

# DOE FE0031617 KICKOFF MEETING

Novel Modular Heat Engines with sCO<sub>2</sub> Bottoming Cycle  
Utilizing Advanced Oil-Free Turbomachinery

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9/7/2018

# TOPICS

- Background
- Project objective(s)
- Technical approach
- Project structure
- Project schedule
- Project budget
- Project Management Plan, including Risk Management

# BACKGROUND

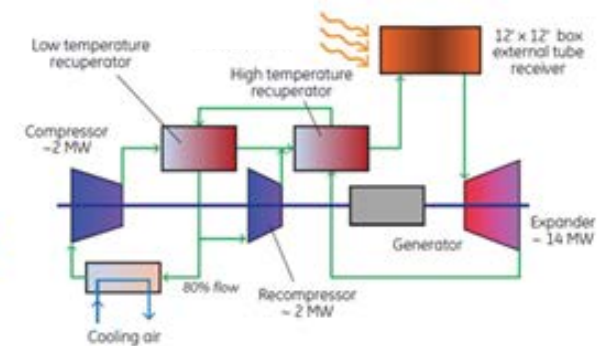
# TARGET APPLICATION & MOTIVATION

- Target application → heat engines for pipeline compression (PC); currently not using WHR
  - 20% upgraded using bottoming cycle
  - natural gas savings of 42 billion cubic feet/year
  - 120M in annual fuel costs
  - 2.5M ton reduction in annual CO2 emissions
- General simple cycle gas turbine cycles yield ~25-35% efficiency
- Combined cycle (GT + bottoming cycle) yield >50% cycle efficiencies
- In power plants → steam turbine bottoming cycle
- Steam turbine packages impractical for PC
  - Complex operation
  - Make-up water
  - On-site operator
  - Large system components (LPT/H2O condenser)

**GAS TURBINE (GT)**



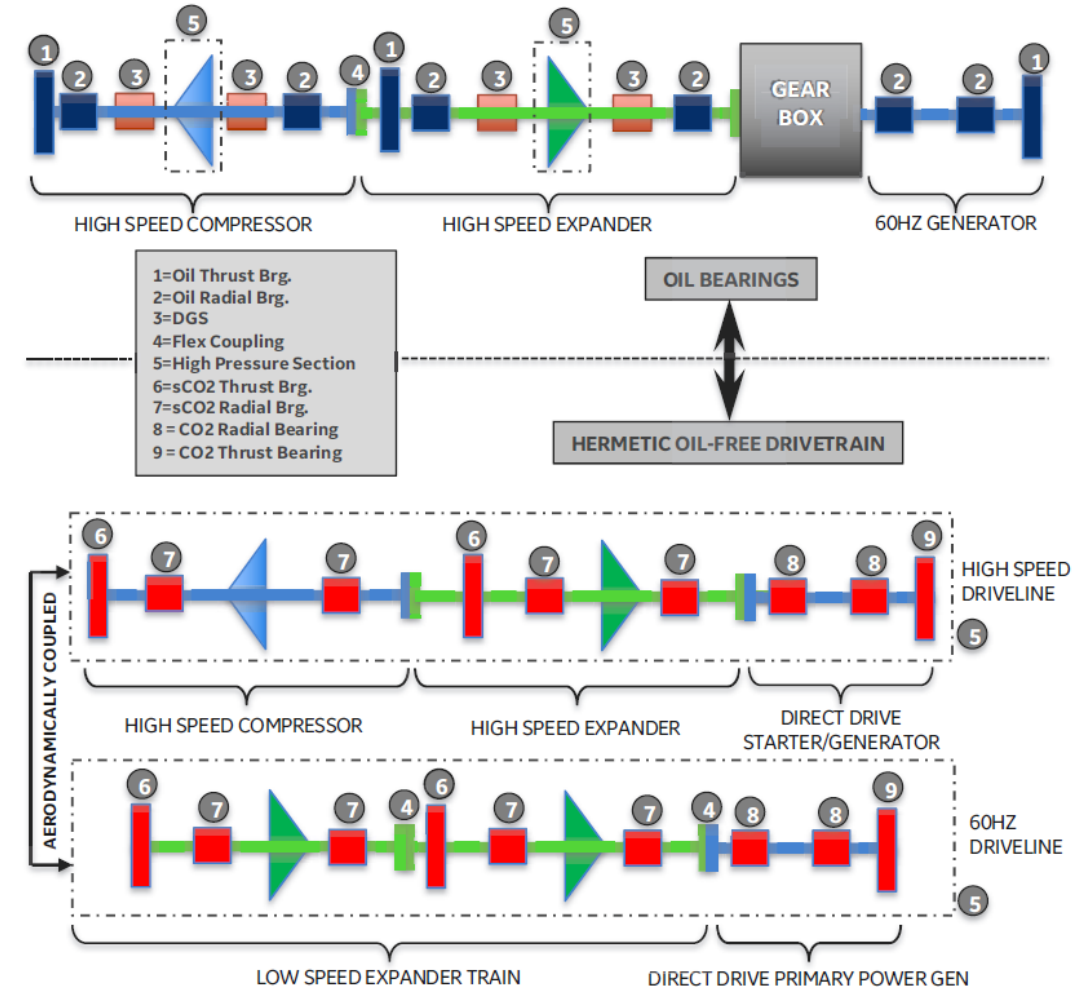
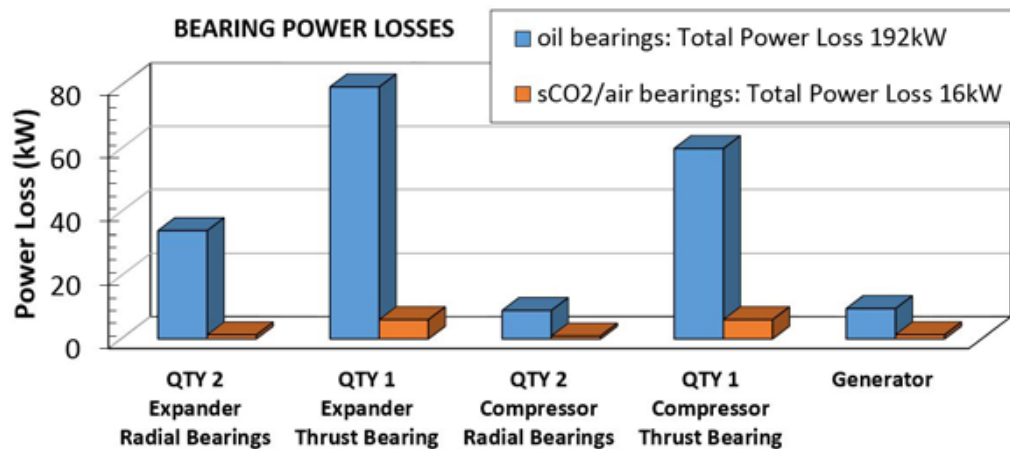
**sCO<sub>2</sub> BOTTOMING CYCLE**



