

EVALUATING THE TECHNO-ECONOMIC FEASIBILITY OF FORWARD OSMOSIS PROCESSES UTILIZING LOW GRADE HEAT

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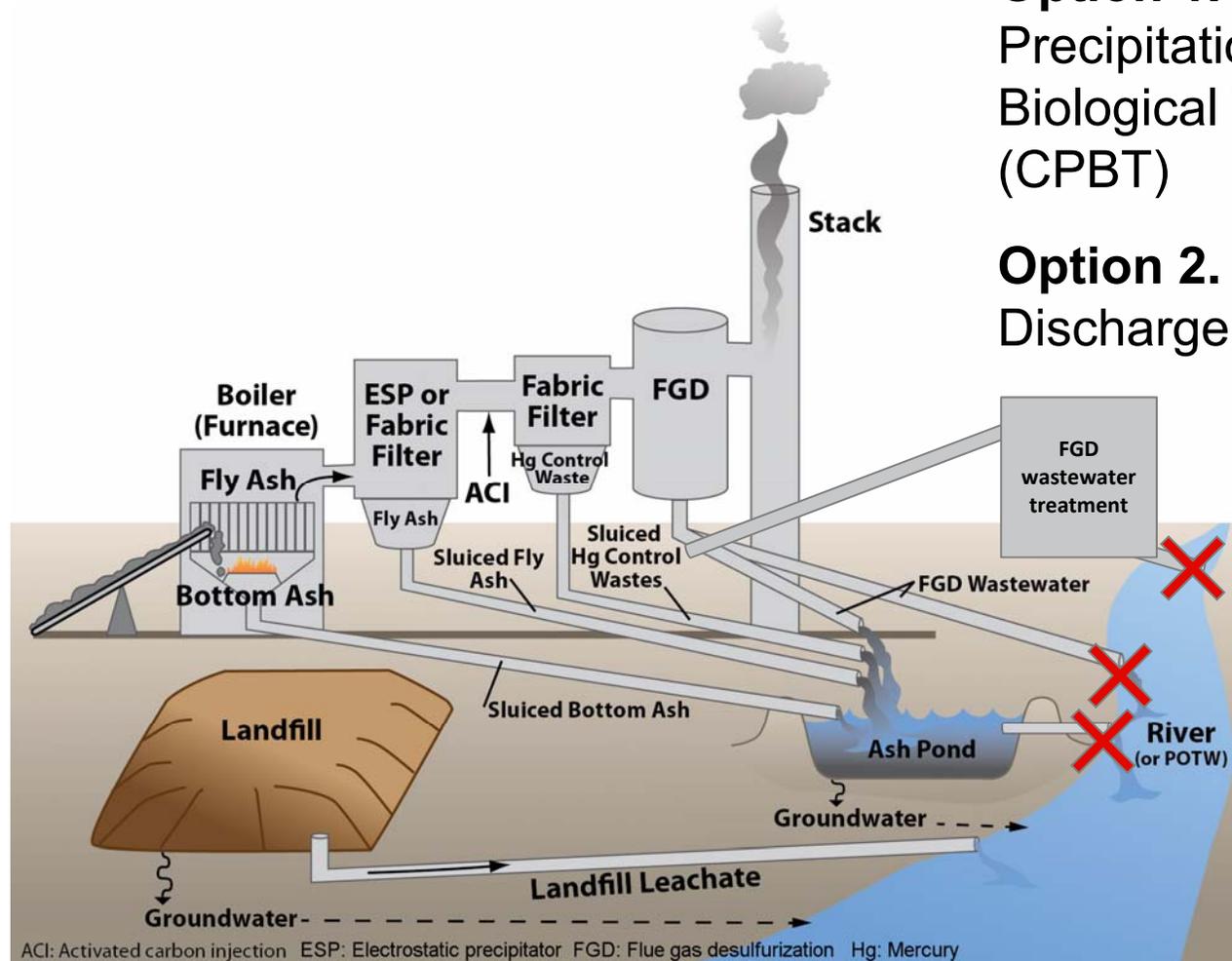
Project Manager: Jessica Mullen



