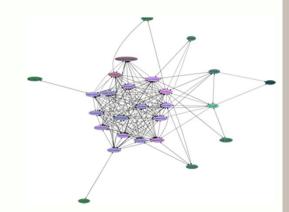


Motivation: Energy Systems

- Where are we?
 - Advanced energy systems becoming more interconnected
 - Computation pushed further down the pipe
 - More powerful, cheaper, smaller devices



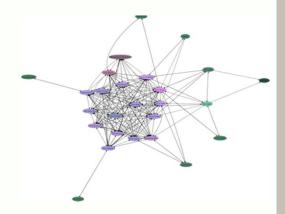
- Where are we going?
 - Hybrid systems
 - Competing objectives
 - Smart sensors, actuators



Motivation: Energy Systems

- Where are we?
 - Difficult to model
 - Distributed decision making
 - Scaling

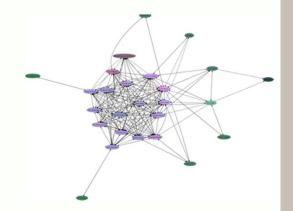
- Where are we going?
 - Even more difficult to model
 - Even more distributed decision making
 - Even more scaling





Motivation: Energy Systems

- We need to account for?
 - Difficult to model systems
 - Thousands of actors (sensors, controllers, users)
 - Failing components
 - Competing objectives
 - Dynamic and stochastic environments



- And still control systems to result in safe, efficient operation



Outline

- Motivation
- Concepts
- Milestones
 - 1. Abstract simulator for advanced power system
 - 2. Bio-mimetic control algorithm for advanced power system
 - 3. System metrics to measure tradeoffs of objectives

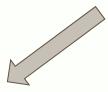
4-5-6: Next Year

Project Status



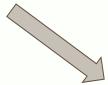
Distributed multi-objective Control?

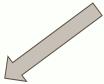
Multiagent control



Many agents, one objective

- Who does what?





Many agents, many objectives



Roadmap and Objectives

Learning-Based Control

Objective 1

- Multiagent
 - Biomimetic distributed subsystem-level control
 - System-level results

Objective 2

- Multi-objective
 - Simultaneously optimize multiple competing objectives
- Reconfigurable
 - Adapt to changing power system needs
 - Develop new policies with previously un-considered objectives

Objective 3



Project Milestones

- Milestone 1: Abstract simulator for advanced power system
- Milestone 2: Bio-mimetic control algorithm for advanced power system
- Milestone 3: System metrics to measure tradeoffs of objectives
- Milestone 4: Multi-objective control algorithm for advanced power system
- Milestone 5: Robust controller for advanced power system
- Milestone 6: Reconfigurable, multi-objective controller for power system



Outline

- Motivation
- Concepts
- Milestones
 - 1. Abstract simulator for advanced power system
 - 2. Bio-mimetic control algorithm for advanced power system
 - 3. System metrics to measure tradeoffs of objectives

4-5-6: Next Year

Project Status



Milestone 1: Abstract simulator

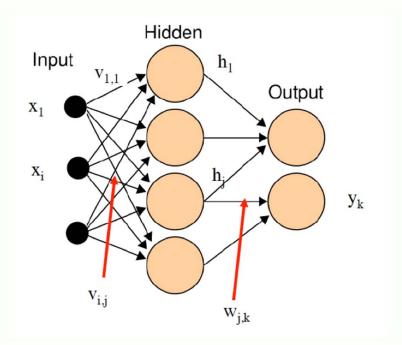
- Use statistics to generate "simulator"
- No physics
- Map inputs to output given

• Use function approximation: multi-layered feed-forward neural network



Training a Neural Network

- Given: input x, target y, and network weights W
- Find: change in weights ΔW to minimize network error
 - Gradient descent





