and data synthesis; validation of the seismic data analysis used to site the well; interpretation of advanced well logs; geological, geochemical and

petrophysical analyses of sediment core samples; results of pressure testing of reservoir response; and numerical simulations of potential reservoir productivity.

During the 4Q09-1Q10 reporting period, progress continued on JMPG volume preparation:

- Provided editorial input and edits to JMPG volume and multiple JMPG papers
 - Provided suggested edits to Boswell et al paper
 - Approved Rose et al and Boswell et al papers
 - Provided input to standard reference information and updates to volume editors
 - Provided suggested edits and input to Wilson et al paper
 - Reviewed Sun et al and Lorenson et al papers
 - Provided core sample transfer information from pressure vessels to LN to LBNL
 - Provided suggested edits to Collett et al USGS-internal and JMPG papers
 - Evaluated core minipermeameter data as input to physical properties paper
- Completed JMPG volume Introductory paper and accepted for publication
 - Responded to detailed peer reviews with corrections and additions to paper
 - Finalized paper text, figures, and tables

4.4 Production Test Preliminary Planning and Design

- Provided input to long-term production test design in anticipation of project progression
 - Provided and reviewed 2008 project workshop documentation
 - Reviewed and discussed USGS Eileen accumulation data records
 - Discussed geomechanical sampling and soils methods for future core studies
 - Reviewed EM and RF thermal technologies and maintained internal dialog
 - Recommended future log model incorporate Mount Elbert core to log comparison
 - Initiated plans to place long-term production test well on Alaska Drilling schedule
 - Evaluated potential surface and subsurface locations to allow 18-24 month access
 - Discussed compliance of testing with global well test representative
 - Reviewed Mount Elbert well operations, accomplishments, and analyses for input to long-term production test drilling and data acquisition operations
 - Reviewed field facility access and simultaneous operations issues
 - Evaluated shallow well and seismic data to select long-term production test site
 - Selected PBU L-pad as optimal surface and subsurface site for production testing
 - Evaluated trajectory plans for production test wellbore(s)
 - Initiated discussion regarding monitoring of original borehole before sidetrack
 - Determined unlikely due to regulatory and operator constraints
 - Consider tubing outside casing cemented in-place with fiber optic DTS
 - Evaluated subsurface target locations in vicinity of PBU L-106 Sagavanirktok penetration, including faulting and seismic attributes
- Provided input to agreements for long-term gas hydrate production test
 - Participated in meetings with industry Stakeholders to help facilitate consensus
 - Obtained management commitment to seeking Stakeholder approvals
 - Prepared ballot agreement to seek Stakeholder approvals
- Evaluate information, synergies, and agreements for CoP CO₂ gas hydrate injection test
 - Identified, evaluated, prioritized, considered implications, and selected optimal synergies between CO₂ injection and long-term production tests
 - Provided Mount Elbert-01 permeability with overburden (Net confining stress)

- Discussed KRU geomechanical studies and opened dialog
- Reviewed and suggested modifications to ballot proposal
- Received, reviewed, and provided technical and legal feedback to CoP ballot
- Continued to investigate synergies with long-term production testing

5.0 STATUS REPORT

5.1 Continuation Application Status

Stakeholder and working interest owner (WIO) approvals are being sought before submission of a Continuation Application for a long-term production test project phase within the recommended PBU L-pad area. This process has taken time to develop with various documents in-review by WIO legal teams and in work sessions. WIO approvals are anticipated, but the process still depends on third-party decisions independent of the BP-DOE CRA. A PBU ballot agreement has been drafted and will be submitted to WIO's for consideration.

BP completed review of a ConocoPhillips (CoP) tract-operation PBU WIO ballot proposal for a CO₂ injection test. The general concept received support at technical and management levels. The PBU L-pad area test site has also been reviewed and networked with area teams and initial meetings were held to begin integrating this proposed project into PBU activities and into synergy with this CRA long-term production test plans. BP have assembled and evaluated data necessary for long-term production test design plans and have held discussions with BP's global Well Testing advisor.

5.2 Cost Status

Table 3 summarizes project cost status through end-1Q10. Project cost-share remains to be updated with in-kind data, staff, and cash contributions for Phase 3a work.

Total Federal Share to end-1Q10	\$9,473,904	Total processed invoices reimbursed
US Treasury Account Balance	\$345,603	Remaining funds in ASAP Account
Estimated Outstanding Invoices	\$279,920	Anticipated Unprocessed invoices
Estimated Project Account Balance	\$65,683	No-cost extension now through end-June

Table 3: Estimated project cost status and remaining Phase 3a project funds

5.3 Project Task Schedules and Milestones

5.3.1 U.S. Department of Energy Milestone Log, Phase 1, 2002-2004

Note that scope-of-work in contract amendments 1-8 for Phase 1.

Program/Project Title: DE-FC26-01NT41332: Resource Characterization and Quantification of Natural Gas Hydrate and Associated Free-Gas Accumulations in the Prudhoe Bay - Kuparuk River Area on the North Slope of Alaska.