**NEED A MODULAR & REMOTELY DEPLOYABLE BOTTOMING CYCLE FOR PIPELINE COMPRESSION HEAT ENGINES**

# Advanced sCO<sub>2</sub> Cycle using Hermetic Oil-Free Drivetrain

- Current high power >10MW sCO<sub>2</sub> cycles utilize oil-bearings
  - Requires sealing
  - Loss of CO<sub>2</sub> overtime (recharging needed)
  - Power loss of bearings is high (high speed)
- Concept → replace oil bearing with CO<sub>2</sub> bearings
  - CAPEX cost savings → ~400K
    - No gearbox/oil skid/dry gas seals
  - Hermetic system = no CO<sub>2</sub> recharging
  - Lower bearing power loss ~2 cycle points



**SIGNIFICANT CAPEX AND OPEX REDUCTION OPPORTUNITY**

# PROJECT OBJECTIVES/STRUCTURE

# PROJECT OBJECTIVE & STRUCTURE

- Project objective
  - Conceptual design of a hermetic oil-free sCO<sub>2</sub> drivetrain for a bottoming cycle
  - Commercial assessment and viability of the concept
- Program structure
  - GE
    - Drivetrain layout/design
    - Aero-design
    - Bearing design
    - Electric machine design
  - Southwest Research Institute
    - Commercial assessment
    - Market evaluation
    - Cycle analysis/definition

**Program Team**



**GE Global Research**

- Drivetrain Layout & Configuration
- Turbomachinery Design
- sCO<sub>2</sub> Bearing Design/Modeling
- Risk Reduction Planning Phase II



**SOUTHWEST RESEARCH INSTITUTE**

- Cycle Analysis
- Market and Application Evaluation
- Commercial Risk Assessment
- Risk Reduction Planning Phase II


## Relevant Prior Work

- Gas bearing design/test/modeling expertise
- 14MW Sunshot Expander Design
- Apollo Compressor Design
- Film-riding component design/testing/modeling expertise


**1.5 Year, \$625K Program. Development of Hermetic Oil-Free sCO<sub>2</sub> Turbomachinery for Bottoming Cycles**

**Project Objectives:** Deliver the conceptual design of a hermetic oil-free sCO<sub>2</sub> turbomachinery drivetrain for application as a bottoming cycle for high efficient heat engines using sCO<sub>2</sub> lubricated bearing systems

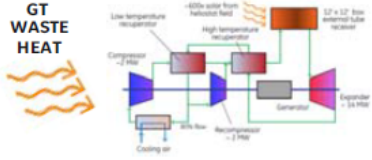
**GAS TURBINE (GT)**




**RADIAL sCO<sub>2</sub> BEARING**



**sCO<sub>2</sub> BOTTOMING CYCLE**



**THRUST sCO<sub>2</sub> BEARING**



+

**Technical Approach**

- Drivetrain layout & config.
- System trade-offs
- Bearing system design
- Phase II risk mitigation anchored on Phase I concept design work
  - \* Plan/design sCO<sub>2</sub> BRG tests
  - \* Plan/design full scale rotor tests

