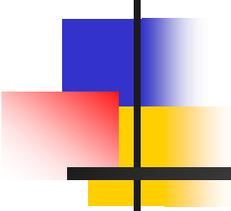


# Advanced Net-Shape & Net-Size Insulation for Solid Oxide Fuel Cells



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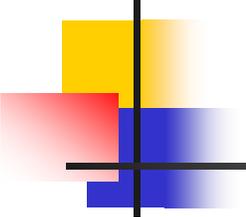
B. Nair, Akash, Q. Zhao, J. Persson, J. Nachlas,  
K. Cameron, M. Timper, & S. Elangovan  
Ceramatec, Inc.

*Jan 27-28, 2005*

**ceramatec**<sup>®</sup>

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ADVANCED MATERIALS & ELECTROCHEMICAL TECHNOLOGIES



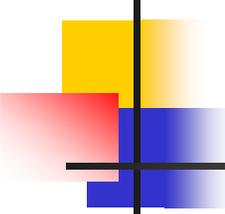
# Requirements for SOFC Insulation

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- High temperature thermo-chemical stability in air and fuel atmosphere (physical, chemical, microstructural)
- Very high heat transfer resistance
  - Low thermal conductivity
  - Low convective heat transfer through pores
  - Minimization of heat transfer through radiation
- Ability to fabricate in near-net shape
- Low cost

# Limitations of Commercial Insulation for SOFC Applications

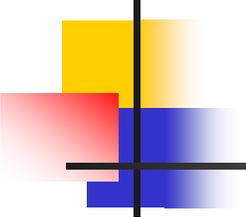
- Low cost insulation materials:
  - Contain silica
  - Evolve SiO on exposure to H<sub>2</sub>O at high temperatures
  - SiO degrades the electrodes and puts limitations on long-term SOFC performance.
- Conventional high-alumina (low-silica) insulation:
  - Requires very high-T sintering
  - Very high fabrication and machining costs



# CERCANAM® Materials

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- CERCANAM®: CERamatec CAstable NAno-Materials
  - Feasibility of microfabrication with very high dimensional tolerance.
  - Near net-shape, net-size processing with minimal post-machining.
  - Technologically simple, one-step processing even for complex geometries that would require multiple-step processing with other technologies/materials.
  - Significantly lower processing costs and production times for complex geometries.
  - Scalability to large volume production with very high component production rates.



## Benefits of CERCANAM® for SOFCs

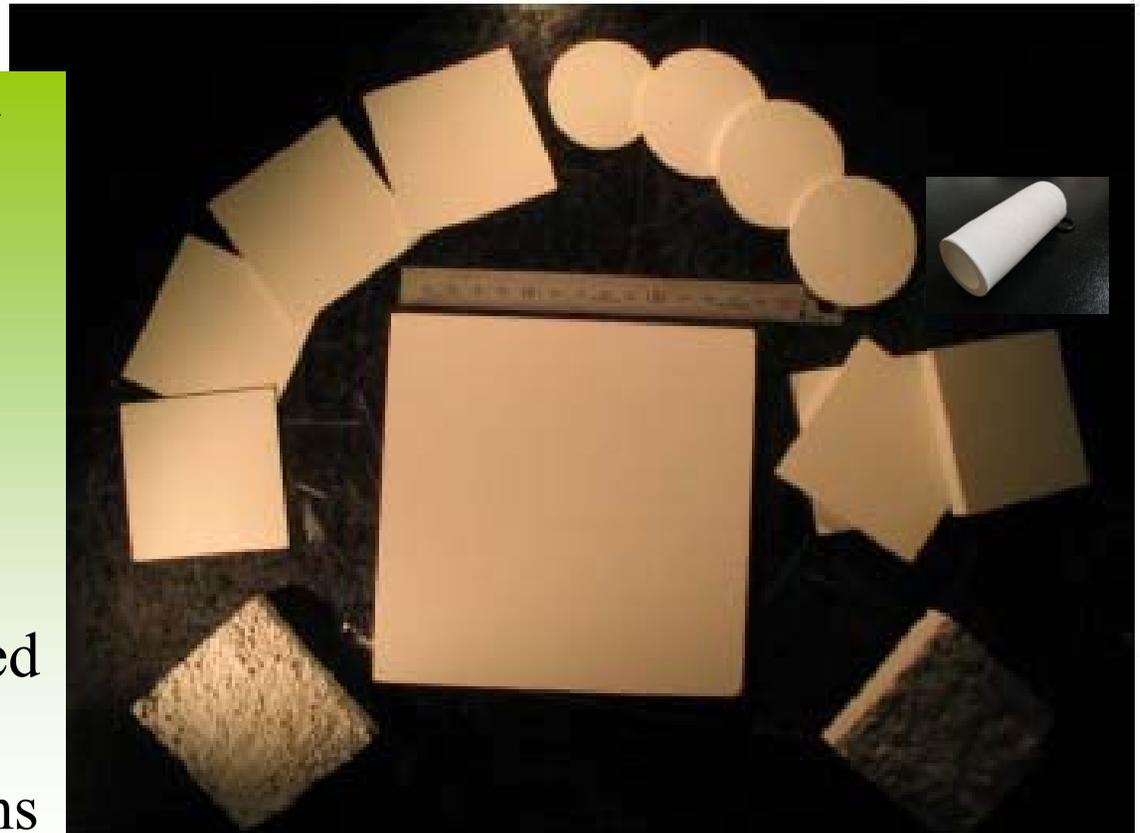
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- Ultra-low silica composition
- Low cost
- Excellent thermal cycling/thermal shock properties up to at least 1000°C.
- Thermochemical stability at least up to 1000°C.
- Microporous/nanoporous structure gives excellent heat transfer resistance without compromising thermal shock properties.
- Flexural strength can be as high as 50-70 MPa (Lower at higher porosity).