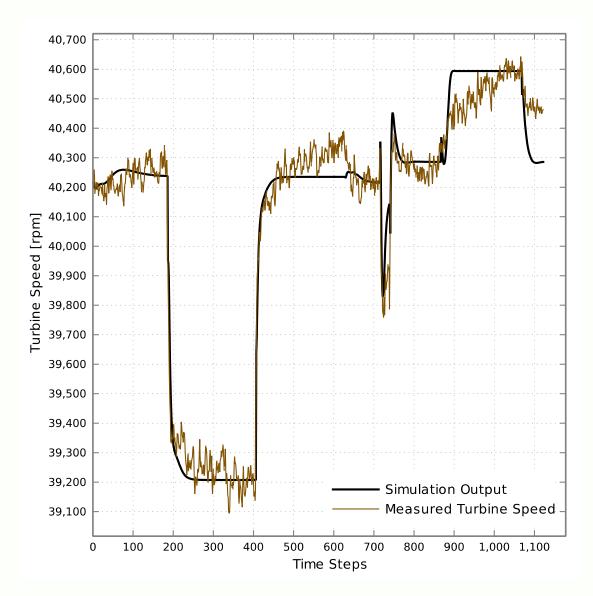
NN Plant Simulator

- Use data from real HyPer runs to train abstract simulator
 - Neural network maps current plant state and control actions to next plant state
 - Can use neural network to make a time domain simulator of the plant
- Are we claiming you can replace high-fidelity simulator ???
 ABSOLUTELY NOT

Claim: You can approximate high-fidelity simulator in parts of state space to develop policies you can test/tune on the real simulator

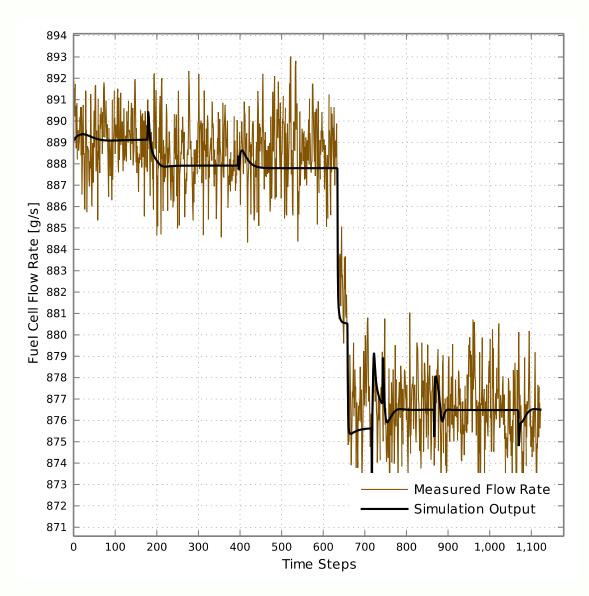


NN Plant Simulator: Results (Turbine Speed)





NN Plant Simulator: Results (Fuel Cell Flow Rate)





Outline

- Motivation
- Concepts
- Milestones
 - 1. Abstract simulator for advanced power system
 - 2. Bio-mimetic control algorithm for advanced power system
 - 3. System metrics to measure tradeoffs of objectives

4-5-6: Next Year

Project Status



- Stochastic, population-based search algorithm
- Operators: Mutation, Fitness Assignment, Selection
- Useful in problems where gradient information is not available