**Technical Challenges**

- Thrust load management
- Radial bearing damping
- Thermal runaway & thin-film clr. management

## Program Deliverables

- Hermetic oil-free drivetrain config.
- Turbomachinery conceptual design
- Bearing requirements and config.
- Bearing design readiness for Phase II
- Test facility and hardware design for Phase II

## Anticipated Benefits

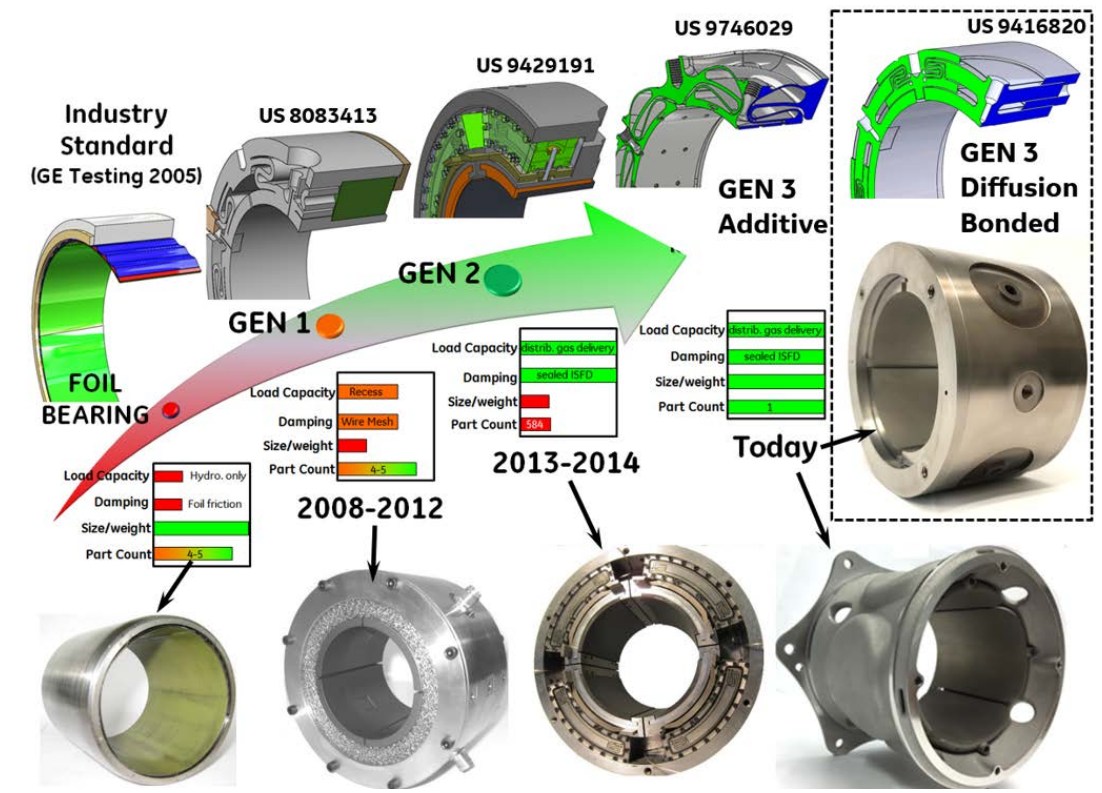
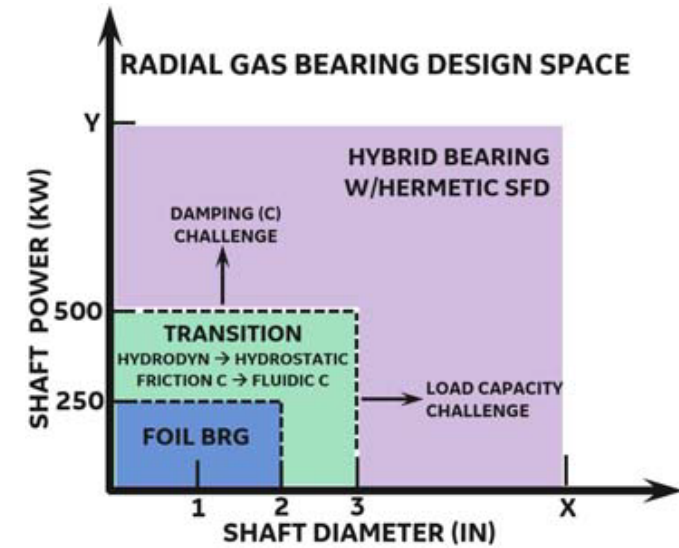
- Heat engine cycle efficiencies >50%
- Hermetic 0 leakage sCO<sub>2</sub> system. Enables remote operation with minimal oversight.
- Cycle performance to (+) 2% improvement over system using oil-lubricated bearings
- System cost reduction compared to conventional oil-bearing-based drivetrain architectures