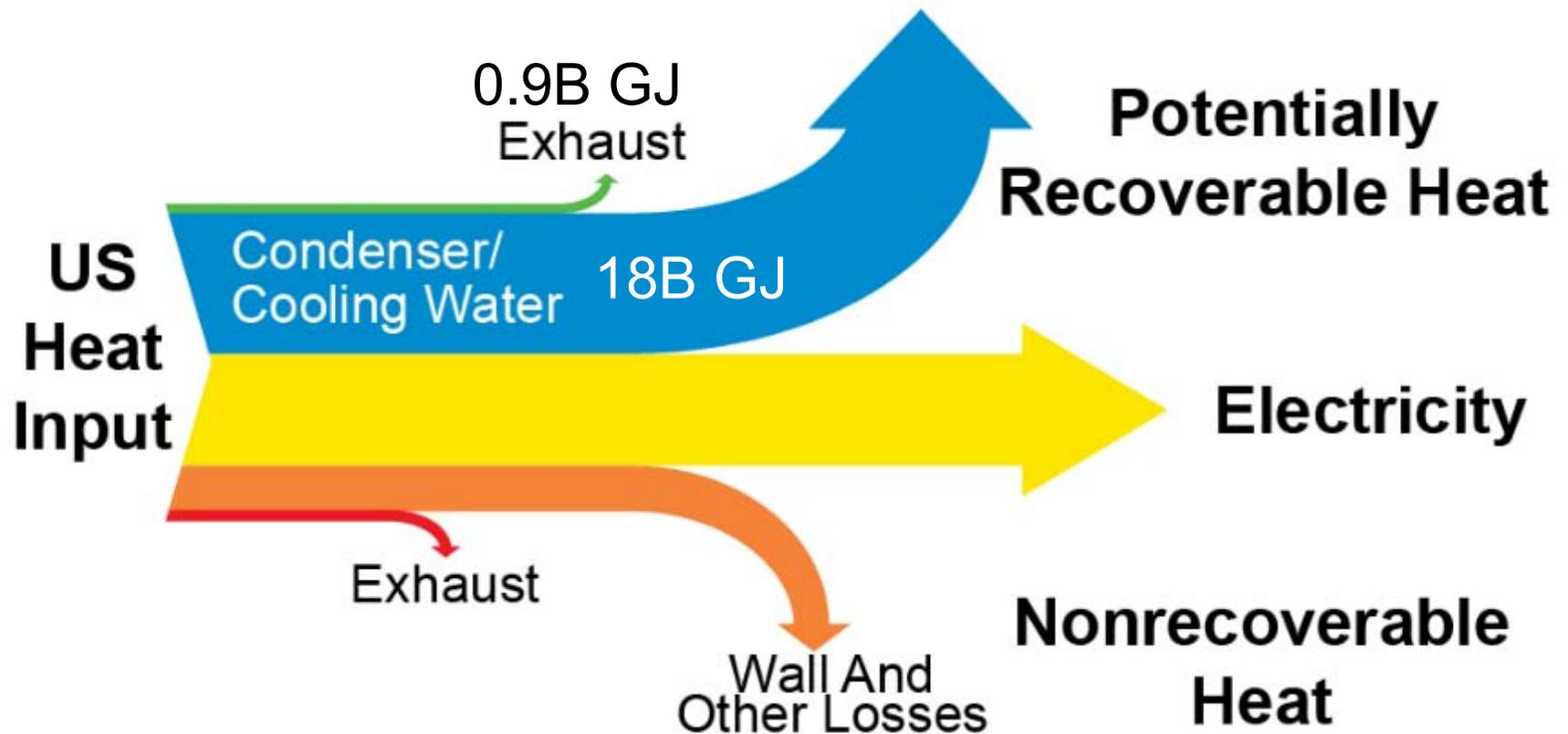
EPA FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATION GUIDELINES FOR STEAM ELECTRIC POWER GENERATION FACILITIES

Option 1. Chemical Precipitation and Biological Treatment (CPBT)

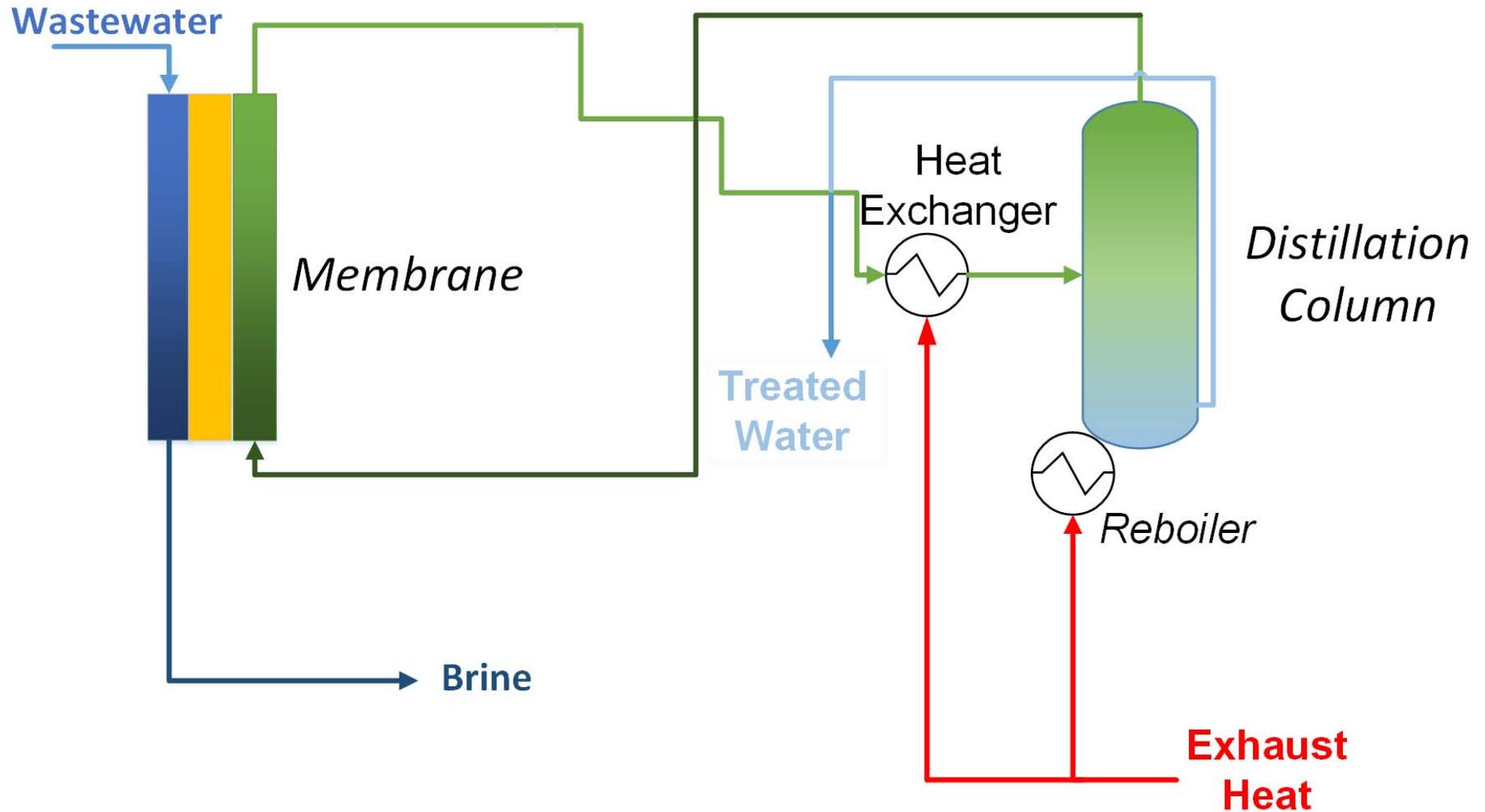
Option 2. Zero Liquid Discharge (ZLD)