Identification Number	Description	Planned Completion Date	Actual Completion Date	Comments
Task 1.0	Research Management Plan	12/02 – 12/04	12/02	Subcontracts Completed
Task 2.0	Provide Technical Data and Expertise	MPU: 12/02 PBU: * KRU: *	MPU: 12/02 PBU: * KRU: *	See Technical Progress Reports
Task 3.0	Wells of Opportunity Data Acquisition	Ongoing in Phase 2-3	Ongoing in Phase 2-3	See Technical Progress Reports
Task 4.0	Research Collaboration Link	Ongoing in Phase 2-3	Ongoing in Phase 2-3	See Technical Progress Reports
Subtask 4.1	Research Continuity	Ongoing in Phase 2-3	Ongoing in Phase 2-3	
Task 5.0	Logging and Seismic Technology Advances	Ongoing in Phase 2-3	Ongoing in Phase 2-3	See Technical Progress Reports
Task 6.0	Reservoir and Fluids Characterization Study	12/04	final report received 9/09	Interim Results presented, 2004 Hedberg Conference
Subtask 6.1	Characterization and Visualization	12/04	final report received 9/09	Interim Results presented, 2004 Hedberg Conference
Subtask 6.2	Seismic Attributes and Calibration	12/04	final report received 9/09	Interim Results presented, 2004 Hedberg Conference
Subtask 6.3	Petrophysics and Artificial Neural Net	12/04	final report received 9/09	Interim Results presented, 2004 Hedberg Conference
Task 7.0	Laboratory Studies for Drilling, Completion, Production Support	6/04	6/04	
Subtask 7.1	Characterize Gas Hydrate Equilibrium	6/04	6/04	Results presented, 2004 Hedberg Conference
Subtask 7.2	Measure Gas-Water Relative Permeabilities	6/04	6/04	Results presented, 2004 Hedberg Conference
Task 8.0	Evaluate Drilling Fluids	12/04		
Subtask 8.1	Design Mud System	11/03		
Subtask 8.2	Assess Formation Damage	9/05	Into Phase 2	
Task 9.0	Design Cement Program	12/04		
Task 10.0	Study Coring Technology	2/04	2/04	
Task 11.0	Reservoir Modeling	12/04	Ongoing in Phase 2-3	Interim Results presented, 2004 Hedberg Conference
Task 12.0	Select Drilling Location and Candidate	9/05	Ongoing in Phase 2-3	Topical Report submitted, June 2005
Task 13.0	Project Commerciality & Phase 2 Progression Assessment	9/05	Redesigned 2005 Phase 2	BPXA and DOE decision

* Date dependent upon industry partner agreement for seismic data release

5.3.2 U.S. Department of Energy Milestone Log, Phase 2, 2005-2006

Note that scope-of-work in contract Amendment 9 for Phase 2.

Program/Project Title: DE-FC26-01NT41332: Resource Characterization and Quantification of Natural Gas Hydrate and Associated Free-Gas Accumulations in the Prudhoe Bay - Kuparuk River Area on the North Slope of Alaska.

Identification Number	Description	Planned Completion Date	Actual Completion Date	Comments
Task 1.0	Research Management Plan	1/05 – 1/06	1/06	Subcontracts Completed
Task 2.0	Provide Technical Data and Expertise	MPU: 12/02 PBU: * KRU: *	MPU: 12/02 PBU: * KRU: *	See Technical Progress Reports
Task 3.0	Wells of Opportunity Data Acquisition	Ongoing	Ongoing	See Technical Progress Reports
Task 4.0	Research Collaboration Link	Ongoing in Phase 2-3	Ongoing in Phase 2-3	See Technical Progress Reports
Subtask 4.1	Research Continuity	Ongoing in Phase 2-3	Ongoing in Phase 2-3	
Task 5.0	Logging and Seismic Technology Development and Advances	Ongoing in Phase 2-3	Ongoing in Phase 2-3	See Technical Progress/Topical Reports
Task 6.0	Reservoir and Fluids Characterization Study	12/06	final report received 9/09	
Subtask 6.1	Structural Characterization	12/06	final report received 9/09	
Subtask 6.2	Resource Visualization	12/06	final report received 9/09	
Subtask 6.3	Stratigraphic Reservoir Model	12/06	final report received 9/09	
Task 7.0	Laboratory Studies for Drilling, Completion, Production Support	12/06		Some Hiatus; Phase 2-3a design, studies, & decision
Subtask 7.1	Design Mud System	12/05	Completed	
Subtask 7.2	Assess Formation Damage	1/06	Completed	
Subtask 7.3	Measure Petrophysical and Other Physical Properties	9/06	Phase 3a	No Samples Acquired; await Phase 3a acquisition
Task 8.0	Design Completion / Production Test for Gas Hydrate Well	4/06	Mt Elbert-01 stratigraphic test 2/07	Design of Phase 3a Strat Test operation Complete
Task 9.0	Field Operations and Data Acquisition Program Planning	4/06	Mt Elbert-01 stratigraphic test 2/07	Planning for Potential operations underway
Task 10.0	Reservoir Modeling and Project Commercial Evaluation	1/06	Ongoing in Phase 2-3	Regional Resource Review & Development Planning
Subtask 10.1	Task 5-6 Reservoir models	Ongoing in Phase 2-3	Ongoing in Phase 2-3	
Subtask 10.2	Hydrate Production Feasibility	1/06	Phase 2-3	
Subtask 10.3	Project Commerciality & Phase 3a Progression Assessment	1/06	Phase 2-3	January 2006 approval for Phase 3a Stratigraphic Test

* Date dependent upon industry partner agreement for seismic data release

5.3.3 U.S. Department of Energy Milestone Log, Phase 3a, 2006-2010

Phase 3a scope-of-work from contract Amendment 11 with additional detail provided in support of Amendments 18 and 20.

