



NETL Life Cycle Inventory Data

Process Documentation File

Process Name: Corn Stover Land Preparation, Operation
Reference Flow: 1 kg Corn Stover Land Preparation
Brief Description: This unit process includes operations for land preparation for corn stover including an input of combusted diesel, dust emissions, and a calculation of required land area. Includes co-product allocation between grain and stover.

Section I: Meta Data

Geographical Coverage: US **Region:** Midwest
Year Data Best Represents: 2008
Process Type: Extraction Process (EP)
Process Scope: Cradle-to-Gate Process (CG)
Allocation Applied: Yes
Completeness: All Relevant Flows Recorded

Flows Aggregated in Data Set:

Process Energy Use Energy P&D Material P&D

Relevant Output Flows Included in Data Set:

Releases to Air: Greenhouse Gases Criteria Air Pollutants Other
Releases to Water: Inorganic Emissions Organic Emissions Other
Water Usage: Water Consumption Water Demand (throughput)
Releases to Soil: Inorganic Releases Organic Releases Other

Adjustable Process Parameters:

Stover yield (STOVER_YIELD_Y) *The yield of corn stover, in kg/acre-yr*
Corn yield (CORN_YIELD_Y) *The yield of corn grain, in kg/acre-yr*
Allocation (ALLOCATE_ENERGY) *If using energy allocation, use value = 1 else use value = 0.*

Tracked Input Flows:

Diesel Combustion, Mobile Sources, Truck [Refinery products] *Amount of diesel combusted within the mobile source*
Equipment Assembly per kg Biomass [Valuable substances] *Amount of farm equipment required for 1 kg of biomass.*



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Tracked Output Flows:

Biomass Operation [Installation]

This unit process is assembled with the biomass cultivation operation unit process in series, therefore the reference flow is assumed to be 1 kg biomass operation.

Section II: Process Description

Associated Documentation

This unit process is composed of this document and the data sheet (DS) *DS_Stage1_O_CS_Land_Preparation_2010.03.xlsx*, which provides additional details regarding calculations, data quality, and references as relevant.

Goal and Scope

The scope of this unit process covers the operation of farming activities used for land area preparation for corn stover biomass in Life Cycle (LC) Stage #1. This unit process is based on the reference flow of 1 kg of corn stover land preparation operation, as described below, and in **Figure 1**. The operation activities are assumed to occur every year. Inputs to the unit process include diesel consumption and land use. Diesel is used as fuel for the land preparation equipment (a tractor); the energy and material flows for the upstream production and delivery of diesel as well as life cycle emissions of diesel production are not included in the boundary of this process. Emissions from diesel combustion are handled in a linked upstream unit process. Land use, expressed in terms of acres per unit production of corn stover, is considered a resource that involves no upstream operating or construction activities. The fugitive dust from the use of land preparation equipment is included in this unit process boundary. Fugitive dust is categorized as PM10 and PM2.5 (particulate matter) emissions to air. Water use and emissions to water are not characterized in this process, because they are assumed to comprise a negligible contribution to the direct operations of land preparation.

Boundary and Description

The LC boundary of this unit process starts with farming activities to prepare land for seeding and ends with a unit of land area ready to seed. This unit process is the first unit process in a sequence of four operations processes required for the acquisition of corn stover. The LC Stage #1 unit processes that follow this unit process are corn stover cultivation, corn stover harvesting, and corn stover collection and baling.

Operations for the preparation of land for corn stover production are based on the estimated diesel consumption of farming equipment, fugitive dust emissions caused by surface dust that is disturbed by land preparation equipment, and the annual yield rates of corn grain and corn stover. **Figure 1** provides an overview of the boundary of this unit process. Rectangular boxes represent relevant sub-processes, while trapezoidal

boxes indicate upstream data that are outside of the boundary of this unit process. As shown, upstream emissions associated with the production and delivery of diesel fuel are accounted for outside of the boundary of this unit process. The methods for calculating these operating activities are described below.

There are three adjustable parameters in this unit process: the annual yield of corn stover ("STOVER_YIELD_Y"), the annual yield of corn grain ("CORN_YIELD_Y"), and the calculation of co-product allocation based on energy ("ALLOCATE_ENERGY") basis. The annual yields of corn grain and stover(kg/acre-year) are used to translate the values for diesel consumption and fugitive dust emissions from a basis of quantity per acre to a basis of quantity per kg of biomass production. NETL currently recommends a default value of 3,829 kg/acre-yr for corn yield based on a survey of national data from 2004 to 2009 (Iowa State 2009, USDA 2010). The recommendation for stover yield is 1,001 kg/acre year (NETL 2011, Petrolia 2009).