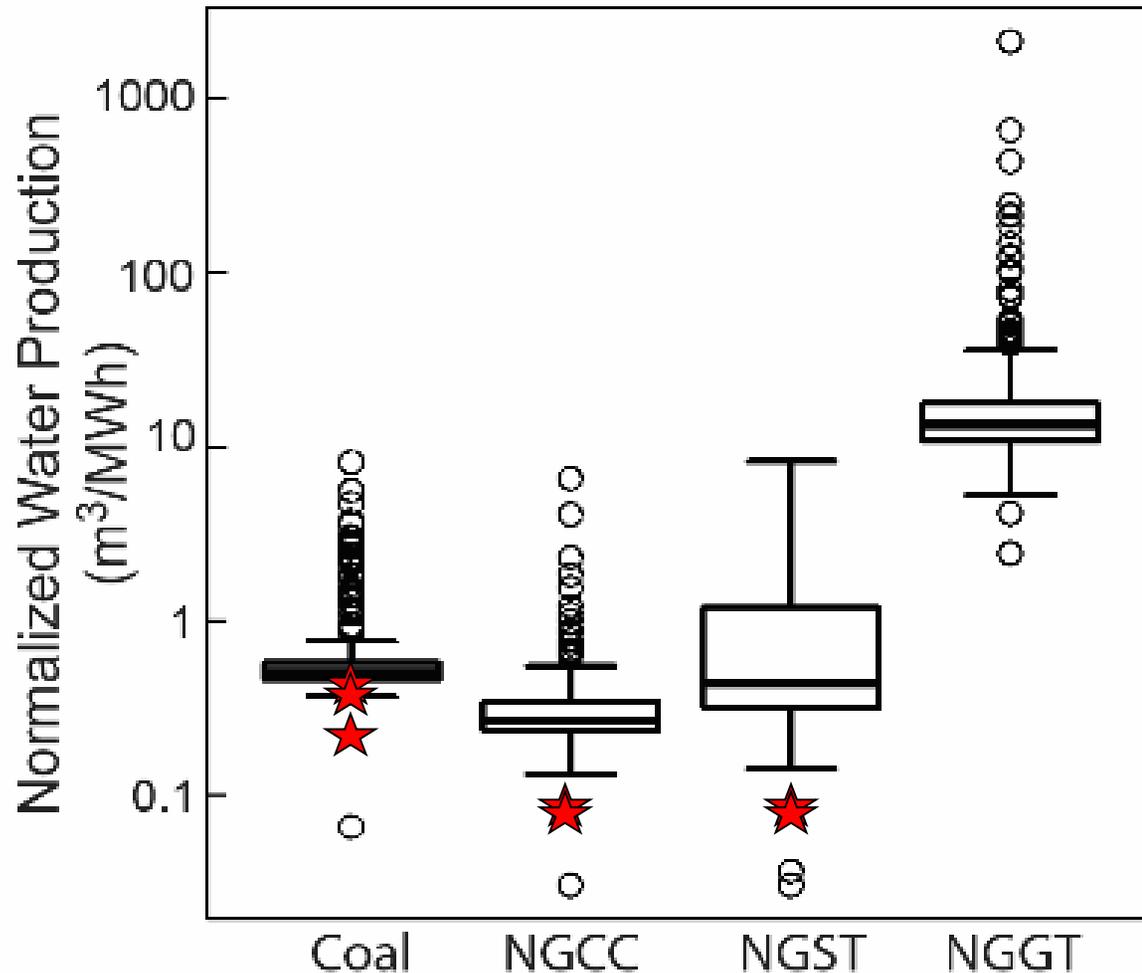
18.9 BILLION GJ OF POTENTIALLY RECOVERABLE HEAT IS AVAILABLE FROM THERMAL POWER PLANTS