# Advantages of a Net-Size and Net-Shape Process

## Developed a proprietary processing route for CECANAM

- Reduced cost due to minimum post-machining
- Very simple process
- Easily scalable
- Density can be controlled by controlling processing conditions, & compositions

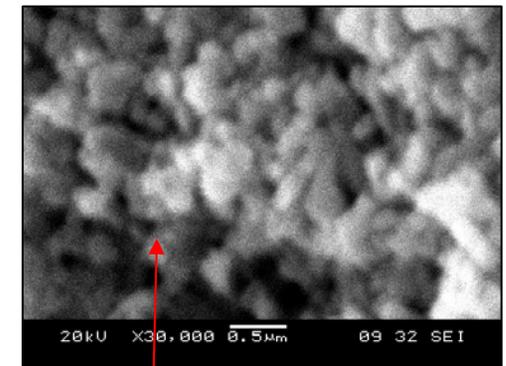
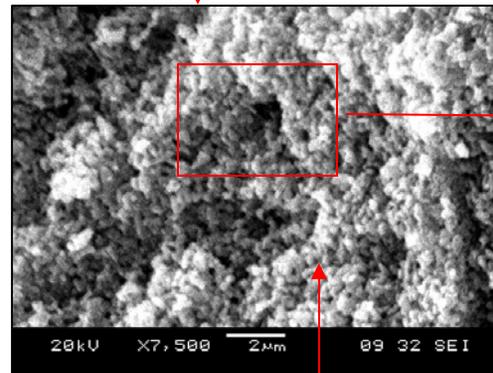


Green-to-fired shrinkage:  $\leq 0.5\%$   
Firing Temp: 800°C-1000°C

# CERCANAM® Materials Microstructure

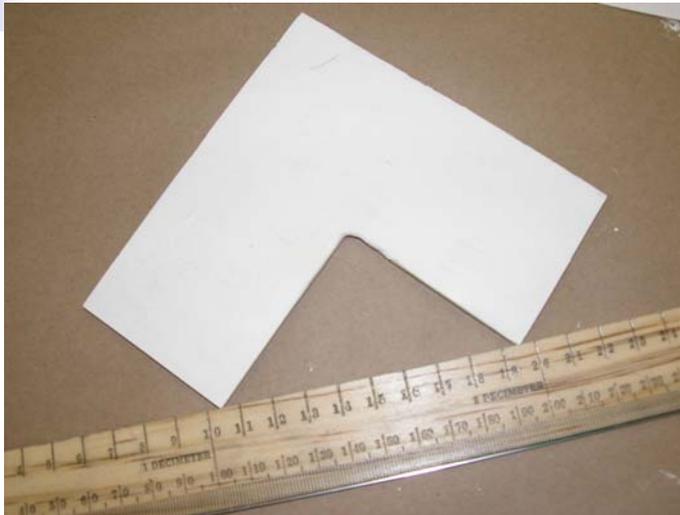


Bulk CERCANAM®  
specimen

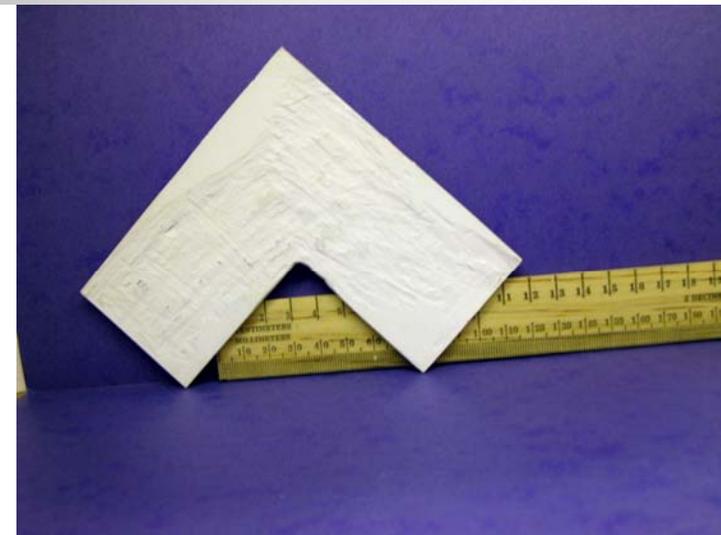


Net-worked sub-micron and nano-porosity in cast CERCANAM® which can result in over 100 m<sup>2</sup>/g component surface area