The parameter for energy-based co-product allocation allows the unit process to allocate inputs and outputs between co-products on an energy or mass basis. If the value for "ALLOCATE_ENERGY" is 1, then energy-based co-product allocation is used; if the value for "ALLOCATE_ENERGY" is 0, then mass-based co-product allocation is used and a ratio of the yield rates is used to apportion emissions.

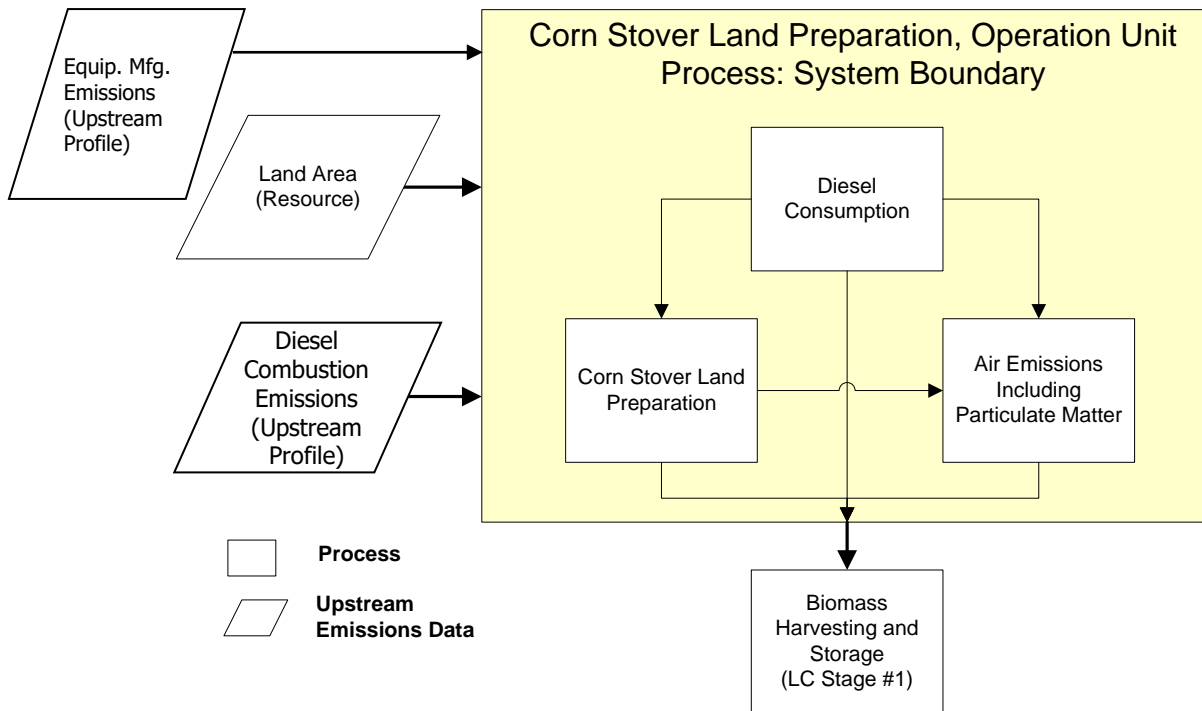
Diesel is consumed by the tractor as it pulls the disc tiller and the seeding equipment. A tractor consumes an average of 10.26 gallons of diesel per hour (John, 2009a). The diesel consumption of equipment used in farming cultivation activities was calculated based on specifications of a 1,953 rpm tractor consuming 10.26 gal/hour diesel fuel and a disc tiller of 4.78 m (188 inches) width (John 2009a, John 2009b). Assuming that the tractor operates at 5.8 miles per hour (mph), an average operating speed, and by multiplying the width of the disk tiller by the operating speed of the tractor, the land coverage rate is estimated at 11 acres per hour [Caterpillar, 2010]. Multiplying this land coverage rate by the fuel consumption rate, the estimated diesel consumption is 0.93 gal/acre prepared. This calculation assumes that the tractor makes a single pass over the site. This unit process assumes that the engine of the tractor is greater than 175 horsepower.