Initialize *n* policies

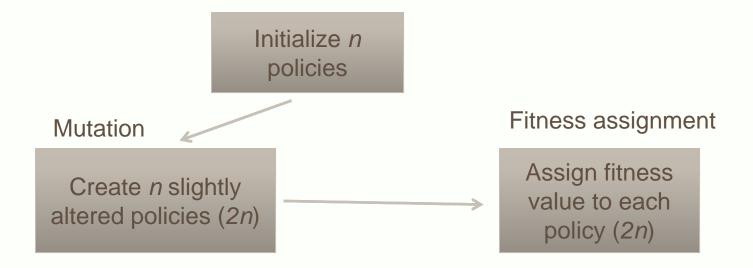


Initialize *n* policies

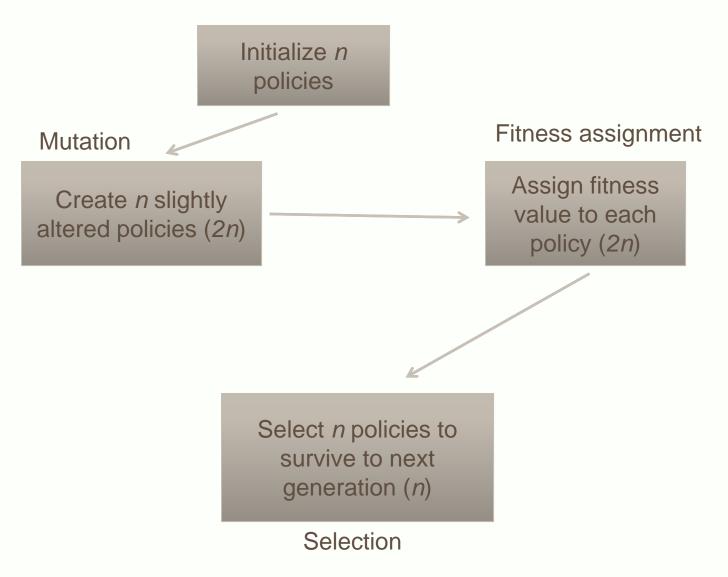
Mutation

Create *n* slightly altered policies (2*n*)

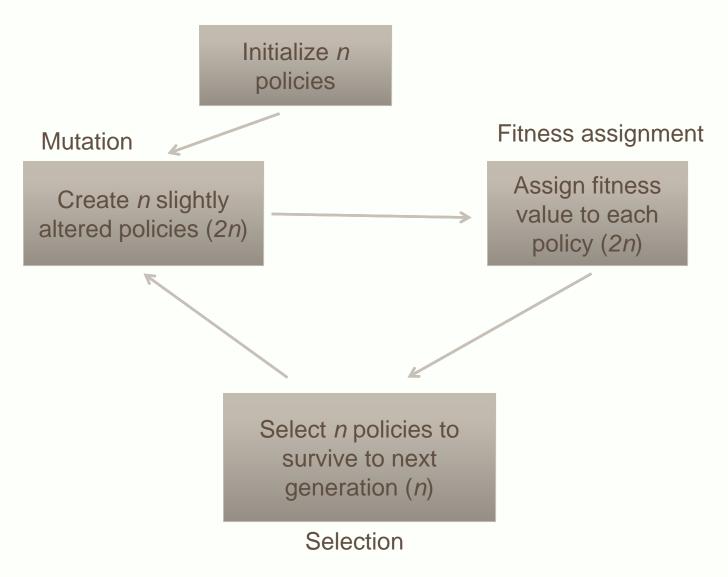








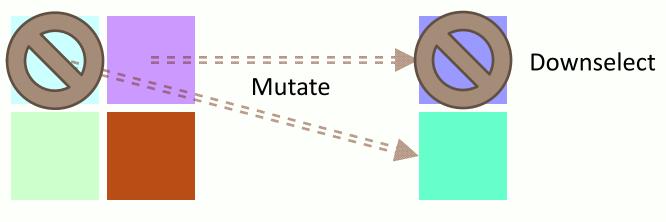
Oregon State





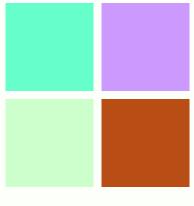






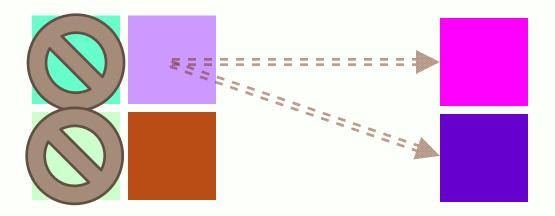
Population (N)

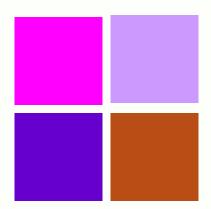
Additional Solutions (K)



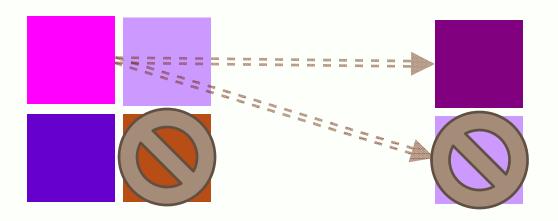
New Population (N)