Program/Project Title: DE-FC26-01NT41332: Resource Characterization and Quantification of Natural Gas Hydrate and Associated Free-Gas Accumulations in the Prudhoe Bay - Kuparuk River Area on the North Slope of Alaska

Identification Number	Description	Planned Completion Date	Actual Completion Date	Comments
Task 1.0	Research Management Plan	1/06 – 10/08	12/08	
Task 2.0	Provide Technical Data and Expertise	MPU: 12/02 PBU: * KRU: *	MPU: 12/02 PBU: * KRU: *	See Technical Progress Reports
Task 3.0	Wells of Opportunity Data Acquisition	Ongoing	As-identified	See Technical Progress Reports
Task 4.0	Research Collaboration Link	Ongoing	Ongoing	See Technical Progress Reports
Subtask 4.1	Research Continuity	Ongoing	Ongoing	
Task 5.0	Logging and Seismic Technology Development and Advances	Ongoing	As-needed	See Technical Progress/Topical Reports
Task 6.0	Reservoir and Fluids Characterization Study	12/07	final report received 9/09	University of Arizona contract complete 12/07
Subtask 6.1	Structural Characterization	12/07	final report received 9/09	Contract completed
Subtask 6.2	Resource Visualization	12/07	final report received 9/09	Contract completed
Subtask 6.3	Stratigraphic Reservoir Model	12/07	final report received 9/09	Contract completed
Task 7.0	Laboratory Studies for Drilling, Completion, Production Support	9/08	Completed	UAF contract to DOE Arctic Energy Office
Subtask 7.1	Design Mud System	9/07	Completed	
Subtask 7.2	Assess Formation Damage	9/07	Completed	
Subtask 7.3	Measure Petrophysical and Other Physical Properties	9/07	Completed	
AEO Task 1	Relative Permeability Studies	9/08	Completed	
AEO Task 2	Minipermeameter Studies	6/08	Completed	
Task 8.0	Implement completion/production Test for gas hydrate well	3/07	3/07	Stratigraphic Test Well Drilled February 3-19, 2007
Task 9.0	Reservoir Modeling and Project Commercial Evaluation	9/08	Completed	Regional Resource Review & Development Planning
Subtask 9.1	Task 5-6 Reservoir models	9/08	As-needed	
Subtask 9.2	Project Commerciality & Phase 3b Production Test Decision	9/08	In-preparation	Phase 3a analyses and Phase 3b planning/design

* Date dependent upon industry partner agreement for seismic data release

5.3.4 U.S. Department of Energy Milestone Plans

(DOE F4600.3)

DOE F 4600.3# U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY FEDERAL ASSISTANCE MILESTONE PLAN: PHASE 2-3a (2005-2006)

1. Program/Project Identification No. DE-FC26-01NT41332		2. Program/Project Title Resource Characterization and Quantification of Natural Gas Hydrate and Associated Free-Gas Accumulations in the Prudhoe Bay - Kuparuk River Area on the North Slope of Alaska																			
3. Performer (Name, Address) BP Exploration (Alaska), Inc., 900 East Benson Blvd, P.O. Box 196612, Anchorage, Alaska 99519-6612		4. Program/Project Start Date 10/22/02*																			
		5. Program/Project Completion Date 3/31/10 (through Phase 3a)																			
6. Identification Task Number	7. Planning Category (Work Breakdown Structure Tasks)	8. Program/Project Duration (Phases 2-3, 2005 - 2006) ← Planning/Analysis → ← DECISION → ← IMPLEMENTATION → ← DEFERRED TO 2007 →												9. Comments (Primary work Performer)							
		J	F	M	A	M	J	J	D	N	O	S	A	J	A	S	O	N	D		
Task 1.0	Contracts and Research Management Planning	>>>>>>!	>>>>>>!	>>>>>>!	>>>>>>!	>>>>>>!	>>>>>>!	>>>>>>!	>>>>>>!	>>>>>>!	>>>>>>!	>>>>>>!	>>>>>>!	>>>>>>!	>>>>>>!	>>>>>>!	>>>>>>!	>>>>>>!	>>>>>>!	>>>>>>!	BPXA, AES
Task 2.0	Technical Data and Expertise	-->>>>>>	-->>>>>>	-->>>>>>	-->>>>>>	-->>>>>>	-->>>>>>	-->>>>>>	-->>>>>>	-->>>>>>	-->>>>>>	-->>>>>>	-->>>>>>	-->>>>>>	-->>>>>>	-->>>>>>	-->>>>>>	-->>>>>>	-->>>>>>	-->>>>>>	BPXA, AES
Task 3.0	Wells of Opportunity - Data	----->>>>>	----->>>>>	----->>>>>	----->>>>>	----->>>>>	----->>>>>	----->>>>>	----->>>>>	----->>>>>	----->>>>>	----->>>>>	----->>>>>	----->>>>>	----->>>>>	----->>>>>	----->>>>>	----->>>>>	----->>>>>	----->>>>>	BPXA, AES
Task 4.0	Research Collaboration Link	----->>>>>!	----->>>>>!	----->>>>>!	----->>>>>!	----->>>>>!	----->>>>>!	----->>>>>!	----->>>>>!	----->>>>>!	----->>>>>!	----->>>>>!	----->>>>>!	----->>>>>!	----->>>>>!	----->>>>>!	----->>>>>!	----->>>>>!	----->>>>>!	----->>>>>!	BPXA, USGS, AES, UAF, UA
Task 5.0	Logging/Seismic Technology	>>>>>>>>>>	>>>>>>>>>>	>>>>>>>>>>	>>>>>>>>>>	>>>>>>>>>>	>>>>>>>>>>	>>>>>>>>>>	>>>>>>>>>>	>>>>>>>>>>	>>>>>>>>>>	>>>>>>>>>>	>>>>>>>>>>	>>>>>>>>>>	>>>>>>>>>>	>>>>>>>>>>	>>>>>>>>>>	>>>>>>>>>>	>>>>>>>>>>	>>>>>>>>>>	USGS, BPXA
Task 6.0	Characterize Reservoir/Fluid	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	UA, USGS
Task 7.0**	Lab Studies: Drilling, Completion, Production	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	UAF
Task 8.0**	Stratigraphic Test Decision, Design, and Implementation	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	APA, BPXA, AES, UAF
Task 9.0**	Field Operations Planning and Implementation	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	APA, BPXA, AES, UAF
Task 10.0**	Reservoir Modeling and Commercial Evaluation	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	----->>>>>>	RS, AES, BPXA, UAF
10. Remarks * Schedule shows Phases 2-3a from 2005 through end-2006. Phase 2 project from 1/05 through 12/05. Phase 3a stratigraphic test initiated 6/05 and included 9/05 Continuation Application culminating in 1/06 decision to Drill. . Explanation of Symbols: >> Major Task Work; -- Minor Task Work; ! Milestone. Significant technical work and milestones presented in Technical Progress and Topical Reports. **Note new (Phase 2-3a) Task numbers.																					