# Thermal Cycling/Thermal Shock Resistance of CERCANAM®



Before Thermal Tests

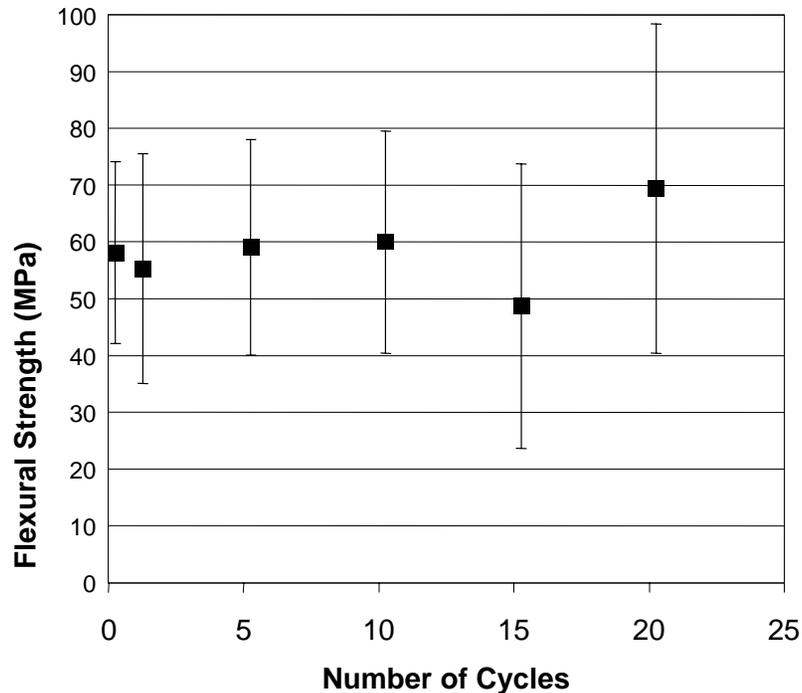


After Thermal Tests

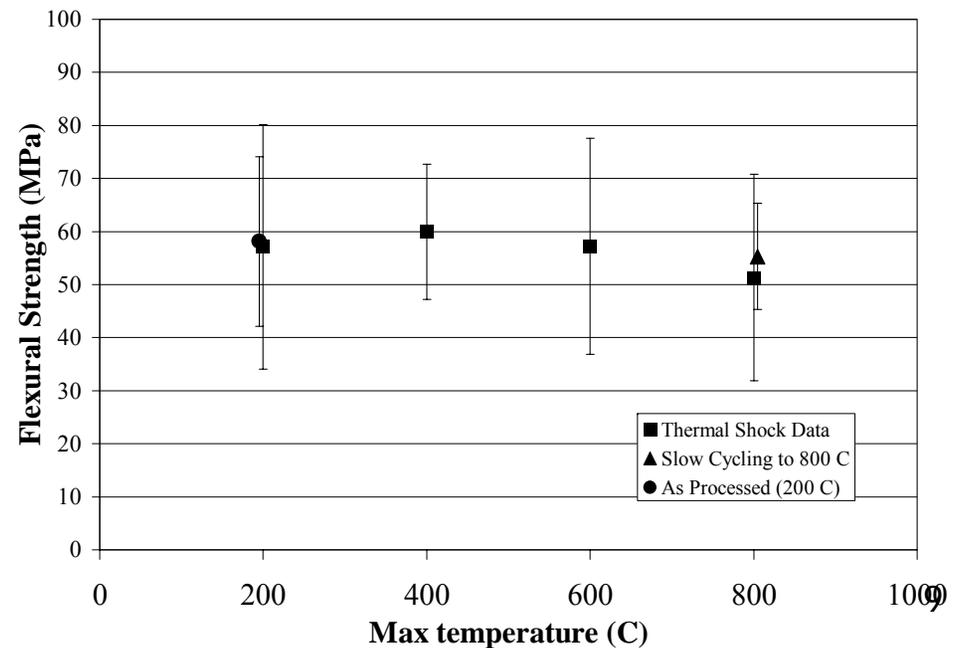
A 5" x 5" L-shaped CERCANAM sample before and after thermal cycling. No degradation was seen after 9 cycles. The same part, after 9 thermal cycles from room temperature to 850°C, was subjected to a thermal shock test (cooling from 850°C to room temperature at ~ 3600°C/hr). The part survived and was intact after the intensive test regimen.