FORWARD OSMOSIS UTILIZES WASTE HEAT TO TREAT WATER



THEORETICAL FORWARD OSMOSIS CAPACITY EXCEEDS NON-COOLING WATER TREATMENT DEMANDS



RESEARCH QUESTIONS

We've shown that waste heat driven FO is technically feasible, but **FO also needs to be economically competitive.**

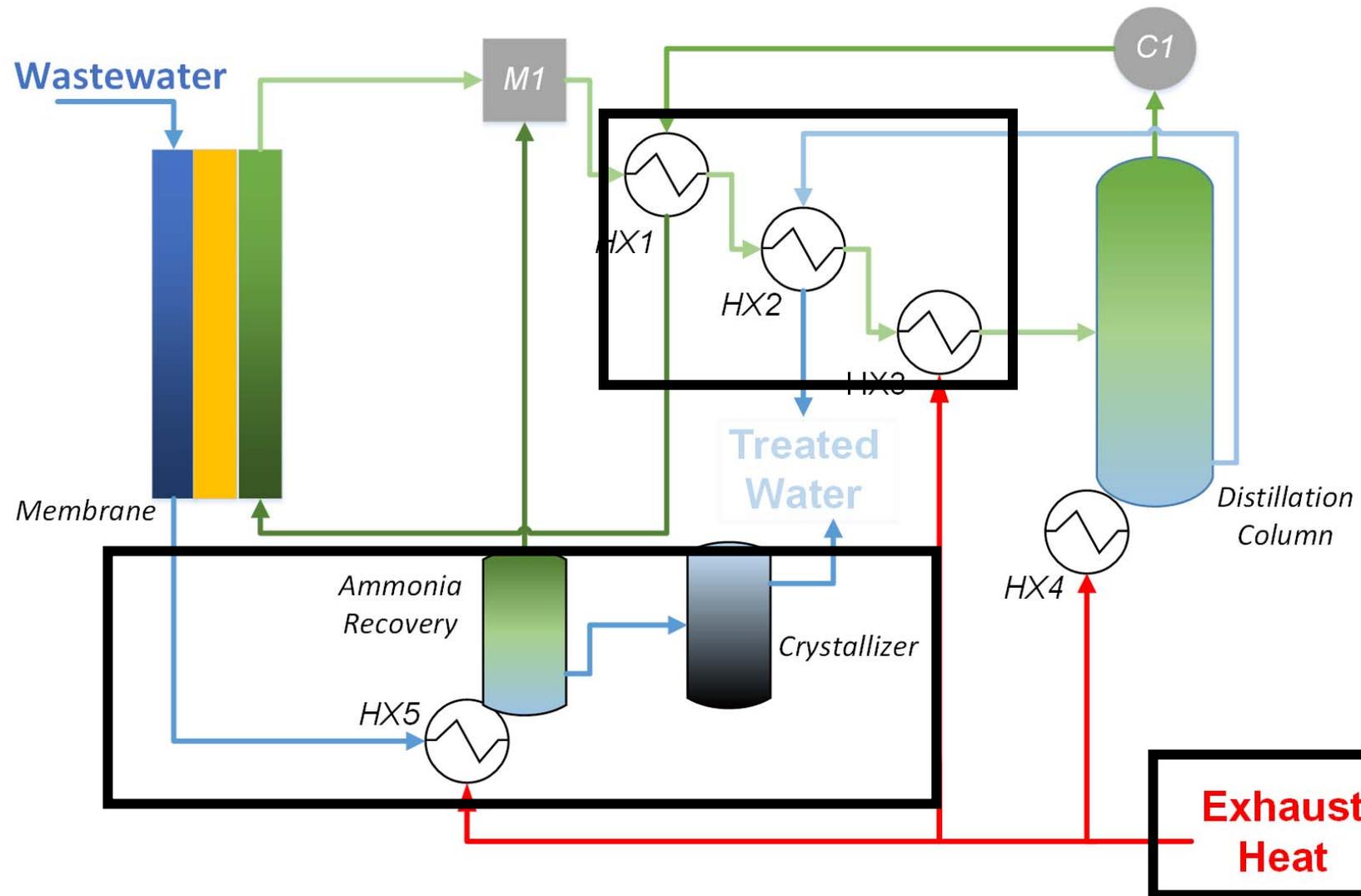
1. What is the **minimum cost** of waste heat driven forward osmosis to treat power plant wastewater and boiler feedwater?
2. How does the cost of forward osmosis **compare to currently installed technologies**?
3. How **sensitive is the cost** as a result of changes in operating conditions?