DOE F 4600.3# U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY FEDERAL ASSISTANCE MILESTONE PLAN: PHASE 3a (2007-2008)

1. Program/Project Identification No. DE-FC26-01NT41332		2. Program/Project Title Resource Characterization and Quantification of Natural Gas Hydrate and Associated Free-Gas Accumulations in the Prudhoe Bay - Kuparuk River Area on the North Slope of Alaska																								
3. Performer (Name, Address) BP Exploration (Alaska), Inc., 900 East Benson Blvd, P.O. Box 196612, Anchorage, Alaska 99519-6612		4. Program/Project Start Date 10/22/02*										5. Program/Project Completion Date 3/31/10 (through Phase 3a)														
6. Identification Task Number	7. Planning Category (Work Breakdown Structure Tasks)	8. Program/Project Duration (Phase 3a, 2007-2008) ←Phase 3a Strat Test→←3a Analyses/Audit → 3bPlanning→←3a Analyses, 3b Decisioning & 3b Planning→																								9. Comments (Primary work Performer)
		J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D	
Task 1.0	Contracts and Research Management Planning	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	BPXA, AES
Task 2.0	Technical Data and Expertise	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	BPXA, AES
Task 3.0	Wells of Opportunity - Data	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	BPXA, AES
Task 4.0	Research Collaboration Link	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	BPXA, USGS, AES, UAF
Task 5.0	Logging/Seismic Technology	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	USGS, BPXA
Task 6.0	Characterize Reservoir/Fluid	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	UA, USGS
Task 7.0	Lab Studies: Drilling, Completion, Production	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	UAF
Task 8.0	Drill/Analyze Strat Test Evaluate/Design Production Test & Phase 3b progression	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	APA, BPXA, AES, UAF
Task 9.0	Reservoir Modeling and Commercial Evaluation	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	!	>>>>>	RS, AES, BPXA, UAF
10. Remarks * Schedule shows Phases 3a from 2007 projected through end-2008. Phase 3a stratigraphic test deferred until early 2007 by 3 rd party rig delay. Explanation of Symbols: >> Major Task Work; -- Minor Task Work; ! Milestone. Significant technical work and milestones presented in Technical Progress and Topical Reports.																										

5.4 4Q09 – 1Q10 Reporting Period Significant Accomplishments

Finalized Stratigraphic Test data analyses and interpretation. Continued stakeholder alignment and preliminary evaluation, planning, and design of production test site and operations.

5.5 Actual or Anticipated Problems, Delays, and Resolution

Contract Amendment 28 authorized a no-cost extension through end-June 2010 to complete Phase 3a data analyses and publication and to continue seeking industry synergies with stakeholder engagement and alignment, which have significantly progressed during the reporting period.

5.6 Project Research Products, Collaborations, and Technology Transfer

5.6.1 Project Research Collaborations and Networks

Project objectives significantly benefit from DOE awareness, support, and/or funding of the following associated collaborations, projects, and proposals:

1. **Reservoir Model Comparison studies:** DOE NETL and West Virginia University (Dr. Brian Anderson) coordination of reservoir modeling significantly increased collaborative reservoir modeling efforts with Japan, Lawrence Berkeley National Lab (LBNL), Pacific Northwest National Lab (PNNL), and University of Calgary and Fekete. This important work has also simulated field-scale gas hydrate bearing reservoirs, history matched the Mount Elbert-01 stratigraphic test MDT data, and evaluated ANS potential production test options (Figure 8). These studies have improved understanding of how these different gas hydrate reservoir models handle the basic physics of gas hydrate dissociation processes within gas hydrate-bearing formations. Significant contributors to this effort include: Masanori Kurihara (Japan Oil Engineering Co., Ltd.), Yoshihiro Masuda (The University of Tokyo), George Moridis (Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, University of California), Hideo Narita (National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology), Mark White (Pacific Northwest National Laboratory), Joseph W. Wilder (University of Akron), Brian Anderson (West Virginia University), Scott Wilson (Ryder Scott Company), Mehran Pooladi-Darvish and Huifang Hong (University of Calgary and Fekete), Timothy Collett (U.S. Geological Survey), and Robert Hunter (ASRC Energy Services; BP Exploration (Alaska), Inc.).
2. **DE-FC26-01NT41248:** This UAF/PNNL/BPXA study investigated the effectiveness of CO₂ as a potential enhanced recovery mechanism for gas dissociation from methane hydrate. DOE supported this associated project research which may help facilitate a possible future field test of this technology.
3. **UAF/Argonne National Lab project:** This associated project was funded by the Arctic Energy and Technology Development Lab (AETDL) / Arctic Energy Office (AEO) in mid-2004. The project was designed to determine the efficacy of Ceramcrete cold temperature cement for possible future gas hydrate drilling and completion operations. Evaluating the stability and use of an alternative cold temperature cement may enhance the ability to maintain the low temperatures of the gas hydrate stability field during drilling and completion operations and help ensure safer and more cost-effective operations. In early 2006, the Ceramcrete material was approved for field testing at the BJ Services yard in Texas. Although Ceramcrete was not field tested in time to be