# Thermal Cycling/Thermal Shock Resistance of CERCANAM®

## *Effect of Thermal Shock on Flexural Strength*

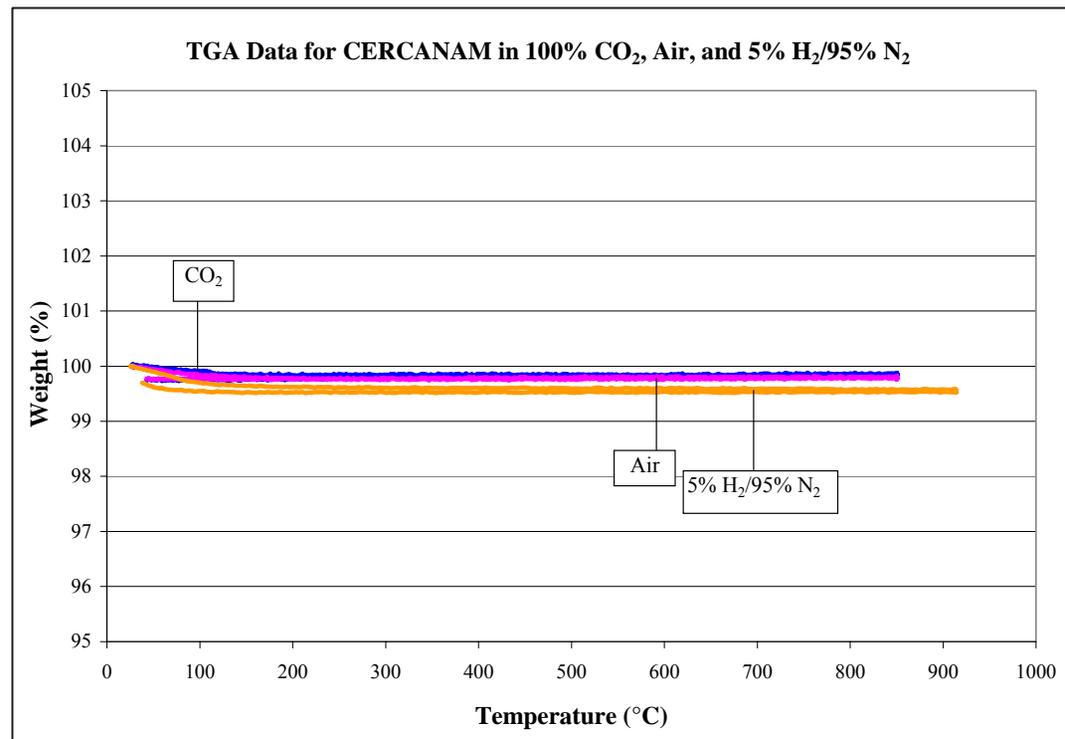


**Thermal Cycles:**  
2 C/min to 800 C  
1 h hold at 800 C  
4 h slow cool in furnace



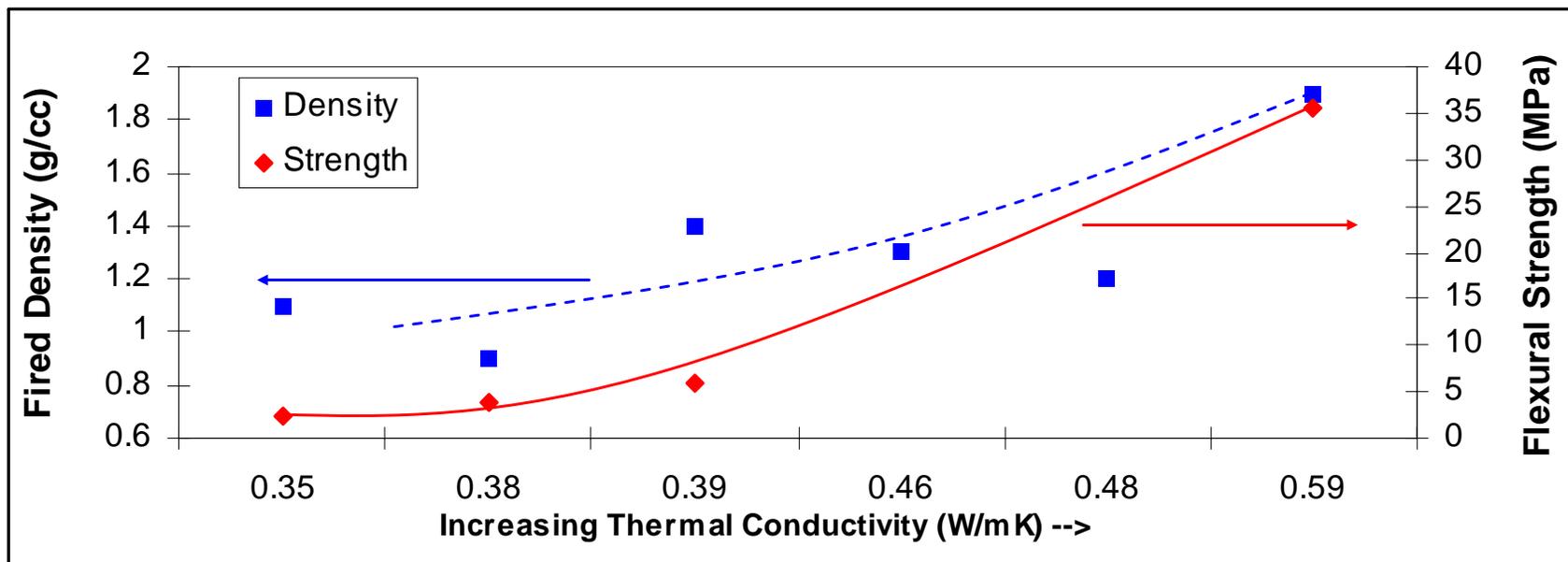