# TECHNICAL APPROACH



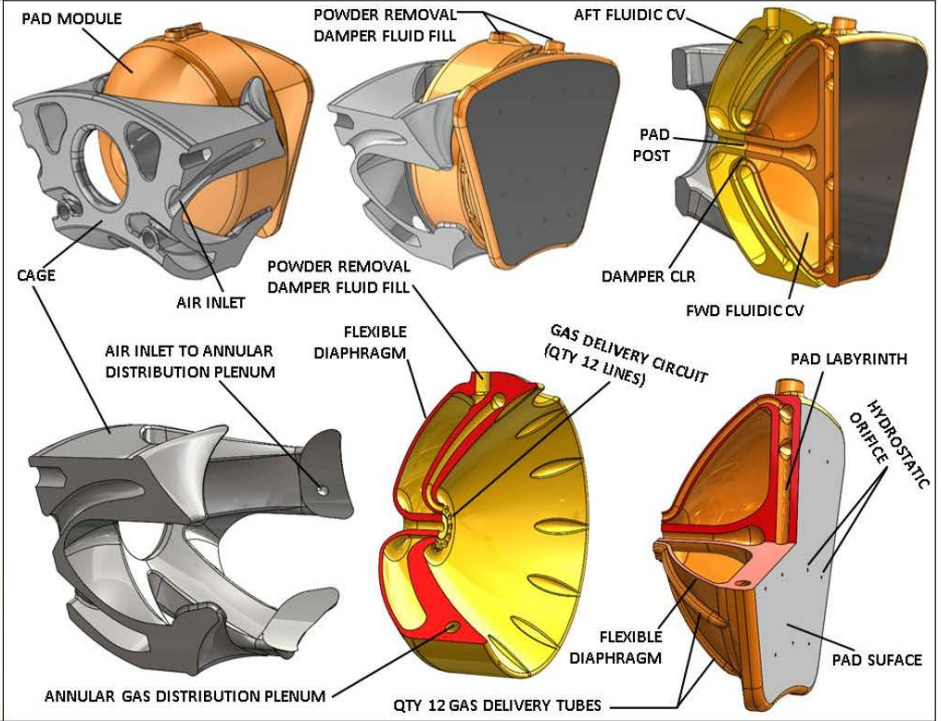
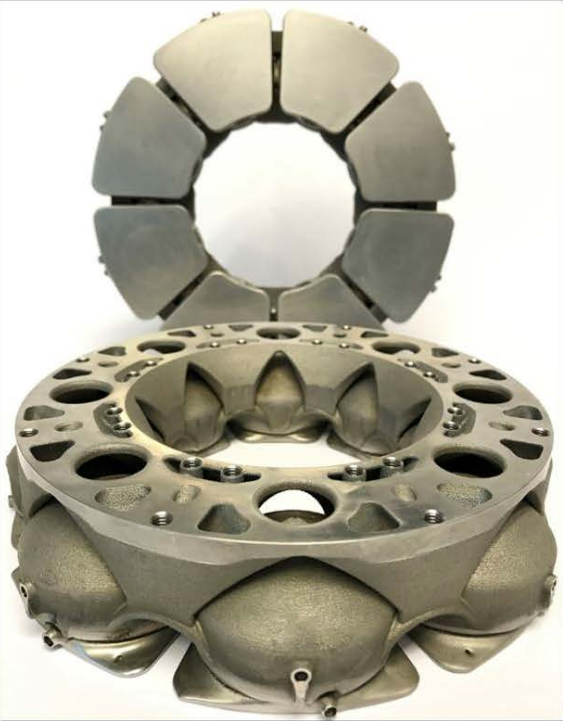
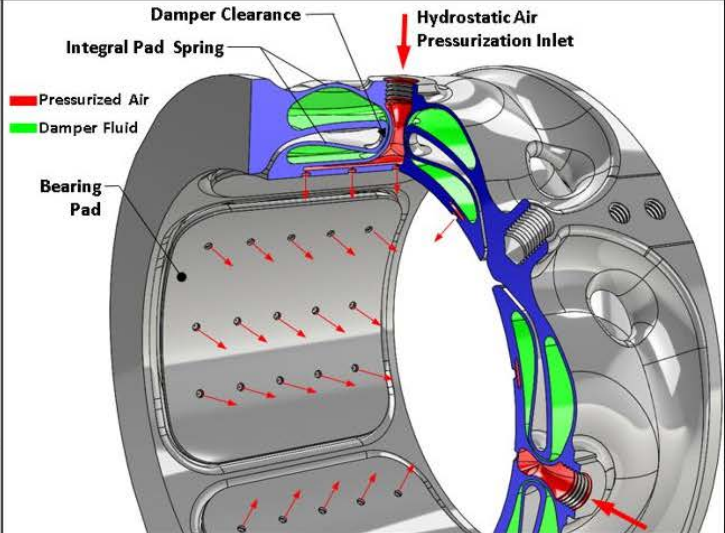
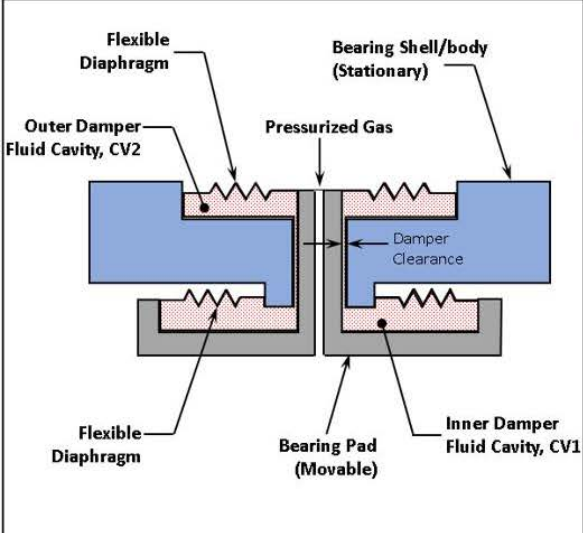
# KEY ENABLING TECHNOLOGY