evaluated for use in 2007 Alaska operations, successful future yard testing of the material may enable limited testing in Alaska project operations. However, this project does not appear to have significantly progressed during 2006 through 2010.

4. **Precision Combustion, Inc. (PCI) – DOE collaborative research project:** Potential synergies from this DOE-supported research project with the BPXA – DOE gas hydrate research program were recognized in December 2003 by Edie Allison (DOE). Communications with Precision Combustion researchers indicated possible synergies, particularly regarding potential in-situ reservoir heating. Successful modeling and lab work could potentially lead to application in future gas hydrate field operations. BPXA provided a letter in April 2004 in support of progression of PCI's project into their phase 2: prototype tool design and possible surface testing. A thermal component of Phase 3b production testing may be recommended and a delivery mechanism could potentially incorporate this technology.
5. **McGee-McMillan, Inc.:** Dr. Bruce McGee leads application of downhole thermal electromagnetic production stimulation for a pilot viscous oil project at Fort McMurray, Canada. Discussions with Dr. McGee have continued from 2004 through present; potential adaptation of this downhole thermal technology for an Alaska North Slope production test is under consideration.
6. **Japan gas hydrate research:** Progress toward completing the objectives of this project remain aligned with gas hydrate research by Japan Oil, Gas, and Metals National Corporation (JOGMEC), formerly Japan National Oil Corporation (JNOC). JOGMEC remains interested in research collaboration, particularly if the BPXA-DOE CRA proceeds into production testing operations. JOGMEC successfully accomplished short-term gas hydrate production test operations in 2007-2008 at the Mallik field site in Canada's MacKenzie Delta.
7. **India gas hydrate research:** India's Institute of Oil and Gas Production Technology (IOGPT) maintains interest in the BPXA – DOE CRA. Dr. Tim Collett, USGS partner in the BPXA-DOE CRA team, and Ray Boswell, DOE NETL gas hydrate program lead, led and participated in, respectively, certain aspects of the data acquisition at multiple offshore India field sites. BPXA sponsored a technical observer from the India project to view ANS Phase 3a operations and data acquisition during the 2007 Mount Elbert Stratigraphic Test. Detailed results of the 2007 India offshore program are available at: <http://energy.usgs.gov/other/gashydrates/india.html>. In addition, a full program summary, data, and analyses are available in Dvd format.
8. **Korea gas hydrate research:** Korea is developing a gas hydrate research program, have discussed Alaska gas hydrate research with DOE and USGS, and maintain an active interest to joining a potential future Alaska JIP. BPXA has not initiated direct contact with Korea, but referred correspondence to DOE and USGS. .
9. **China gas hydrate research:** China is also developing a significant gas hydrate research program. BPXA has not initiated contact with China, but DOE is collaborating in certain gas hydrate research studies in China.
10. **U.S. Department of Interior, USGS, BLM, State of Alaska DGGs:** A gas hydrate resource assessment research project under the Department of Interior (DOI) has provided significant benefits to this project. The BLM, USGS, and the State of Alaska recognize that gas hydrate is potentially a large untapped ANS onshore energy resource.

To develop a more complete regional understanding of this potential energy resource, the BLM, USGS and State of Alaska Division of Geological and Geophysical Surveys (DGGS) entered into an Assistance Agreement in 2002 to assess regional gas hydrate energy resource potential in northern Alaska. This agreement combined the resource assessment responsibilities of the USGS and the DGGS with the surface management and permitting responsibilities of the BLM. Information generated from this agreement has helped guide these agencies to promote responsible development if research proves technical and/or commercial feasibility of this potential arctic energy resource. The DOI project has worked with the BPXA – DOE project to assess the regional recoverable resource potential of onshore natural gas hydrate and associated free-gas accumulations in northern Alaska, initially within current industry infrastructure. A report, Assessment of Gas Hydrate Resources on the North Slope, Alaska, 2008, was issued in October 2008 indicating 84 TCF recoverable resources (Figure 2, Table 1).

11. **ConocoPhillips-DOE CRA DE-NT0006553:** ConocoPhillips and DOE initiated a cooperative research agreement in October 2008 to design and field test CO₂ as a potential enhancement to recover gas from CH₄ hydrate-bearing reservoirs beneath ANS industry infrastructure. The goal of this project is to define, plan and conduct a field trial of a methane hydrate production methodology whereby carbon dioxide molecules are exchanged in situ for the methane molecules within a methane hydrate structure, releasing the methane for production. The purpose is to evaluate the viability of this hydrate production technique and to understand the implications of the process at a field scale. If an initial field trial is successful, the program would help advance the larger-scale, longer-term tests needed to test viability of production technologies for methane hydrates. The exchange technology could prove to be a critical tool for unlocking the methane hydrate resource potential in a manner that minimizes potential adverse environmental impacts such as water production and/or subsidence while simultaneously providing a synergistic opportunity to sequester carbon dioxide.