## CERCANAM®

## Thermochemical Stability



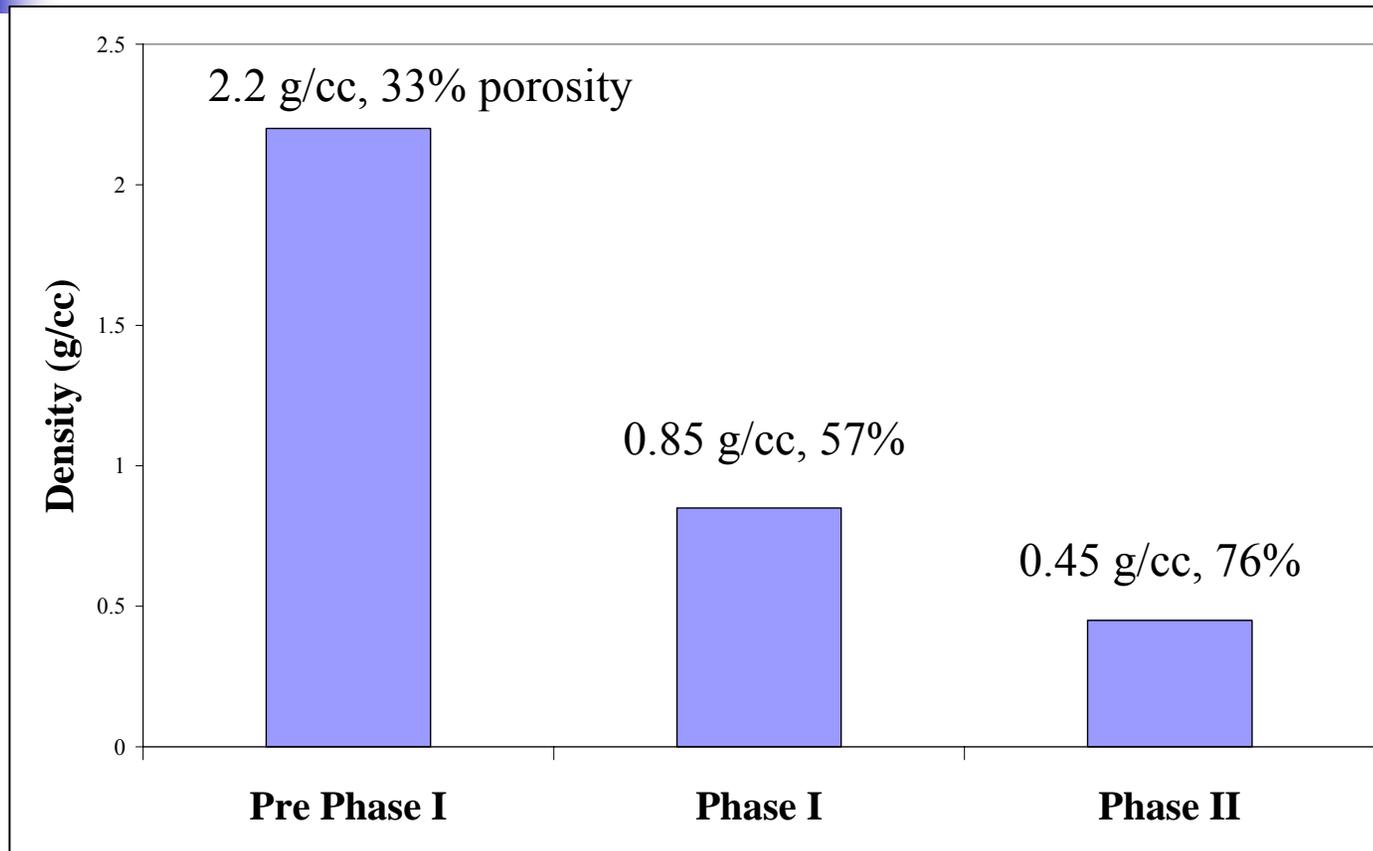
CERCANAM shows excellent thermal stability in air, CO<sub>2</sub> and H<sub>2</sub>. The initial weight loss is due to release of moisture, and is expected.