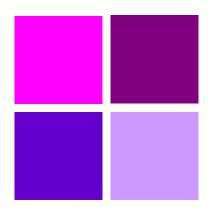




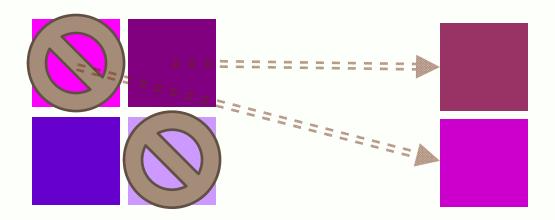


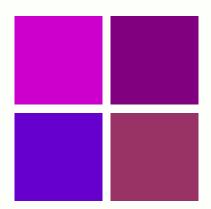




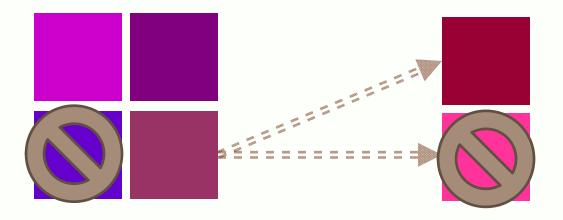


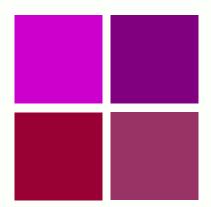




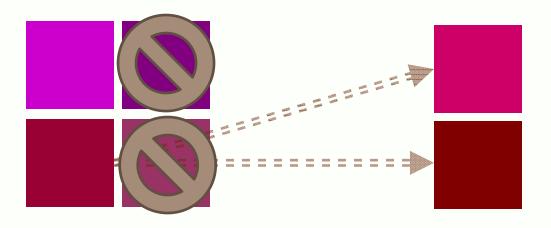


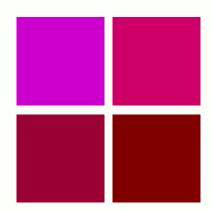




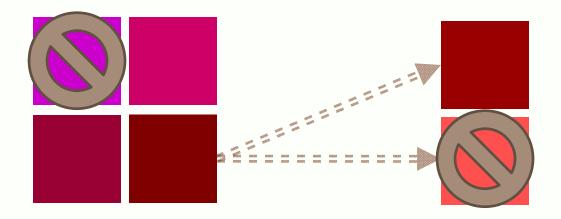


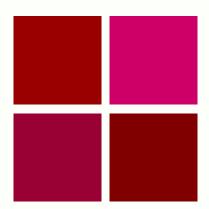




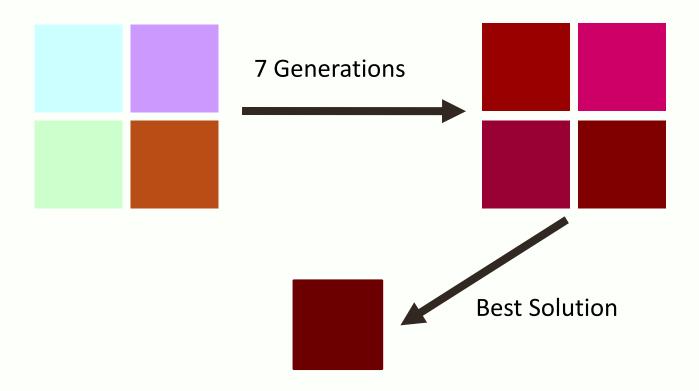














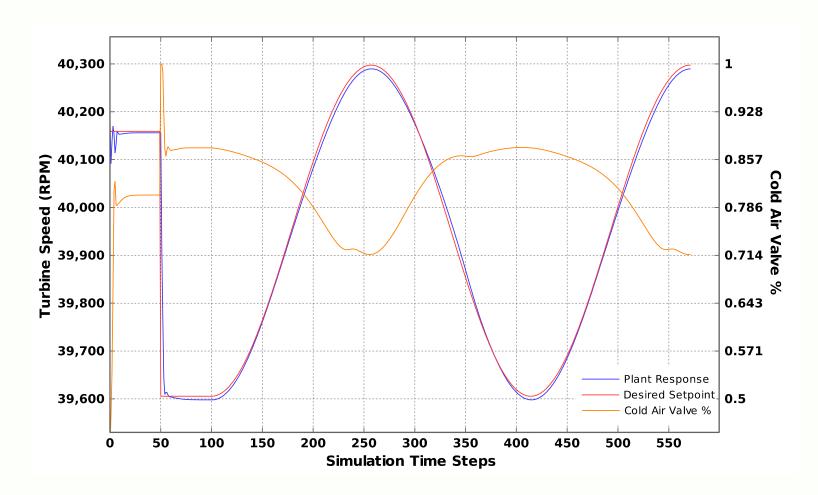
Neuro-evolutionary Control

- Evolve neural network controllers
 - Explore weight space
 - Determine effectiveness of control policies
- Goal: track an arbitrary turbine speed trajectory

weight mutation selection