5.6.2 Project Research Technologies/Techniques/Other Products

Multiple technologies are under evaluation in association with this project. With research progression into Phase 3 operations, technologies under evaluation include gas hydrate production techniques such as thermal, chemical, and mechanical stimulation to enhance gas dissociation during future Phase 3b production testing, if approved. Recent advances in electromagnetic thermal stimulation techniques may benefit potential future production test operations. Coiled-tubing unit-supported completions may offer sufficient flexibility to support various completion options during potential future production test operations.

5.6.3 Project Research Inventions/Patent Applications

DOE granted an advance patent waiver to the project in 2003. No patents are currently recorded in association with the project.

5.6.4 Project Research Publications

5.6.4.1 General Project References

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5.6.4.3 University of Arizona Research Publications and Presentations

5.6.4.3.1 Professional Presentations

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- b. Hagbo, C. and R. Johnson, 2003, Delineation of gas hydrates, North Slope, Alaska, 2003 Univ. of Arizona Dept. Geosciences Annual GeoDaze Symposium
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- d. Hennes, A., and R. Johnson, 2004, Structural character and constraints on a shallow, gas hydrate-bearing reservoir as determined from 3-D seismic data, North Slope, Alaska, 2004 Univ. of Arizona Dept. Geosciences Annual GeoDaze Symposium.

5.6.4.3.2 Professional Posters

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5.6.4.3.3 Professional Publications

- a. Poulton, M.M., Casavant, R.R., Glass, C.E., and B. Zhao, 2004, Model Testing of Methane Hydrate Formation on the North Slope of Alaska With Artificial Neural Networks, AAPG Hedberg Conference, Gas Hydrates: Energy Resource Potential and Associated Geologic Hazards, September 12-16, 2004, Vancouver, BC, Canada, 2 pp.
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5.6.4.9 Short Courses

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5.6.4.10 Websites

There are currently no external project-sponsored websites. Project information is available on the DOE website: <http://www.fossil.energy.gov/programs/oilgas/hydrates/index.html>. A project internal website has been developed for storage, transfer, and organization of project-related files, results, and studies. This website is available to project participants and collaborators; information contained on this working website will be finalized and released at project final reporting.

6.0 PROJECT CONCLUSIONS

The first ANS dedicated gas hydrate coring and production testing well, NW Eileen State-02 (NWEIL), was drilled in 1972 within the Eileen accumulation (Figure 4). Since that time, ANS gas hydrates have been known primarily as shallow a drilling hazard to deeper well targets due to a combination of factors, including no ANS gas export infrastructure, assumed low-rate production potential, unknown production methods, and overall lack of production test data to validate experiments and models. Consideration of the resource potential of conventional ANS gas helped create industry - government alignment necessary to investigate the unconventional resource potential of the potentially large (33 to 100 TCF GIP) ANS methane hydrate

accumulations beneath or near existing production infrastructure. Studies show this resource is compartmentalized both stratigraphically and structurally within the petroleum system.

The BPXA – DOE CRA enables a better understanding of the resource potential of this ANS methane hydrate petroleum system through comprehensive regional shallow reservoir and fluid characterization utilizing well and 3D seismic data, implementation of methane hydrate experiments, and design of techniques to support methane hydrate drilling, completion, and production operations.

Following discovery of natural gas hydrate in the 1960-1970's, significant time and resources have been devoted over the past 40-50 years to study and quantify natural gas hydrate occurrence. However, only in the past decade have there been serious attempts to understand the potential production of methane from hydrate. Although significant in-place natural gas hydrate deposits have been identified and inferred, estimation of potential recoverable gas from these deposits is difficult due to the lack of empirical or even anecdotal evidence. This evidence was improved by the short-term Mallik production testing accomplished by JOGMEC in 2007-2008. However, long-term production testing could resolve many remaining uncertainties.

The potential to induce gas hydrate dissociation across a broad regional contact from adjacent free gas depressurization may have been observed at Messoyakha field production in Russia (Collett and Ginsberg, 1998) and possibly at East Barrow gas field in Alaska (Singh, et al., 2008). Reservoir modeling also demonstrates this potential as documented in the March 2003 CRA Quarterly report, in the December 2003 CRA Quarterly report, in the June 2006 CRA Quarterly report, and others.

The possibility to induce in-situ gas hydrate dissociation through producing mobile connate waters from within an under-saturated gas hydrate-bearing reservoir was postulated by Howe, Wilson, and Hunter et. al. (2004). This potential to induce a depressurization drive within an gas hydrate accumulation emphasizes the importance of saturation and permeability as key variables which, when better understood, could help mitigate productivity uncertainty. A schematic regional screening study was undertaken in 2005 to set ranges on potential recoverable resources given various possible production scenarios of the ANS Eileen gas hydrate accumulation, which may contain up to 33 TCF GIP. Type-well production rates modeled at 0.4-2 MMSCF/d yield potential future peak field-wide development forecast rates of up to 350-450 MMSCF/d and cumulative production up to 12 TCF gas. Individual wells could exhibit a long production character with flat declines, potentially analogous to Coalbed Methane production. Results from the various scenarios show a wide range of potential outcomes. None of these forecasts would qualify for Proved, Probable, or even Possible reserve categories using the SPE/WPC definitions since there has yet to be a fully documented case of long-term economic production from hydrate-derived gas. Each of these categories would, by definition, require a positive economic prediction, supported by historical analogies, prudent engineering judgment, and rigorous geological characterization of the potential resource before a decision on an actual development could proceed.