# Thermal Conductivity Vs Density/Strength



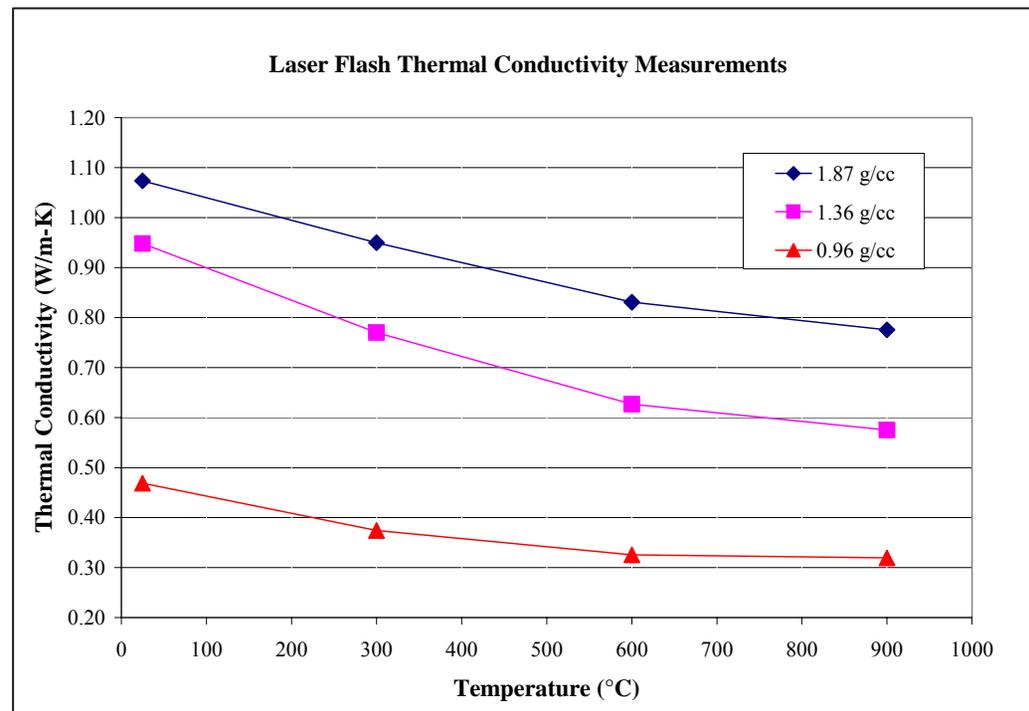
By tailoring the density (i.e. porosity) of CERCANAM, thermal conductivities lower than 0.4 W/mK can be easily attained which is in the desired target range for fuel cell insulation materials.

# Density Improvements: Lower TC



Lower density → lower thermal conductivity (results awaited)

# Laser Flash Conductivity Measurements

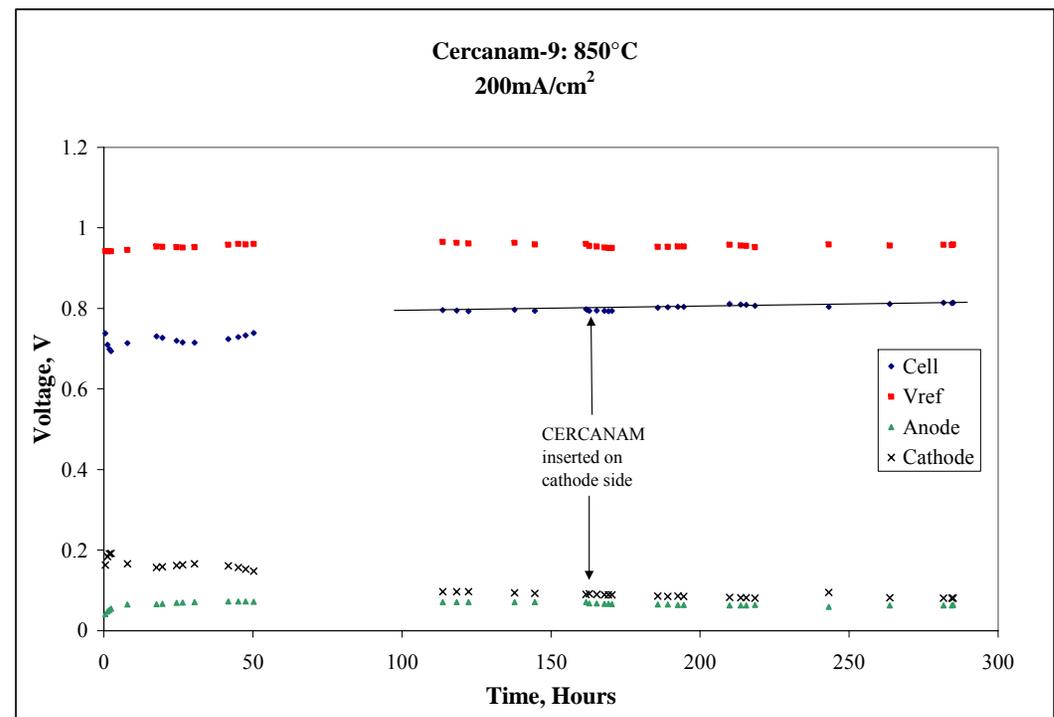


Laser flash measurements on CERCANAM compositions confirmed the numbers obtained using the modified guarded hot plate apparatus.