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FORWARD OSMOSIS AND CRYSTALLIZATION PROCESSES AT POWER PLANTS

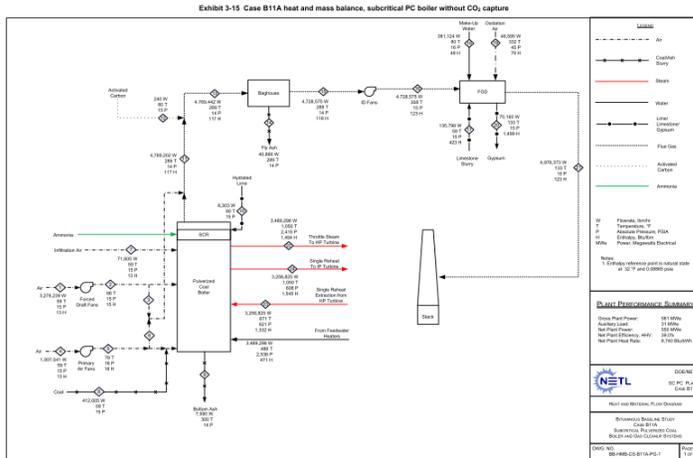


OVERALL MODELING AND OPTIMIZATION APPROACH

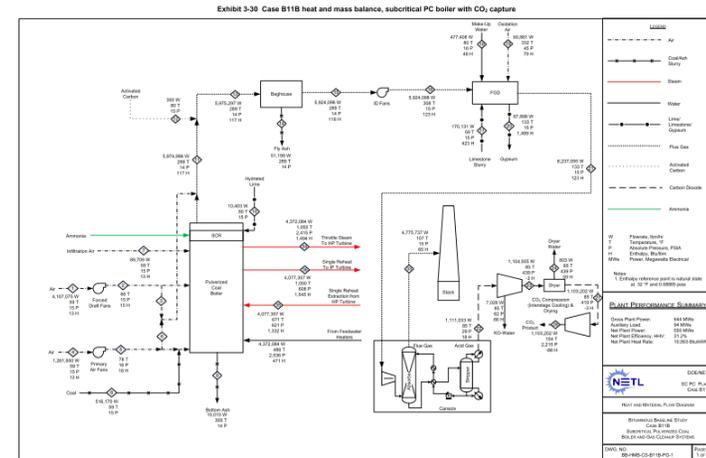


CASE STUDIES – BOILER FEEDWATER

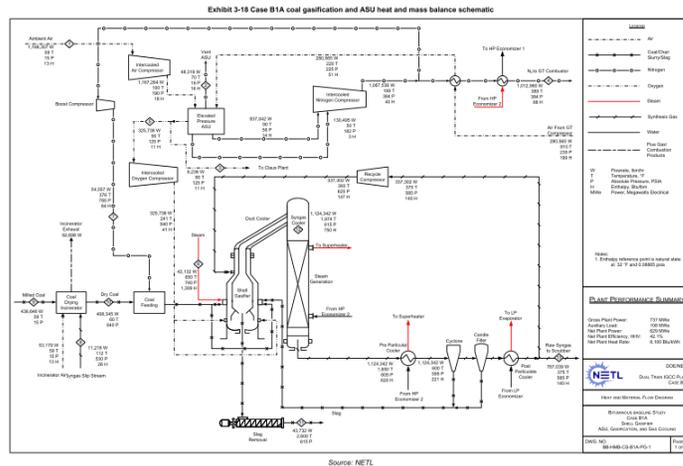
NETL Subcritical Coal w/o CC



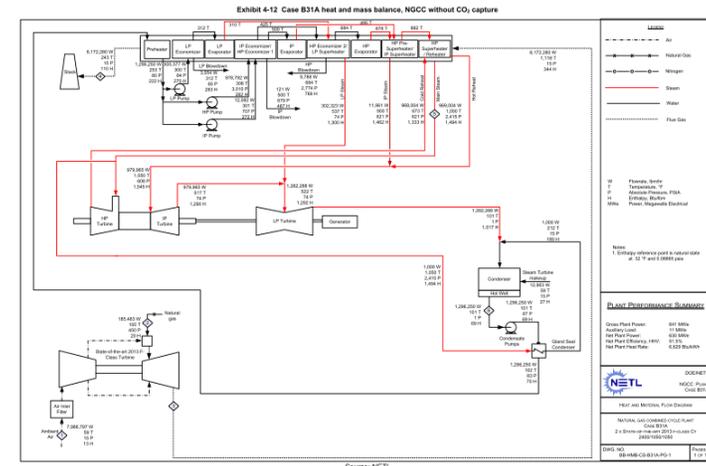
NETL Supercritical Coal w/ CC



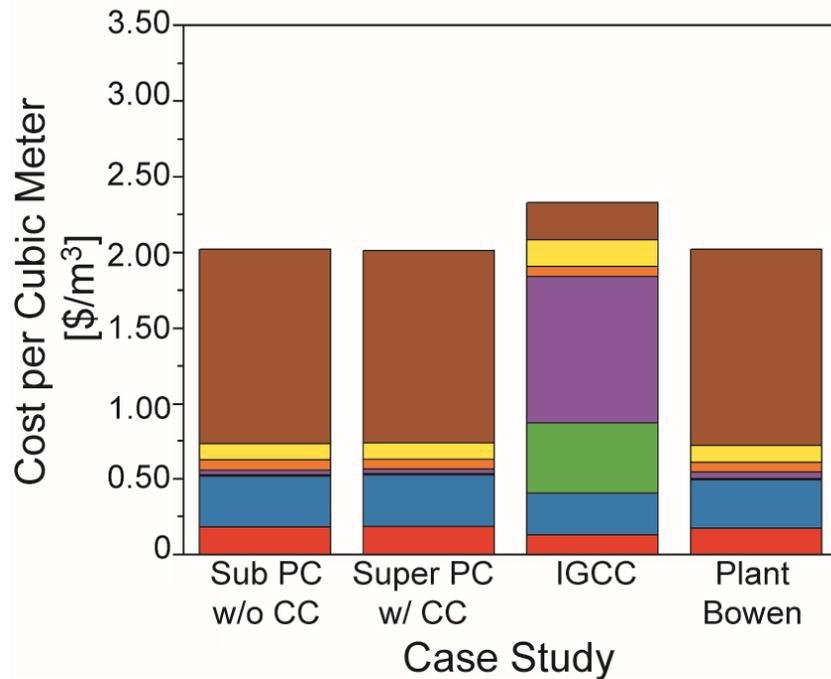
NETL Integrated Gasification



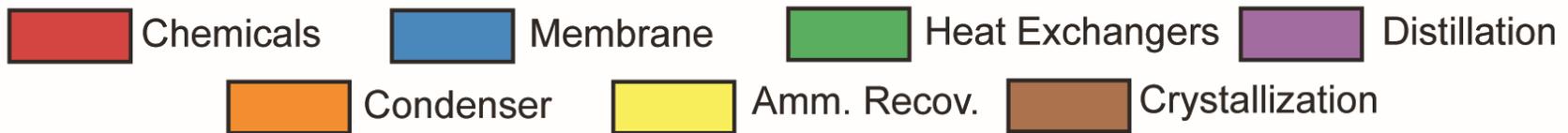
NETL Natural Gas Combined Cycle



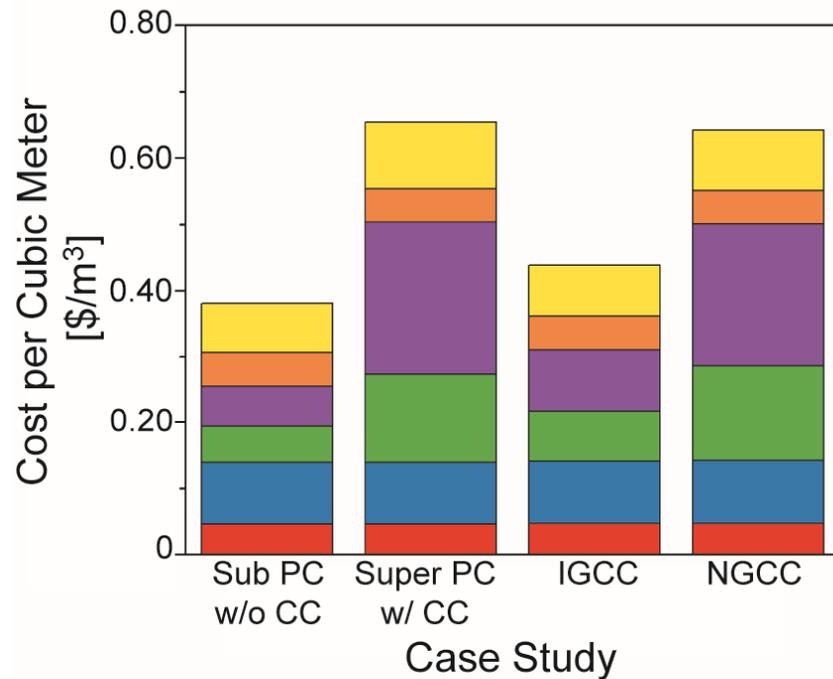
COSTS FOR TREATING WASTEWATER TO ZERO LIQUID DISCHARGE



Legend



COSTS FOR TREATING BOILER FEEDWATER



Legend

Chemicals
Distillation

Membrane
Condenser

Heat Exchangers
Amm. Recov.

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BEST AVAILABLE TECHNOLOGY BENCHMARKS