Control Results: Track step+sinusoid





Outline

- Motivation
- Concepts
- Milestones
 - 1. Abstract simulator for advanced power system
 - 2. Bio-mimetic control algorithm for advanced power system
 - 3. System metrics to measure tradeoffs of objectives

4-5-6: Next Year

Project Status



Key Issue in many Real World Problems

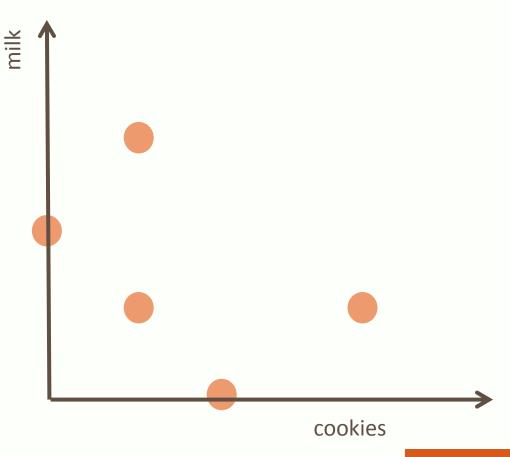
You have one than one objective

• How do you trade-off one for the other



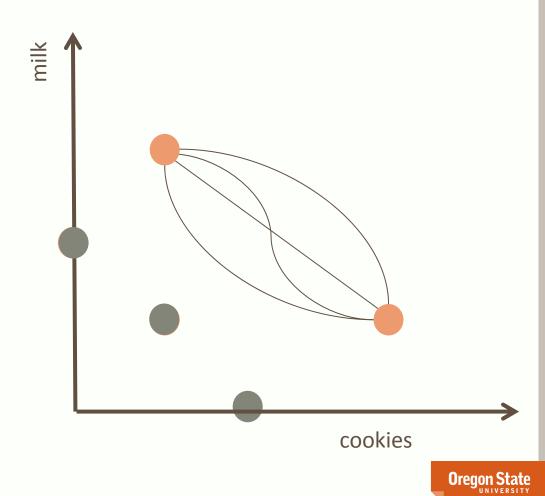
Key Issue in many Real World Problems

- You like milk and cookies
 - Choose:
 - No milk 2 cookies
 - 2 glasses of milk , no cookies
 - 1 cookie, 1 glass of milk
 - 1 cookie, 3 glasses of milk
 - 1 glass of milk, 4 cookies