- Current state of the art mainstream gas bearing → foil bearings
- Foil bearing traits
  - Suitable for small turbomachinery ~300KW
  - Operates on principle of hydrodynamics
    - Rubbing occurs at low speeds
    - Low load capacity at low speeds
  - Significantly lower damping vs. to oil bearings
  - Foil structure compliance a key trait for reliable operation
- Desired traits for next gen gas bearing for large turbomachinery
  - Leverage/translate key flexibility elements from foil bearing
  - Allow for external pressurization capability for high load capacity
  - Develop damping concept = to oil bearing dampers
  - Cost neutral concept vs. oil bearing

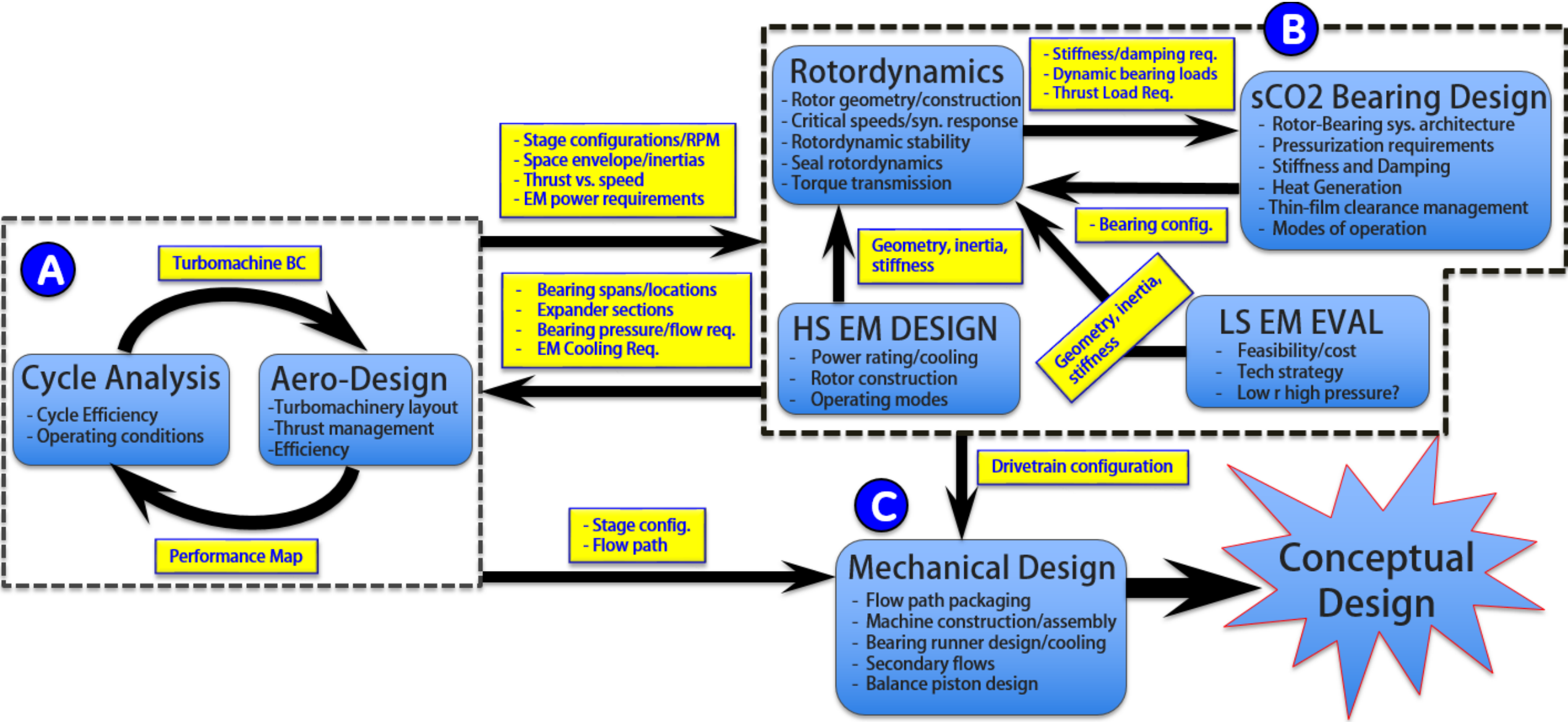


CONCEPT NECESSITATES COMPLEX FUNCTIONALITY AND LOW COST

# CANDIDATE BEARING CONCEPTS: ADDITIVELY MANUFACTURED



# TECHNICAL EXECUTION & APPROACH FOR CONCEPTUAL DESIGN



# TECHNICAL RISKS & MITIGATION

- Three main high level risks in this project:
  - Gas Bearings
  - Electric Machines
  - Rotordynamics
- Bearings
  - Load capability
  - Damping
  - Thin film clr. Management
  - Thrust management
- Electric machine
  - Operation in pressurized CO2 environment
  - Cost
- Rotordynamics
  - Long 60Hz expander (many stages)

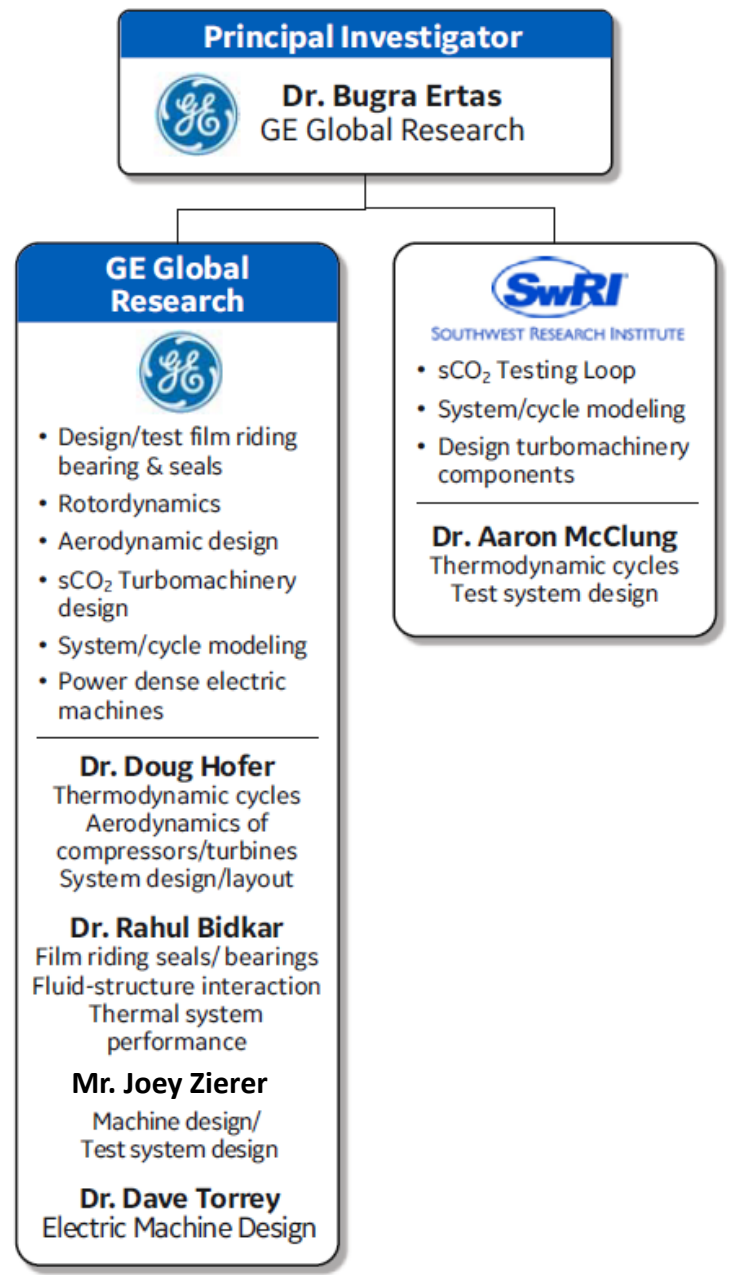
Description of Risk	Impact	Risk Management Mitigation and Response Strategies
<b>Technical Risks</b>		
Designing a high efficiency 60Hz expander	<b>MED</b>	Designing a configuration with a high number of turbine stages
Rotordynamics risk due to high number of turbine stages in 60Hz driveline	<b>MED</b>	Segmented expander configuration with multiple and flex couplings between segments
Defining bearing boundary conditions and requirements	<b>HIGH</b>	Successful expander design and Rotordynamics will dictate these boundary conditions and requirements.