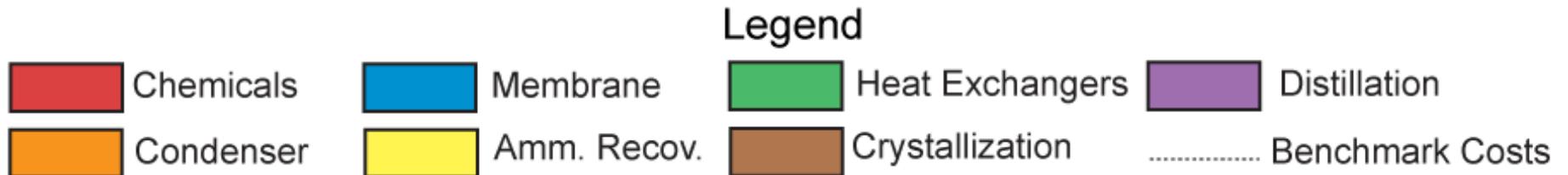
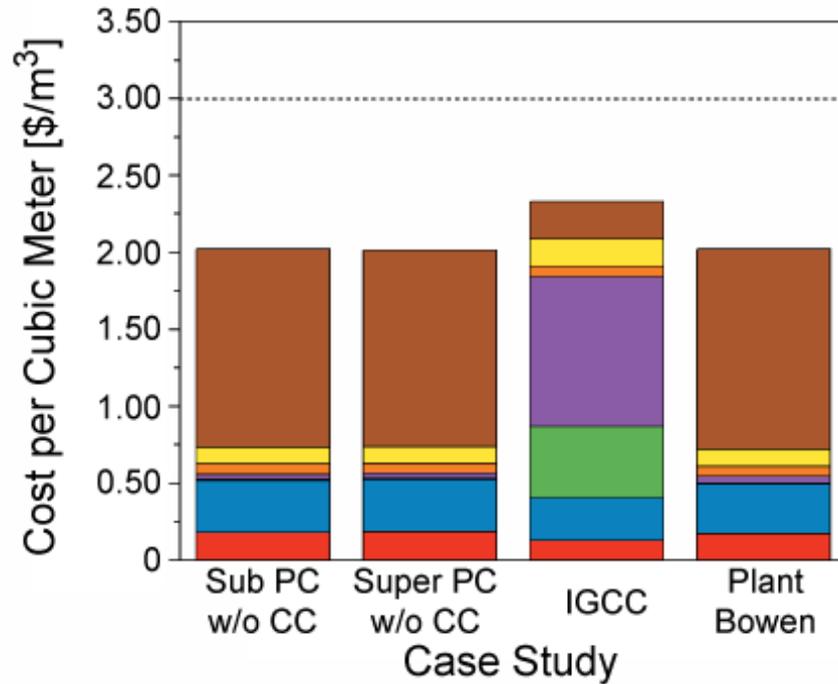
For ZLD wastewater:



Mechanical Vapor
Recompression and
Crystallization

FO IS COMPETITIVE FOR ZLD

For ZLD Wastewater Treatment...



