

# **NETL Life Cycle Inventory Data Process Documentation File**

Process Name:Electric Shovel, 120 Tons Payload, ConstructionReference Flow:1 piece (pcs) of Electric Shovel, 120 Tons Payload

**Brief Description:** The amount of steel used in the construction of one 120

short ton payload electric shovel, used to haul overburden and extract coal at a large surface mine. The shovel was

assumed to be composed entirely of steel plate.

Section I: Meta Data							
Geographical Coverage:		US		Region:	N/A		
Year Data Best Represents:		2008					
Process Type:		Manufacturing Process (MP)					
Process Scope:		Gate-to-Gate Process (GG)					
Allocation Applied:		No					
Completeness:		Individual Relevant Flows Captured					
Flows Aggregated in	n Data Set:						
		se	☐ Energy P&D		☐ Material P&D		
<b>Relevant Output Flo</b>	ws Included	in Data Set	:				
Releases to Air:	☐ Greenhouse Gases		Criteria Air Pollutants		Other		
Releases to Water:   Inorganic I		Emissions	Organic Emissions			Other	
Water Usage:			☐ Wa	/ater Demand (throughput)			
Releases to Soil:	Inorganic	Releases	Org	ganic Releas	es	Other	
Adjustable Process Parameters:							
Tracked Input Flows	s:						
Steel plate, BF, (85% Recovery Rate) [Metal				Steel plate from blast furnace (BF), assumes 85 percent recovered/recycled steel, to construct an electric shovel			
<b>Tracked Output Flov</b>	vs:						
Electric Shovel, 120 Tons Payload [Construction]			n]	Construction of a single, 120 short ton payload electric shovel			



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## **Section II: Process Description**

#### **Associated Documentation**

This unit process is composed of this document and the data sheet (DS)  $DS\_Stage1\_C\_Electric\_Shovel\_120\_Tons\_Payload\_2010.01.xls$ , which provides additional details regarding relevant calculations, data quality, and references.

# **Goal and Scope**

The scope of this unit process covers the materials required for the construction of a single, 120 short ton payload electric shovel needed to haul overburden to a stockpile and to extract coal and load it into a truck at a large surface coal mine, as described below. The electric shovel is assumed to be composed entirely of steel plate. This process is based on the reference flow of 1 piece of electric shovel, as described below and shown in **Figure 1**.

This unit process is used under Life Cycle (LC) Stage #1 to assist in the movement of overburden and the extraction of coal from the coal mine. It is combined with other relevant equipment for LC Stage #1 in a separate construction assembly process, DF\_Stage1\_C\_Assembly\_PRB\_Surface\_Coal\_Mine\_2010.01.doc. The assembly process quantifies the fraction of each piece of equipment needed under LC Stage #1 to produce 1 kg of coal.

### **Boundary and Description**

The total weight for one electric shovel was estimated to be 1,365,728 kg (3,011,000 lbs). This figure represents manufacturer specifications for the working weight of an electric shovel (Bucyrus 2008). The total weight of an electric shovel was readily available from published sources, but only minimal data for the material breakdown of shovel subcomponents were found. Therefore, the electric shovel was assumed to be composed entirely of steel plate, according to the amount indicated above.

**Figure 1** provides an overview of the boundary of this unit process. Emissions related to the physical assembly of the electric shovel (e.g., emitted while assembling the components of a shovel, including transport of those components) are not considered in this study. Upstream emissions from the production of raw materials used for the construction of the electric shovel (e.g., steel plate) are calculated outside of the boundary of this unit process, based on proprietary profiles available within the GaBi model. As shown in Figure 1 and discussed above, the electric shovel constructed in this unit process is incorporated into the assembly process for removal of overburden and the acquisition of surface-mined Powder River Basin sub-bituminous coal under LC Stage #1.

**Table 1** summarizes the relevant properties and assumptions used to calculate the amount of steel plate contained in a single electric shovel. **Table 2** provides a summary of modeled input and output flows. Additional detail regarding input and output flows, including calculation methods, is contained in the associated DS.

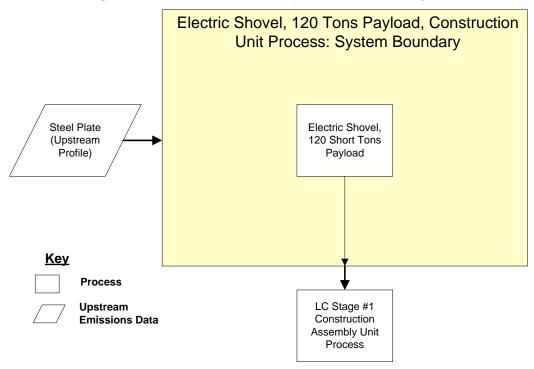


Figure 1: Unit Process Scope and Boundary

**Table 1: Properties of a Single Electric Shovel** 

Material Composition and Weights							
Material	Weight	Reference					
Average Weight of 1	1,365,728	Bucyrus 2008					
Electric Shovel, kg (lbs)	(3,011,000)	Bucylus 2008					
Stool Dieto ka (lbs)	1,365,728	NETL Engineering					
Steel Plate, kg (lbs)	(3,011,000)	Calculation					

**Table 2: Unit Process Input and Output Flows** 

Flow Name*	Value	Units (Per Reference Flow)
Inputs		
Steel Plate, BF (85% Recovery Rate) [Metals]	1,365,728.00	kg
Outputs		
Electric Shovel, 120 Tons Payload [Installation]	1	pcs

<sup>\*</sup> **Bold face** clarifies that the value shown *does not* include upstream environmental flows. Upstream environmental flows were added during the modeling process using GaBi modeling software, as shown in Figure 1.

#### **Embedded Unit Processes**

None.

#### References

Bucyrus 2008 Bucyrus International. 2008. *Electric Mining Shovels:* 

The range. Bucyrus International.

http://www.bucyrus.com/media/23533/shovels%20tri fold%200105.pdf (Accessed December 18, 2009).

#### **Section III: Document Control Information**

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**Revision History:** 

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