# Effect of CERCANAM on YSZ SOFC

## Cell Voltage vs. Time

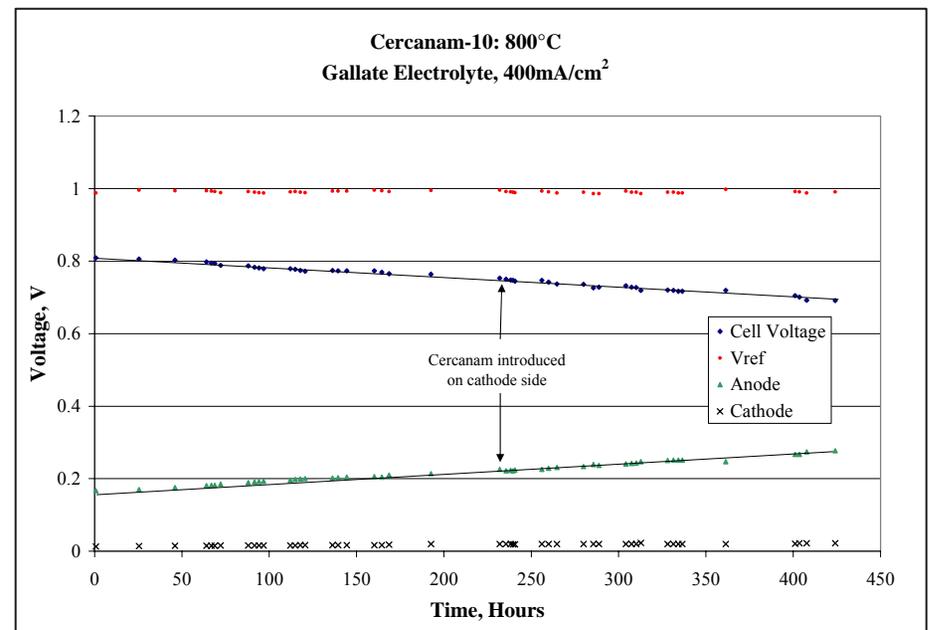
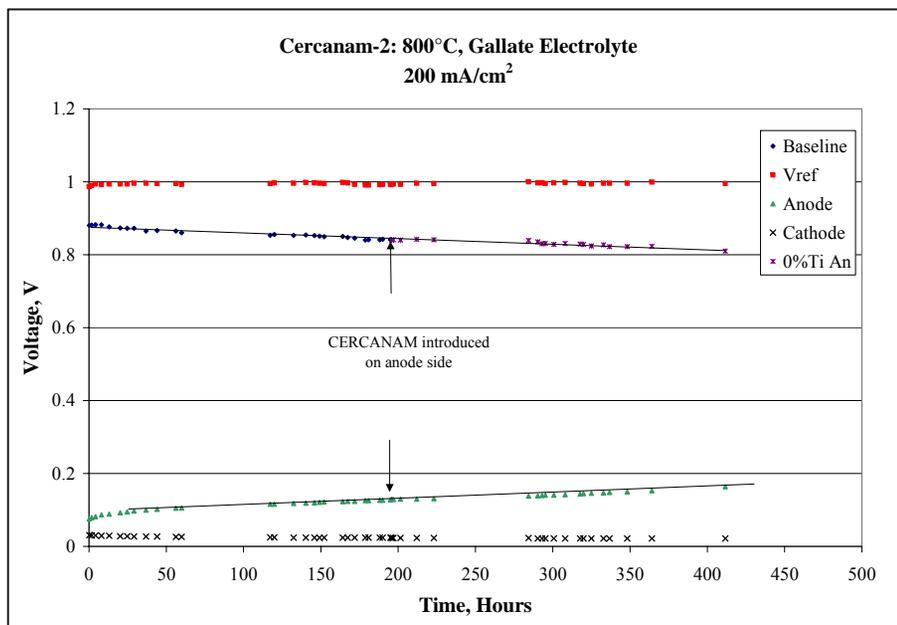
- Experiment designed to study if the presence of CERCANAM on the hot fuel side of an SOFC has any adverse effects on long-term steady-state cell performance.
- Over 120 hours of testing done (test still in progress).



No degradation in cell performance was observed with CERCANAM in the air+H<sub>2</sub>O stream.

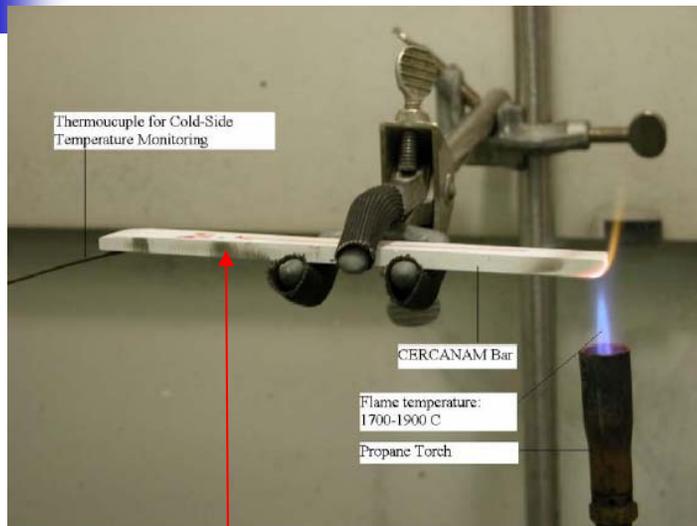
# Effect of CERCANAM on Gallate SOFC

## Cell Voltage vs. Time

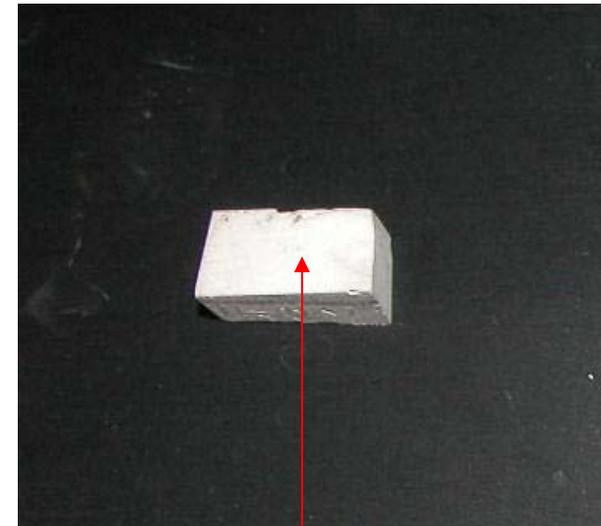


- No effect was observed when CERCANAM was introduced on the air or fuel side of gallate SOFCs.