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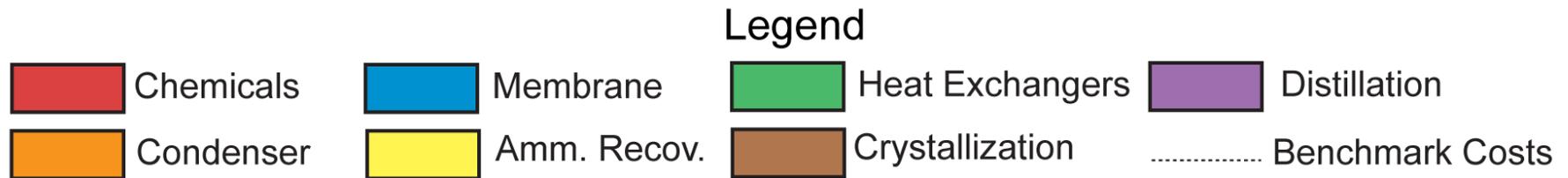
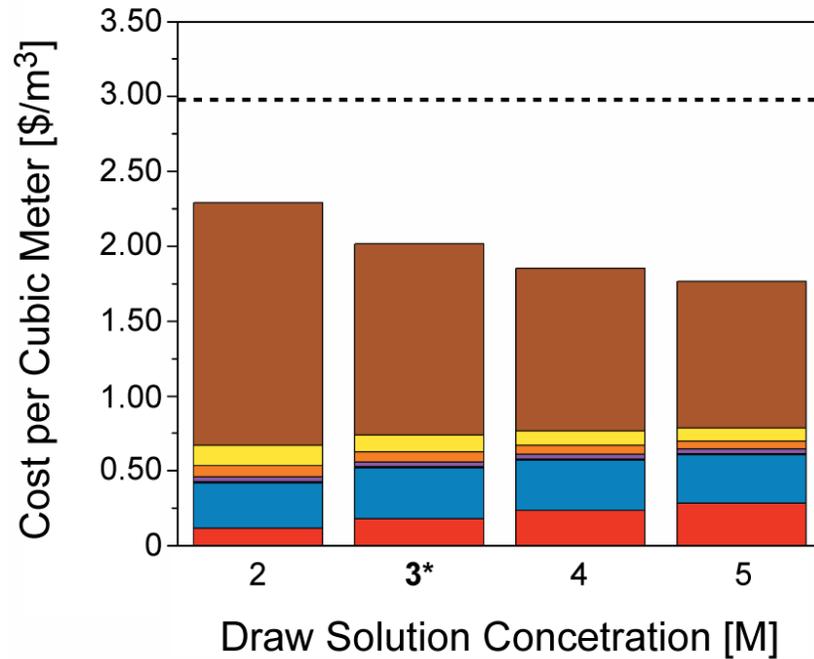
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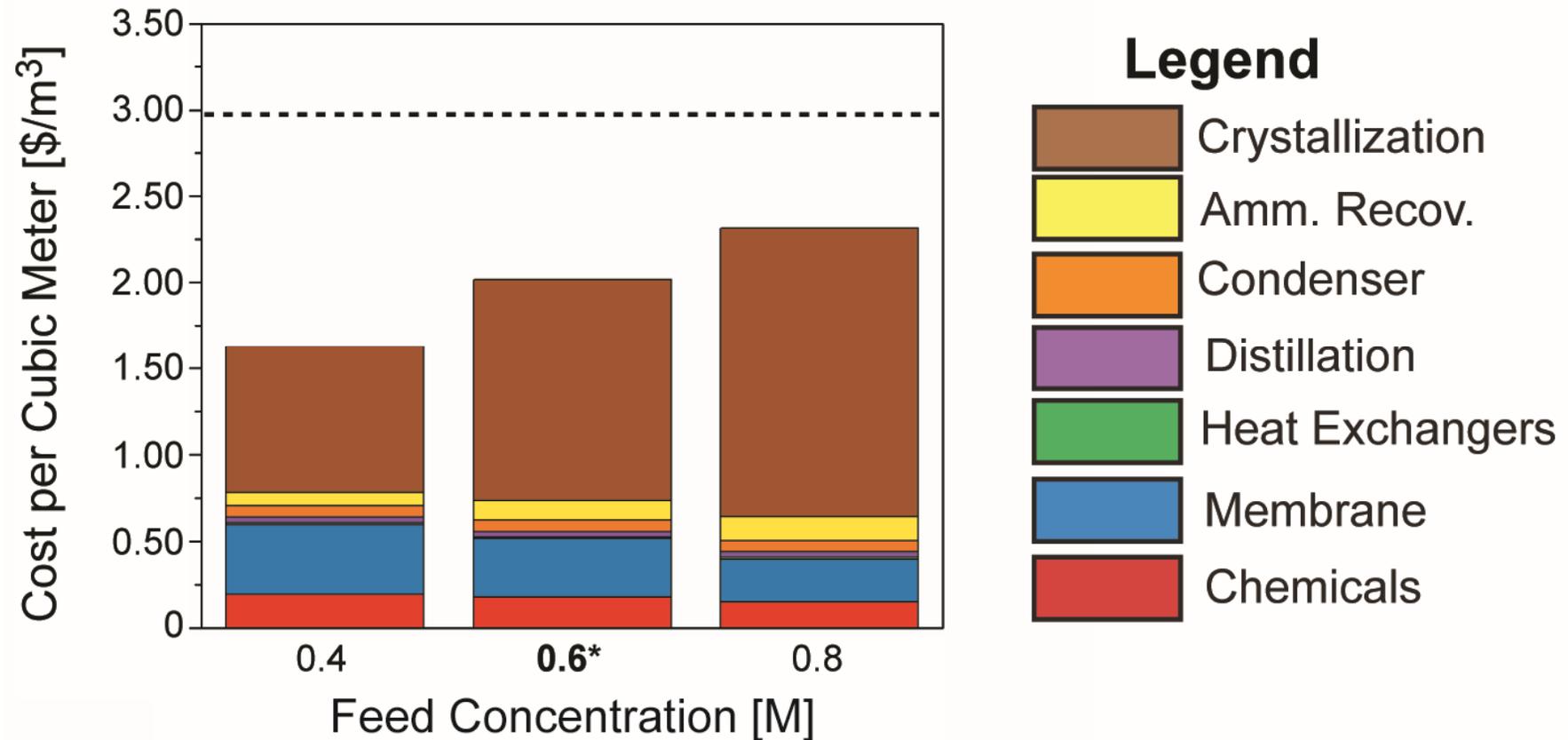
SENSITIVITY ANALYSES ON DESIGN AND OPERATING VARIABLES