BPXA conducted a comprehensive logging, coring, and well pressure testing program in collaboration with the DOE and USGS at the Mount Elbert location in the MPU on the ANS in

February of 2007. Operational and data acquisition priorities for this Stratigraphic Test field program were designed to better constrain critical uncertainties of gas hydrate-bearing reservoir properties used in initial reservoir simulations (Howe et al., 2004) and regional schematic development modeling (Wilson et al., in-press) and to help assess whether or not gas produced from gas hydrate might someday become part of the broader ANS resource portfolio. Key data acquired included wireline cores, logs, and wireline pressure tests (MDT) within gas hydrate-bearing reservoir sands. Analyses of the core, log, and MDT results is helping to reduce the uncertainty regarding gas hydrate-bearing reservoir productivity and improve planning of Phase 3b gas hydrate production test designs, although Phase 3b operations are not currently approved.

The Stratigraphic Test location was selected based on detailed geologic-geophysical reservoir and fluid characterization and prospecting studies conducted primarily by the USGS (Inks et al., 2009; Lee et al., 2009; Lee et al., in-press) in collaboration with the BPXA-DOE CRA utilizing MPU 3D seismic data provided by BPXA. The field program adhered to BPXA ANS operations standards and proved the ability to safely conduct drilling and data acquisition operations within ANS gas hydrate-bearing reservoirs. A key element enabling drilling program success was using chilled MOB drilling fluid, which with proper borehole maintenance and conditioning, helped provide stable and in-gauge hole conditions for data acquisition of continuous wireline core, full wireline log suite, and extended open hole MDT within interbedded gas hydrate-bearing and water-bearing intervals. The acquired data helped calibrate reservoir models, improve recoverable resource estimates, and characterize gas hydrate-bearing porous media reservoir quality, fluid saturations, mobile versus irreducible water content, water chemistry, and microbiology. Operations proceeded safely, smoothly, on-time, and without incident.

The Stratigraphic Test field operations program acquired the first significant Sagavanirktok formation core data within ANS gas hydrate-bearing reservoirs. Studies of acquired data reveal a combined 30.5 meters (100 feet) thickness of gas hydrate-bearing sediment (Lee et al., in-press, a) within a complex stratigraphic-structural trap within two distinct stratigraphic units C and D (Rose et al., in-press, Boswell et al., in-press). These results conform well to the pre-drill prediction (Lee et al., in-press, a). The MDT results significantly improved understanding of the in-situ petrophysics of the reservoir and provided insight into reservoir response to local depressurization through free water withdrawal and associated gas production from hydrate dissociation (Anderson et al., in-press, a; Pooladi-Darvish et al., in-press; Kurihara et al., in-press). Reservoir modeling indicates that the ability of the gas hydrate-bearing porous media to transmit a pressure front could be a key parameter to enable pressure-depletion drive during production testing (Wilson et al, in-press), provided temperatures do not fall below freezing, which would effectively transform the small remaining mobile fluid phase into an immobile ice phase. Reservoir simulations based on an idealized Mount Elbert-01 unit D geologic model have better constrained the range of possible production responses across variable gas hydrate occurrences within the Eileen accumulation and indicate these gas hydrate-bearing reservoirs may be capable of gas production through sustained dissociation by depressurization (Wilson et al., in-press; Anderson et al., in-press a, b; Moridis et al., in-press). These reservoir characterization and modeling techniques have also been applied to identify, compare, and select prospective future production test sites (Collett and Boswell, 2009; Table 2 and Figure 8).

The results at Mount Elbert confirm that long-term production testing within the Eileen accumulation infrastructure area (Figure 8) would better constrain what portion of gas hydrate

in-place resources might become a technically-feasible or possibly even a commercial natural gas resource. If approved by stakeholders, a future long-term ANS gas hydrate production test would be designed to build on the successful short-term production test conducted in March 2008 at the Mallik site in the MacKenzie Delta by the governments of Japan and Canada, which indicated the technical feasibility of gas production from gas hydrate by conventional depressurization technology (Dallimore et al., 2008; Kurihara et al., 2008). Although the technical recovery has been modeled for the ANS and proven possible in short-term production testing at the Mallik site, the economic viability of gas hydrate production remains unproven. Additional data acquisition and future production testing could help determine the technical feasibility of depressurization-induced or thermal-, chemical-, and/or mechanical-stimulated dissociation of gas hydrate into producible gas.

Long-term production testing would provide a valuable dataset that cannot be obtained from existing or planned desktop research or laboratory studies. The PBU L-pad site (area 2, Figure 8) may offer the unique combination of low geologic risk, maximal operational flexibility (multiple zones), low operational risk (near-vertical wells adjacent to infrastructure) and near-term meaningful reservoir response (Table 4; Collett and Boswell, 2009). Test designs under consideration would initially evaluate depressurization technologies and if necessary, extend into a sequence of increasingly complex thermal, chemical, and/or mechanical stimulation procedures. Test results might also apply to helping determine the resource potential of offshore gas hydrate accumulations in the Gulf of Mexico (GOM) and in other continental shelf areas.