Gas thrust bearing sustaining high thrust loads	<b>HIGH</b>	Careful design of balance piston sections anchored to appropriate stage pressures to mitigate thrust loads. Optimized thrust bearing design able to sustain mission cycle thrust loads through robust engineering of gas delivery system and fluid-film management.
Thermal runaway of the bearing fluid-film	<b>HIGH</b>	System level thermal-mechanical analysis addressing centrifugal shaft growth, thermal bearing-runner distortions due to film heating, misalignment, dynamic deflected mode shapes through critical speed transitions, and transient pressurization availability throughout the mission cycle. Analysis will drive flexibility of the bearing support and the gas delivery protocol to the flexible bearing pads aimed at ensuring safe and reliable fluid-film thickness values throughout the mission cycle.
Low damping of bearing system risking rotordynamic instability	<b>HIGH</b>	Design of a hermetically sealed squeeze film damper in the bearing support using an incompressible damper fluid. Implementation of annular gas damper seals at balance piston locations.
Bearing/shaft misalignment	<b>MED</b>	Designing flexibly mounted pads that absorb misalignment and protect the fluid-film
Inability of electric machine to operate in a high pressure sCO <sub>2</sub> environment	<b>HIGH</b>	Implement sealing system between turbomachinery and electric machine to reduce pressure in electric machine environment
Ability of sCO <sub>2</sub> radial bearings to support 10MW generator reaction loads	<b>HIGH</b>	Adequate design of pressurized gas delivery to the bearing pad while optimizing bearing pad geometry and projected area.