# Thermal Resistance of CERCANAM



CERCANAM can survive severe thermal gradients as shown by this bar exposed to a propane torch ( $\sim 1800^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) on one side and room temperature on the other side, which did not fail or crack.



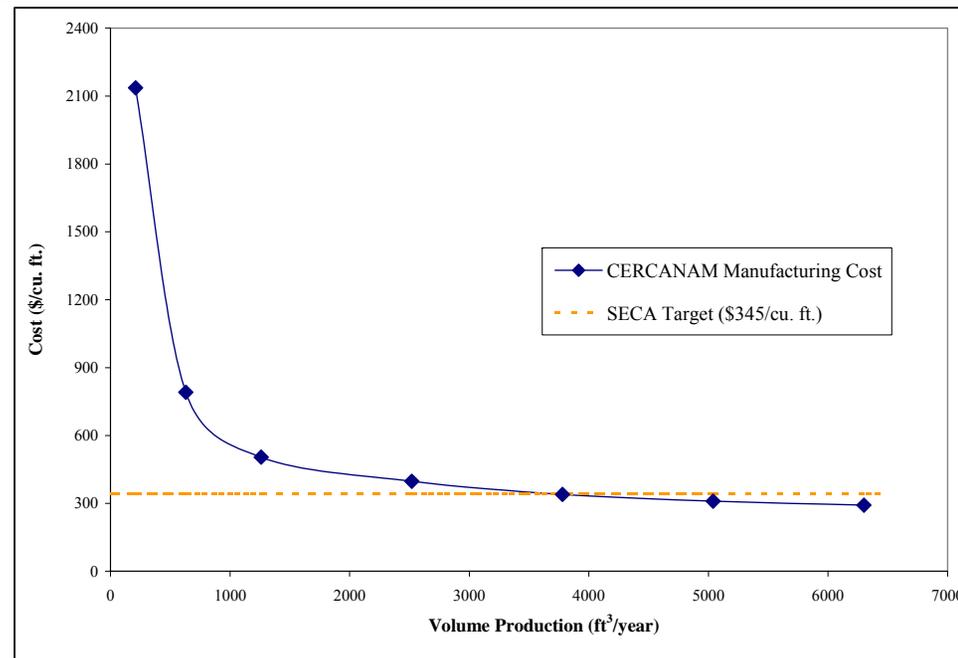
CERCANAM sample exposed to reformed natural gas at  $900^{\circ}\text{C}$  showing no coke deposition in the micropores (i.e. no color change).

# Production Cost Analysis

Production  
Cost

Vs

Production  
Volume

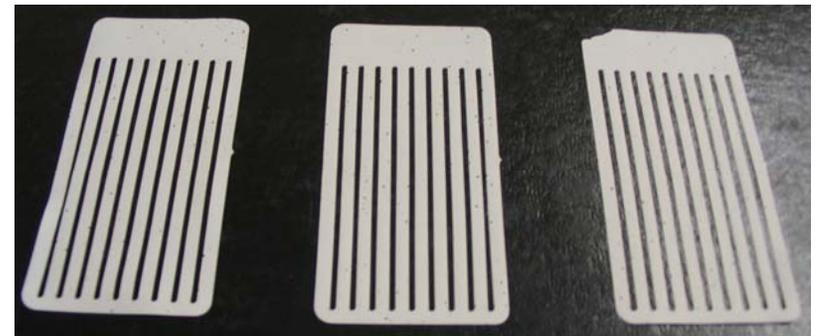


- Raw materials cost at high volume production is \$100-125/cubic ft.
- Results indicate that SECA cost targets (\$345/cubic ft) can be met at production levels above 3800 ft³/year.

# Process Flexibility Enables Large Volume Production

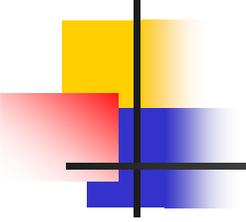


Complex shape parts can be easily fabricated by a proprietary net size processing technique



- Large volume production can be easily achieved using simple processes like continuous thick-tape casting with laminated structures to get desired thickness

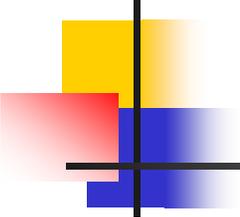
- Channels and micro-features can be inbuilt into the structure (for use as manifolds for cooling or gas flow)



# Acknowledgement

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## Contact Information

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