Field Area Parameter	MPU E-pad (area 1)	MPU B-Pad (area 1)	PBU L-pad (area 2)	PBU Kup St. 3-11-11 (area 2)	PBU Downdip L- pad (area 3)	KRU WSak-24 (area 4)	KRU 1H-Pad (area 4)
Temperature	H	H	M	M	L	H	H
Ownership	L	L	H	H	H	M-L	M-L
Gravel Access	M	M	L	L	H	L	L
Geologic	L	L	L	L	H	M	M
Data Constraints	L	L	L	M	H	M	M
Well / Drilling	L-M	L-M	M	M	H	M	M
Facilities	L	L	L	M	H	M	L
Gas Handling	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
Water Handling	L	L	L	M	H	M	L
Simultaneous Operations	L	M	H?	L	L	L	H?
Operations Linkage	L?	L?	M	M	M	L	L?
Multi-zone Options	M-H	M-H	L	L	M-H	H	H
AVERAGE	L-M	L-M	L-M	M	M-H	M	M

Table 4: Review of risk factors for potential long-term production test sites with area corresponding to Figure 8. H = high risk associated with this parameter (unfavorable); M = medium risk; L = low risk (after Collett and Boswell, 2009).

7.0 LIST OF ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

<u>Acronym</u>	<u>Denotation</u>
2D	Two Dimensional (seismic or reservoir data)
3D	Three Dimensional (seismic or reservoir data)
AAPG	American Association of Petroleum Geologists
AAT	Alaska Arctic Terrane (plate tectonics)
AGS	Alaska Geological Society
AEO	Arctic Energy Office (DOE AETDL)
AETDL	Alaska Energy Technology Development Laboratory (DOE AEO)
ADEC	Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation
ANL	Argonne National Laboratory
ANN	Artificial Neural Network
ANS	Alaska North Slope
AOGCC	Alaska Oil and Gas Conservation Commission
AOI	Area of Interest
AVO	Amplitude versus Offset (seismic data analysis technique)
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials
BGHSZ	Base of Gas Hydrate Stability Zone
BHA	Bottom Hole Assembly; equipment at bottom hole during drilling operations
BIBPF	Base of Ice-Bearing Permafrost
BLM	U.S. Bureau of Land Management
BMSL	Base Mean Sea Level
BP	BP or BPXA
BPXA	BP Exploration (Alaska), Inc.
CMR	Combinable Magnetic Resonance log (wireline logging tool – see also NMR)
CP	ConocoPhillips (or CoP)
CRA	Cooperative Research Agreement (commonly in reference to BP/DOE project)
CSM	Colorado School of Mines
DOE	U.S. Department of Energy
DOI	U.S. Department of Interior
DGGS	Alaska Division of Geological and Geophysical Surveys
DNR	Alaska Department of Natural Resources
DTS	Distributed Temperature Survey (used to monitor hydrate dissociation)
EM	Electromagnetic (referencing potential in-situ thermal stimulation technology)
EPT	Electromagnetic Propagation Tool for geophysical wireline logging
ERD	Extended Reach Drilling (commonly horizontal and/or multilateral drilling)
FBHP	Flowing Bottom-Hole Pressure (during MDT wireline production testing)
FEL	Front-End Loading, reference to effective pre-project operations planning
FG	Free Gas (commonly referenced in association with and below gas hydrate)
GEOS	UA Department of Geology and Geophysics
GH	Gas Hydrate
GIP	Gas-in-Place
GMC	Geological Materials Center, State of Alaska in Eagle River, Alaska
GOM	Gulf of Mexico (typically referring to Chevron Gas Hydrate project JIP)
GR	Gamma Ray (well log)
GSC	Geological Survey of Canada

GTL	Gas to Liquid
GSA	Geophysical Society of Alaska
HP	Hewlett Packard
HSE	Health, Safety, and Environment (typically pertaining to field operations)
JBN	Johnson-Bossler-Naumann method (of gas-water relative permeabilities)
JIP	Joint Industry Participating (group/agreement), ex. Chevron GOM project
JNOC	Japan National Oil Corporation
JOGMEC	Japan Oil, Gas, and Metals National Corporation (reorganized from JNOC 1/04)
JSA/JRA	Job Safety Assessment/Job Risk Assessment; part of BP HSE operations protocol
KRU	Kuparuk River Unit
LBNL	Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory
LDD	Generic term referencing Logging During Drilling (also LWD and MWD)
LDEO	Lamont-Dougherty Earth Observatory
LN	Liquid Nitrogen
LNG	Liquefied Natural Gas
MDT	Modular Dynamics Testing wireline tool for downhole production testing data
MGE	UA Department of Mining and Geological Engineering
MOBM	Mineral Oil-Based Mud drilling fluid used to improve safety and data acquisition
MPU	Milne Point Unit
MSFL	Micro-spherically focused log (wireline log indication of formation permeability)
NAS	National Academy of Sciences (National Research Council of the National Academies)
NETL	National Energy Technology Laboratory
NMR	Natural Magnetic Resonance (wireline or LDD tool – see also CMR)
NRC	National Research Council of Canada
OBM	Oil Based Mud, drilling fluid
ONGC	Oil and Natural Gas Corporation Limited (India)
PBU	Prudhoe Bay Unit
PNNL	Pacific Northwest National Laboratory
POOH	Pull out of Hole; pulling drillpipe or wireline from borehole during operations
POS	Pump-out Sub (pertaining to MDT tool)
SCAL	Special Core Analyses, references analyses beyond basic porosity/permeability
SPE	Society of Petroleum Engineers
TCF	Trillion Cubic Feet of Gas at Standard Conditions
TCM	Trillion Cubic Meters of Gas at Standard Conditions
T-D	Time-Depth (referencing time to depth conversion of seismic data)
UA	University of Arizona (or Arizona Board of Regents)
UAF	University of Alaska, Fairbanks
USGS	United States Geological Survey
USDOE	United States Department of Energy
V _p	Velocity of primary seismic wave component
V _s	Velocity of shear seismic wave component (commonly useful to identify GH)
VSP	Vertical Seismic Profile
WOO	Well-of-Opportunity

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