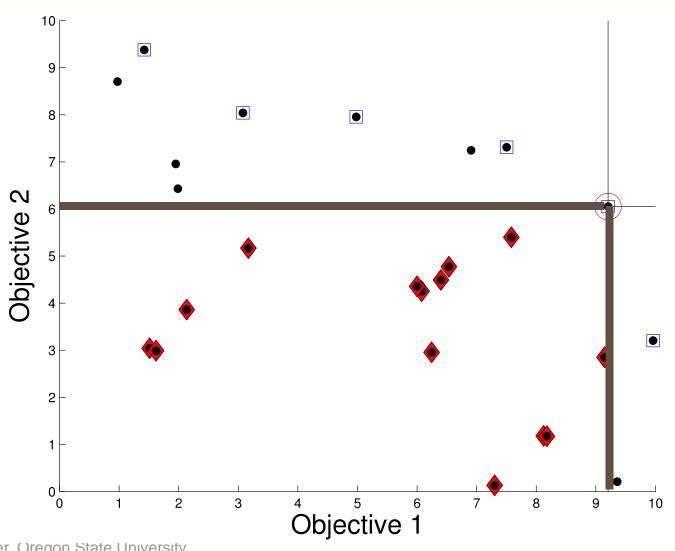




Key Issue in many Real World Problems



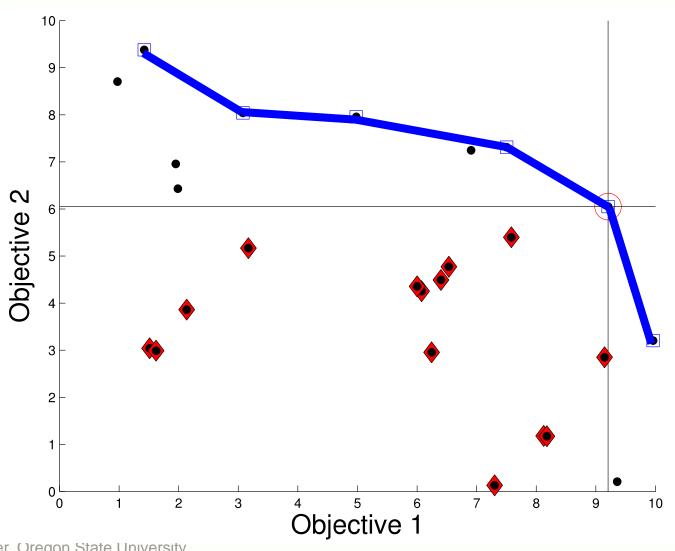
Multi-Objective Concepts: Dominance





Kagan Tumer, Oregon State University

Multi-Objective Concepts: Pareto Front



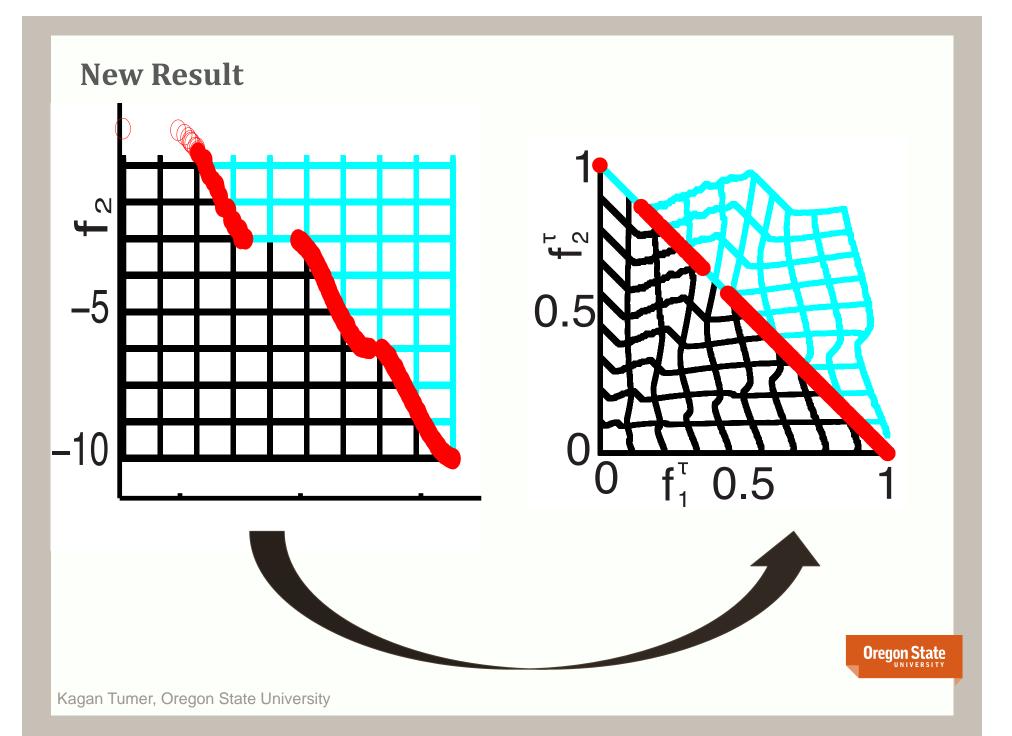


Kagan Tumer, Oregon State University

Key Points

- "Seeing" the performance is easy with two objectives
- With higher than three objectives, it is very difficult
- Linear combination misses entire areas of search space
 - Suboptimal
 - Poor trade-offs
- Population based searches are slow. Very, very slow