The emissions for the required amount of diesel combusted for this process are accounted for in an upstream diesel combustion process. That process is pulled as an input to this process. The impacts associated with the manufacturing of the tractor and disc tiller are accounted for in a separate unit process. This process scales the manufacturing processes based on the amount of biomass demanded.

Fugitive dust emissions are generated by the disturbance of surface soil during land preparation. Fugitive dust emissions from land preparation are estimated using an emissions factor specified by WRAP (Western Regional Air Program) (Countess Environmental 2004), which conducted air sampling studies on ripping and sub-soiling practices used for breaking up soil compaction. The emissions factor for fugitive dust is 1.2 lb PM/acre-pass. The tractor makes two passes of the site and thus has a fugitive

dust emissions factor of 2.4 lbs PM/acre. The ratio of PM_{2.5} to PM₁₀ utilized for this study is 0.15 kg PM_{2.5}/kg PM₁₀.

Figure 1: Unit Process Scope and Boundary



Properties of corn stover and corn grain relevant to this unit process are indicated in **Table 1**. **Table 2** provides a summary of modeled input and output flows. Additional details regarding input and output flows, including calculation methods, are contained in the associated DS sheet.

Table 1: Properties of land preparation operation activities

| Property | Value |
|---|-------|
| Corn stover yield, (kg/acre-year) | 1001 |
| Corn grain yield, (kg/acre-year) | 3829 |
| HHV corn stover, (Btu/lb) at 15% moisture | 6399 |
| HHV corn grain, (Btu/lb) at 15% moisture | 6970 |

Table 2: Unit Process Input and Output Flows

| Flow Name* | Value | Units (Per Reference Flow) | DQI |
|--|----------|----------------------------|-----|
| Inputs | | | |
| Diesel Combustion, Mobile Sources, Truck [Refinery products] | 7.94E-06 | kg | 2,2 |
| Equipment Assembly per kg Biomass [Valuable substances] | 1.00E+00 | Pieces | 2,2 |

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------|-------|-----|
| Area of Production Land | 6.90E-06 | acres | 1,1 |
| Outputs | | | |
| Biomass Operation [Installation] | 1 | kg | 2,2 |
| Dust (PM10) [Particles to air] | 1.45E-06 | kg | 2,3 |
| Dust (PM2.5) [Particles to air] | 2.18E-07 | kg | 2,3 |

* **Bold face** clarifies that the value shown *does not* include upstream environmental flows. Upstream environmental flows were added during the modeling process using GaBi modeling software, as shown in Figure 1.

Inventory items not included are assumed to be zero based on best engineering judgment or assumed to be zero because no data was available to categorize them for this unit process at the time of its creation.

Embedded Unit Processes

None.

References

- Countess Environmental 2004 Countess Environmental, 2004. *WRAP Fugitive Dust Handbook*. WGA Contract No. 30204-83. Western Regional Air Partnership.
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- NETL 2011 NETL. (2011). *Calculating Uncertainty in Biomass Emissions Model, Version 2.0 (CUBE 2.0): Model and Documentation*. (DOE/NETL-2012/1538). Pittsburgh, PA: National Energy Technology Laboratory
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<http://www.farmfoundation.org/news/articlefiles/1712-PetroliaTWO%20hndout.pdf>
 (Accessed June 13, 2012).

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|--------------------------|--|
| SunGrant Initiative 2007 | SunGrant Initiative, 2007. <i>Management Guide for Biomass Feedstock Production From Switchgrass in the Northern Great Plains</i> . South Dakota State University. |
| USDA 2009 | USDA. 2009. <i>Fact Sheet: Management and Lifecycle Assessment of Bio-energy Crop Production</i> . U.S. Department of Agriculture. |
| USDA 2010 | USDA. 2010. <i>2009 Crop Year is One for the Record Books, USDA Reports</i> . U.S. Department of Agriculture. Washington D.C. http://www.nass.usda.gov/Newsroom/2010/01_12_201.asp (Accessed June 13, 2012). |

Section III: Document Control Information

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| Date Created: | February 02, 2010 |
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| Revision History: | |
| 13JUNE2012 | Updated to revised parameter values. |
| 26DECEMBER2014 | Updated to reflect combustion removal. Diesel combustion is now an input. Speciated PM emissions. Added inventory item level DQI data |

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