$$J_W = A(\pi_D - \pi_F)$$

COST IS ROBUST OVER RANGE OF DECISION VARIABLES



FEED CONCENTRATION INCREASES LEADS TO COST INCREASES



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CONCLUSION/RESULTS

- Treatment with conventional “best available technologies” leads to suboptimal economic decisions for zero liquid discharge processes.
- Additional research needs for FO membranes:
 - Developing high flux membranes
 - Membranes that can handle cycling of wastewater purges
 - Membranes that can handle scaling

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Funding sources

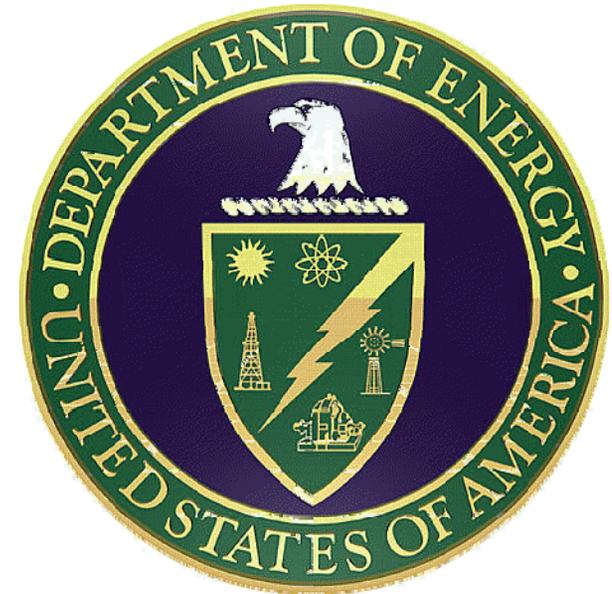
- Department of Energy (DE-FE0024008)

Colleagues in the WE3 Lab

- Tim Bartholomew

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QUESTIONS?