Outline

- Motivation
- Concepts
- Milestones
 - 1. Abstract simulator for advanced power system
 - 2. Bio-mimetic control algorithm for advanced power system
 - 3. System metrics to measure tradeoffs of objectives

4-5-6: Next Year

Project Status



Project Status

- Milestone 1: Abstract simulator for advanced power system
- Milestone 2: Bio-mimetic control algorithm for advanced power system
- Milestone 3: System metrics to measure tradeoffs of objectives
- Milestone 4: Multi-objective control algorithm for advanced power system
- Milestone 5: Robust controller for advanced power system
- Milestone 6: Reconfigurable, multi-objective controller for power system



Project Status

• Milestone 1: 6/30/2014 ✓

• Milestone 2: 9/30/2014 ✓

• Milestone 3: 3/30/2015

• Milestone 4: 9/30/2015

• Milestone 5: 6/30/2015

• Milestone 6: 9/30/2015



Project Status

• Milestone 1: 6/30/2014 ✓

• Milestone 2: 9/30/2014 ✓

• Milestone 3: 3/30/2015

• Milestone 4: Multi-objective control 9/30/2015

• Milestone 5: Robust Control 6/30/2015

• Milestone 6: Reconfigurable multi-objective control 9/30/2015



Publications

- 1. Learning Based Control of a Fuel Cell Turbine Hybrid Power System. A. Gabler, M. Colby, and K. Tumer. In Proceedings of Genetic and Evolutionary Computation Conference (GECCO) 2015 (Extended Abstract). Madrid, Spain. July 2015.
- 2. Approximating Difference Evaluations with Local Information. M. Colby, W. Curran, and K. Tumer. In Proceedings of the Fourteenth International Joint Conference on Autonomous Agents and Multiagent Systems (Extended Abstract). Istanbul, Turkey, May 2015.
- 3. A Replicator Dynamics Analysis of Difference Evaluation Functions. M. Colby and K. Tumer. In Proceedings of the Fourteenth International Joint Conference on Autonomous Agents and Multiagent Systems (Extended Abstract). Istanbul, Turkey, May 2015.
- 4. An Evolutionary Game Theoretic Analysis of Difference Evaluation Functions. M. Colby and K. Tumer. In Proceedings of Genetic and Evolutionary Computation Conference (GECCO) 2015. Madrid, Spain. July 2015.
- 5. Theoretical and Implementation Improvements for Difference Evaluation Functions. M. Colby. Ph.D. Dissertation, Oregon State University.
- 6. Approximating Difference Evaluations with Local Knowledge. M. Colby, W. Curran, C. Rebhuhn, and K. Tumer. In Proceedings of the Thirteenth International Joint Conference on Autonomous Agents and Multiagent Systems (Extended Abstract). Paris, France, May 2014.
- 7. PaCcET: An Objective Space Transformation to Iteratively Convexify the Pareto Front. L. Yliniemi and K. Tumer. In The Tenth International Conference on Simulated Evolution And Learning (SEAL 2014), Dunedin, New Zealand, December 2014.
- 8. Multi-Objective Multiagent Credit Assignment Through Difference Rewards in Reinforcement Learning. L. Yliniemi and K. Tumer. In The Tenth International Conference on Simulated Evolution And Learning (SEAL 2014), Dunedin, New Zealand, December 2014



Acknowledgements

- Department of Energy, NETL
- Steve Seachman, Project Manager

Phd, 2015

MS, 2015

- Students: Logan Yliniemi, Drew Gabler
- Postdoc: Mitchell Colby

Phd, 2014

Dave Tucker and Paolo Pezzini, NETL



Questions?



Contact Info:

Kagan Tumer

Oregon State University

kagan.tumer@oregonstate.edu

engr.oregonstate.edu/~ktumer/