# PROJECT SCHEDULE/BUDGET/MANAGEMENT

# SCHEDULE & BUDGET BY DISCIPLINE AND INDIVIDUALS

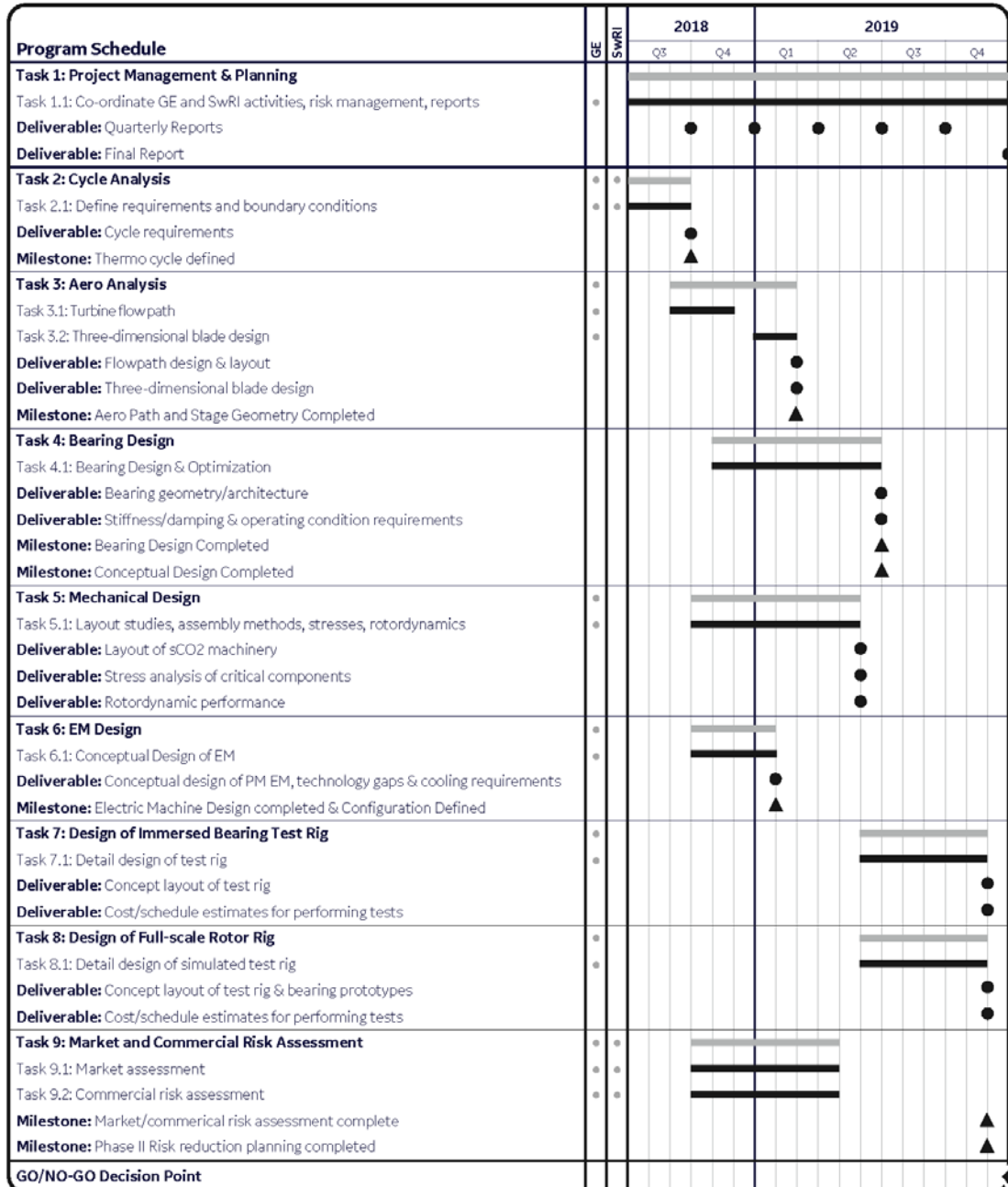
TRAVEL = 1.8K      ▾ = GO/NO-GO

PROJECT MANAGEMENT (GE)	RESOURCE	QUARTER 1			QUARTER 2			QUARTER 3			QUARTER 4			QUARTER 5			QUARTER 6					
		M1	M2	M3	M4	M5	M6	M7	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15	M16	M17	M18			
TASK/SCHEDULE/COST MANAGEMENT	ERTAS	█															80K					
CONSULTING/TECHNICAL OVERSIGHT	DOUG	█									20K			█						115K		
CONSULTING/TECHNICAL OVERSIGHT	JASON	█									5K			█								
SIZING & TRADEOFFS (GE)	RESOURCE	M1	M2	M3	M4	M5	M6	M7	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15	M16	M17	M18			
AERO ANALYSIS	RK			█	█	█	50K	█														
MECHANICAL DESIGN	RAHUL /JOEY				█	█	50K	█														
EM DESIGN/SIZING	DAVE TORREY				█	█	30K	█														
CONCEPTUAL DESIGN (GE)	RESOURCE	M1	M2	M3	M4	M5	M6	M7	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15	M16	M17	M18			
AERO ANALYSIS	RK							█			55K											
MECHANICAL DESIGN	JOEY/ERTAS							█			70K			195K								
BEARINGS	RAHUL/ERTAS							█			70K											
PHASE II RISK RED. PLANNING (GE)	RESOURCE	M1	M2	M3	M4	M5	M6	M7	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15	M16	M17	M18			
sCO2 BEARING TEST DESIGN	RAHUL/UTTARA							█			130K			65K			█					
FULL SCALE DEAD ROTOR TEST DESIGN	JOEY/ERTAS							█			65K			█			█					
SWRI WORK	RESOURCE	M1	M2	M3	M4	M5	M6	M7	M8	M9	M10	M11	M12	M13	M14	M15	M16	M17	M18			
PROGRAM MANAGEMENT	MCCLUNG	█															15K					
CYCLE DEVELOPMENT	MCCLUNG	█			15K			█						65K			█					
MARKET/COMMERCIAL RISK ASSESS.	MCCLUNG	█			█						20K			█			█					
RISK REDUCTION TEST PLANNING	MCCLUNG	█										15K			█			█				



Key Contributor and Role	Scientific Mastery of Technology	% Time
Dr. Bugra Ertas, GE, PI	Turbomachinery Rotordynamics, Gas Bearings, Machine Design	44
Dr. Doug Hofer, GE, Thermodynamic Cycle and Aerodynamics	Turbomachinery Aerodynamics, Thermodynamic Cycles, System Design	10
Dr. Rahul Bidkar, GE, Bearing Design	Film Riding Seals and Bearings, Thermal Performance, Machine Component Design, Fluid-Structure Interaction	26
Mr. Joey Zierer	Machine Design, Test Systems for Turbomachinery Components	17
Dr. David Torrey	Electric machines design	15
Dr. Aaron McClung, SwRI	Thermodynamic Cycles, sCO <sub>2</sub> Turbomachinery	10

# SCHEDULE & BUDGET BY TASK/BUDGET PERIOD



Task	Go/No-Go Decision Point	Success Criteria
2 – 6	End of Phase I 12/31/2019	Conceptual design of oil-free hermetic sCO2 bottoming cycle
9	End of Phase I 12/31/2019	Commercial and market viability
7, 8	End of Phase I 12/31/2019	Phase II risk mitigation planning and test design completion

Team Member	Budget Period 1	Budget Period 2	Total
GE Global Research	\$327,057	\$107,408	\$434,465
SwRI	\$49,630	\$15,662	\$65,292
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$376,687</b>	<b>\$123,070</b>	<b>\$499,757</b>

Task Number	Description	Planned Completion Date	Actual Completion Date (to be completed as part of the program)
2	Thermodynamic cycle defined	11/1/2018	
3	Aeropath and stage geometry completed	3/1/2019	
4	Bearing design completed	7/1/2019	
5	Mechanical design completed	5/1/2019	
6	Electric machine design completed and configuration defined	2/1/2019	
9	Market/commercial risk assessment complete	6/1/2019	
7, 8	Phase II risk reduction planning completed	8/1/2019	